

Installation and operation of the left-alignable AXC F XT SPLC 3000 safety-related controller

UM EN AXC F XT SPLC 3000



User manual Installation and operation of the left-alignable AXC F XT SPLC 3000 safety-related controller

UM EN AXC F XT SPLC 3000, Revision 01		2024-02-20
This manual is valid for:		
Designation	Revision	Item No.

Prior to starting up the device, observe the following:

AXC F XT SPLC 3000

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Ensure that you operate the device with the latest firmware version.
 If a firmware update is necessary, please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact representative. The firmware may only be updated by trained personnel.

≥ 04/02.10.0000

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• Ensure that the left-alignable safety-related controller is only aligned next to a PLCnext Control device which has a firmware version that is permissible for this.

PLCnext Control devices of the type AXC F ... with the following firmware versions are permitted:

HW/FW

- AXC F 2152 with firmware version ≥ 2023.6
- AXC F 3152 with firmware version ≥ 2023.0 LTS

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1 For your safety

Read this manual carefully and keep it for future reference.

1.1 Identification of warning notes



This symbol indicates hazards that could lead to personal injury.

There are three signal words indicating the severity of a potential injury.

DANGER

Indicates a hazard with a high risk level. If this hazardous situation is not avoided, it will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

Indicates a hazard with a medium risk level. If this hazardous situation is not avoided, it could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

Indicates a hazard with a low risk level. If this hazardous situation is not avoided, it could result in minor or moderate injury.



This symbol together with the **NOTE** signal word warns the reader of actions that might cause property damage or a malfunction.



Here you will find additional information or detailed sources of information.

1.2 Qualification of users

The use of products described in this manual is oriented exclusively to:

- Electrically skilled persons or persons instructed by them. The users must be familiar with the relevant safety concepts of automation technology as well as applicable standards and other regulations.
- Qualified application programmers and software engineers. The users must be familiar with the relevant safety concepts of automation technology as well as applicable standards and other regulations.

This manual is addressed to persons who are familiar with the relevant safety concepts for handling electrical machines. The persons must be able to recognize dangers.

1.3 Information about this user manual

1.3.1 Purpose of this manual

The information in this document describes how the AXC F XT SPLC 3000 works, its control elements, and its connection elements. The AXC F XT SPLC 3000 is a safety-related controller that, as the "PLCnext Control Extension" extension module, can be aligned to the left of an AXC F 2152 or AXC F 3152.

It also describes how the AXC F XT SPLC 3000 is integrated into the software tools listed in Section "System requirements (hardware and software)" on page 20.

This information will enable you to use the device in accordance with your requirements.

1.3.2 Validity of the user manual

This user manual is only valid for the left-alignable safety-related AXC F XT SPLC 3000 controller in the versions listed on the inner cover page.

The AXC F XT SPLC 3000 will also be referred to in the following by its short form, "SPLC 3000".

This user manual is only valid in association with the user manuals listed in Sections 1.11 on page 18 and 13.1.6 on page 173.

1.4 Information on Open source software licenses and requesting source code

You can view the Open source software license information in the Web-based management of the PLCnext Control device used.

Information on the following subjects is available in the UM EN AXL F X152 user man-



- Licensing information on Open source software
- Requesting the source code
- Web-based management of the PLCnext Control device used

WARNING: Depending on the application, incorrect handling of the SPLC 3000 can pose serious danger for the user

When working with the SPLC 3000, observe all the safety notes included in this section.

Requirements

Knowledge of the following is required:

- The non-safety-related target system PROFINET
- The PROFIsafe system
- The components used in your application (e.g., from the Axioline F product group)
- Operation of the software tools specified under the software requirements (see Section "System requirements (hardware and software)" on page 20)
- Safety regulations in the field of application

Qualified personnel

In the context of the use of the PROFIsafe system, the following operations may only be carried out by qualified personnel:

Planning

- Configuration, parameterization, programming
- Installation, commissioning, servicing
- Maintenance, decommissioning

This user manual is therefore aimed at:

- Qualified personnel who plan and design safety equipment for machines and systems and are familiar with regulations governing occupational safety and accident prevention.
- Qualified personnel who install and operate safety equipment in machines and systems.

In terms of the safety notes in this user manual, qualified personnel are persons who, because of their education, experience and instruction, and their knowledge of relevant standards, regulations, accident prevention, and service conditions, have been authorized to carry out any required operations, and who are able to recognize and avoid any possible dangers.

- **Documentation** You must observe all information and especially all safety notes in this user manual as well as in the documents listed in Section "Documentation" on page 18.
- Safety of personnel and
equipmentThe safety of personnel and equipment can only be assured if the SPLC 3000 is used cor-
rectly (see Section "Intended use" on page 13).

Error detection Depending on the wiring and the parameterization of the safe input/output devices, the PROFIsafe system can detect various errors within the safety equipment.

Observe the startup be- havior	 The PROFIsafe system and the SPLC 3000 as the central component automatically initiate startup/restart of the safety function, e.g., after power-up. To prevent automatic startup/restart, the user must program a startup/restart protection function in the safety program using the programming software for PROFIsafe PLCnext Engineer.
	 After switching on the supply voltage or a software reset, the SPLC 3000 starts immediately if: An SD card with a valid project is inserted in the PLCnext Control and The PLCnext Control mode selector switch is set to RUN.
	Information on the PLCnext Control mode selector switch is available in the UM EN AXL F X152 user manual.
	By selecting one of the options "Write and Start Project" or "Write and Start Project Changes", the safety function becomes active immediately after downloading the PLCnext Engineer project and following the startup phase of the SPLC 3000 and the PLCnext Control device. The outputs of the F-Devices and the non-safety-relevant PROFINET devices can be set in accordance with the programming.
	Note for starting applications
	 Observe the "Safety notes for starting applications" on page 60 Also observe these notes to prevent unexpected machine startup after acknowledgment using "Operator Acknowledgement".
Measures to prevent mis- matching and polarity re-	• Take measures to prevent mismatching, polarity reversal, and manipulation of connections.
versal	• Observe the country-specific installation, safety, and accident prevention regulations.

Field of application of the product 1.6

1.6.1 Intended use

tem.

This information will enable you to use the AXC F XT SPLC 3000 (SPLC 3000 for short) in accordance with your requirements in a PROFIsafe system.

- The device is a safety-related controller which supports the PROFIsafe protocol.
- The device enables the implementation of functional safety applications. The safety function of the SPLC 3000 is only available when used in a PROFIsafe sys-
- The device can be used as an F-Host and/or as an F-Device in a PROFIsafe system. With the integrated F-Device instance, the device can be operated subordinately at a higher-level F-Host and, simultaneously, it can be operated as an F-Host for lower-level F-Devices.
- In an Axioline F station, the device is aligned to the left of a PLCnext Control AXC F 2152 or AXC F 3152.
- In addition to the SPLC 3000, a complete PROFIsafe system also includes F-Devices and the PLCnext Engineer software, as well as a higher-level F-Host if you are operating the SPLC 3000 itself as an F-Device.
- The SPLC 3000 can only perform its safety-related tasks in a PROFIsafe system if the device has been integrated into the execution process correctly and in such a way as to avoid errors.
- In a PROFIsafe system, the SPLC 3000 can be used to implement safety functions with the following requirements depending on the operating conditions:
 - Up to SIL 3 in accordance with standard IEC 61508
 - _ Up to SIL CL 3 in accordance with standard EN 62061
 - Up to PL e/Cat. 4 in accordance with standard EN ISO 13849-1
- Use the PLCnext Engineer software to implement safety-related programming in your application.
- Observe all information in this user manual as well as in the documents listed in "Documentation" on page 18.
- Only use the device in compliance with the technical data and ambient conditions stated in Section 13, "Technical data and ordering data" starting on page 171.

Degree of protection

Degree of protection of the device: IP20



NOTE: Property damage due to incorrect use

- The IP20 degree of protection (IEC 60529/EN 60529) of the device is intended for use in a clean and dry environment.
 - · Do not subject the device to mechanical and/or thermal stress that exceeds the specified limits.
 - To ensure correct operation, the SPLC 3000 must be installed in a lockable housing or a lockable control cabinet with a minimum degree of protection of IP54.
- Assembling guidelines During installation of the device, observe the notes in Section 4 "Mounting the hardware" and 5 "Connecting and wiring the hardware".

1.6.2 Foreseeable misuse

WARNING: Serious risks due to improper use

There is a serious risk to the user and/or equipment if the SPLC 3000 is used inappropriately or not in accordance with the intended use or has been tampered with.

1.6.3 **Product changes**

Modifications to the device hardware are not permitted.

Incorrect operation or modifications to the device can endanger your safety or damage the device. Do not repair the device yourself. If the device is defective, please contact Phoenix Contact.

1.6.4 Note on security

NOTE: Unauthorized deletion/replacement of the safety-related project possible

 Only provide the roles for user authentication – "Admin", "Commissioner", and "Engineer" - to those users who are authorized to program the safety-related controller. Otherwise, unauthorized replacement or deletion of the safety-related project by the user cannot be ruled out.

You can set the user roles in the Web-based management of the PLCnext Control device used. A general description of the Web-based management can be found in the PLCnext Info Center.

It is imperative that you install the AXC F XT SPLC 3000 in a lockable housing or a lockable control cabinet.

The device housing is not protected against tampering, and access to the device cannot be validated.

It is possible to access the SD card, meaning that data can be read and tampered with.

We recommend securing the slot for the configuration memory (SD card) on the PLCnext Control device used against tampering using a seal.



NOTE:

For notes and restrictions on the use of the AXC F XT SPLC 3000 in combination with the security profile, please refer to the PLCnext Security Info Center.

· To display the corresponding information in the Contents area on the left, select the corresponding PLCnext Control device (here: SPLC 3000) by clicking on it.

1.7 Safety notes

• Observe the country-specific installation, safety, and accident prevention regulations.

NOTE: Property damage due to incorrect use

The IP20 degree of protection (IEC 60529/EN 60529) requires that the device be used in a clean and dry environment. Using the device in an environment that is outside of the specified limits may cause damage to the device.

• Do not subject the device to mechanical and/or thermal stress that exceeds the specified limits.

NOTE: Electrostatic discharge

The device contains components that can be damaged or destroyed by electrostatic discharge. When working with or on the device, observe the necessary safety precautions against electrostatic discharge (ESD) in accordance with EN 61340-5-1 and IEC 61340-5-1



NOTE: Device failure due to foreign objects in device

- Foreign objects in the device can lead to malfunctions or even device failure.
- Ensure that no foreign objects find their way into the device (e.g., into the vents).



NOTE: Device failure if operated outside the permitted ambient temperature range

Operating the device in ambient temperatures that are not within the permitted range may lead to malfunctions or even device failures.

• Ensure that the device is operated within the permitted ambient temperature range, see Section 13.2.



NOTE: Device failure due to vibrations and shock levels above the permitted specifications during operation

If the device is subjected to vibrations and shock levels above the permitted specifications during operation, this may lead to malfunctions or even device failures.

• Ensure that the permitted specifications for vibrations and shocks are adhered to when operating the device, see Section 13.2.



NOTE: Device defect due to polarity reversal

Polarity reversal puts a strain on the electronics and can damage the device.

• To protect the device, avoid reversing the poles of the 24 V supply.

1.8 Electrical safety

	 WARNING: Hazardous shock currents and the loss of functional safety Disregarding instructions for electrical safety may result in hazardous shock currents and the loss of functional safety. In order to ensure electrical safety, please observe the following points.
Direct/indirect contact	 Protection against direct and indirect contact according to VDE 0100 Part 410 (IEC 60364-4-41) must be ensured for all components connected to the system. In the event of an error, parasitic voltages must not occur (single-fault tolerance). This also applies to devices and components with dangerous contact voltages that are per- manently connected to the network and/or diagnostic interfaces of the devices used.
	This requirement can be met by:
	 Using power supplies with safe isolation (PELV)
	 Decoupling circuits that are not PELV systems using optocouplers, relays, and other components that meet the requirements of safe isolation.
Safe isolation	• Only use devices with safe isolation if dangerous contact voltages can occur at their connections during normal operation or as a result of an insulation error.
Power supply	WARNING: Loss of electrical safety and the safety function when using unsuit- able power supplies
	The SPLC 3000 is designed exclusively for protective extra-low voltage (PELV) oper- ation in accordance with EN 60204-1.
	 Only protective extra-low voltage in accordance with the defined standard may be used for supply purposes.
	The following applies to the network (PROFINET and Axioline F) and the I/O devices used in it:
	 Only use power supplies that satisfy the requirements of EN 61204 and feature safe isolation with PELV in accordance with IEC 61010-2-201 (PELV). They pre- vent short circuits between the primary and secondary side.
Insulation rating	• When selecting the equipment, please take into consideration the dirt and surge volt- ages that may occur during operation.
	The SPLC 3000 is designed for overvoltage category III (in accordance with DIN EN 60664- 1). If you expect surge voltages in the system, which exceed the values defined in overvolt- age category III, take into consideration additional measures for voltage limitation.
DC distribution network	DC distribution network according to IEC 61326-3-1: A DC distribution network is a DC power supply network that supplies a complete industrial hall with DC voltage and to which any device can be connected. A typical system or ma- chine distribution is not a DC distribution network. For devices that are provided for a typical system or machine distribution, the DC connections are viewed and tested as I/O signals according to IEC 61326-3-1.
	 When using an SPLC 3000 in a DC distribution network, install appropriate surge pro- tection (e.g., PT 2+1-S-48DC/FM, item no. 2817958) directly upstream of the device.
Installation and configura- tion	• Please observe the instructions for installing and configuring the PROFIsafe system (see Section "Documentation" on page 18).

	 WARNING: Incorrect installation and upgrades can pose serious risks As the user you are obliged to design the devices used and their installation in the system in accordance with these requirements. Also check existing plants and systems retrofitted with PROFIsafe again in this respect.
	1.9 Safety of the machine or system
	The manufacturers and operators of machines and systems in which the AXC F XT SPLC 3000 device is used are responsible for adhering to all applicable stan- dards, directives, and legislation.
Draw up and implement a safety concept	In order to use the device described in this document, you must have drawn up an appro- priate safety concept for your machine or system. This includes a hazard and risk analysis in accordance with the directives and standards specified in Section "Standards and direc- tives" on page 18, for example, as well as a test report (checklist) for validating the safety function (see Section "Appendix: Checklists" on page 181).
	The target safety integrity level (SIL in accordance with IEC 61508, SIL CL in accordance with EN 62061 or performance level (and category) in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1) is ascertained on the basis of the risk analysis. The required safety integrity level ascertained in this way determines how to use and parameterize the safety-related SPLC 3000 control-ler within the overall safety function.
Check the hardware and parameterization	 Carry out a validation every time you make a safety-related modification to your overall system. Use your test report to ensure that:
	 The safe PROFIsafe devices (F-Devices) are connected to the correct safe sensors and actuators. The safe input and output devices have been parameterized correctly. The variables have been linked to the safe sensors and actuators correctly (single-channel or two-channel).

1.10 Standards and directives

- Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC
- EMC Directive 2014/30/EU
- Directive 2011/65/EU, Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances
- PROFINET Assembling Guideline
- PROFIsafe Policy, Guideline for PROFIBUS and PROFINET
- PROFIsafe System Description, Technology and Application
- PROFIsafe Environment Guideline for PROFINET and PROFIBUS
- PROFIsafe Profile for Safety Technology on PROFIBUS and PROFINET
- PROFIsafe Test Specification, Test Specification for PROFIBUS and PROFINET
- Functional Bonding and Shielding of PROFIBUS and PROFINET, Guideline for PROFIBUS and PROFINET
 - Use current versions of the PROFINET and PROFIsafe documents
- For information on the latest versions of PROFINET and PROFIsafe documents, refer to Section "Documentation" on page 173.

The standards to which the device conforms are listed in the certificate issued by the approval body or in the EC declaration of conformity (see <u>phoenixcontact.net/products</u>).

1.11 Documentation

The symbol informs you that you have to observe the instructions. Only install and operate the device once you have familiarized yourself with its properties by means of the user documentation.



i

Use the latest documentation

Make sure you always use the latest documentation. You can find changes or supplements to this documentation on the Internet at <u>phoenixcontact.net/products</u>.

- When working on the PROFIsafe system and/or PROFINET and its components, you
 must always keep this user manual and other items of product documentation to hand
 and observe the information therein.
- Observe all documents consistently.

	Document	Description		
PROFIsafe	 PROFIsafe System Description PROFIsafe Policy, Guideline for PROFIBUS and PROFINET PROFIsafe Environment, Guideline for PROFINET and PROFIBUS 	 For more detailed information on these documents, please refer to Section "Documentation" on page 173. Also observe the relevant information for PROFINET and PROFIsafe, which is available on the Internet at www.profibus.com. 		
	 User manuals for the PROFIsafe I/O mod- ules used in your application 	For example, Axioline F, Axioline Smart Elements.		
PROFINET	 PROFINET Assembling Guideline Guideline for PROFIBUS and PROFINET "Functional Bonding and Shielding of PROFIBUS and PROFINET" 	For more detailed information on these documents, please refer to Section "Documentation" on page 173.		
	- UM EN PROFINET SYS	PROFINET basic principles		
	- UM EN PROFINET CTRL DEV	PROFINET controller/device functions		
Software	- Online help for the PLCnext Engineer software			
PLCnext Technology	- PLCnext Info Center	Comprehensive documentation for PLCnext Technology		
	 plcnext-community.net 	Information on troubleshooting and answers to frequently asked questions (FAQs) in the PLCnext Community		
Security	- PLCnext Security Info Center	Comprehensive documentation for security in the context of PLCnext Technology		
Axioline F	- UM EN AXL F SYS INST	User manual Axioline F: system and installation		
	– UM EN AXL F X152	User manual Installing, commissioning, and operating the AXC F 1152, AXC F 2152, and AXC F 3152 controllers		
	- UM EN AXL SE SYS INST	User manual Axioline Smart Elements		

1.12 System requirements (hardware and software)

To commission the SPLC 3000 in accordance with the examples in this user manual, you require an active connection from the PLCnext Control device used and that the SPLC 3000 is left-aligned to a lower-level PROFINET system (see Section 6.4).

In order to follow the examples illustrated in this user manual, corresponding PROFINET devices, Axioline F I/O modules, and Axioline Smart Elements are required.

The following table provides an overview of the required hardware and software.

Install the PLCnext Engineer software listed in the table on your PC.
 For trouble-free operation, follow the instructions in the software documentation.



Please note:

The PLCnext Engineer engineering software platform for Phoenix Contact automation controllers is compliant with IEC 61131-3. Its functionality can be extended with add-ins.

- Use PLCnext Engineer as an editor for programming safety-related user applications.
- Use PLCnext Engineer to configure and commission F-Devices used with the AXC F XT SPLC 3000.

PLCnext Engineer is certified by TÜV-Rheinland.

Hardware/software	e Description			
Left-alignable safety-related controller	AXC F XT SPLC 3000			
PLCnext Control	AXC F 2152 or AXC F 3152			
SD card	External flash memory			
 Please note: Operation of the SPLC 30 AXC F 3152 is only permi inserted. The SD card is not suppli- 3000. 	For ordering data, see Section 13.1 on page 171.			
Power supply for the SPLC 3000				
PLCnext Engineer including add- in for functional safety applica- tions (Add-in Functional Safety Editor)	2023.0.3 LTS or ≥ 2023.6			

1.13 Abbreviations used

Abbreviation	Meaning	Standard	Example
SIL	Safety Integrity Level	EN 61508, IEC 61508	SIL 2, SIL 3
SIL CL	SIL Claim Limit	EN 62061	SIL CL 3
Cat.	Category	EN ISO 13849	Cat. 2, Cat. 4
PL	Performance level	EN ISO 13849	PL e, PL d

Abbreviation	Meaning
SPLC 3000	Left-alignable safety-related controller of performance class 3000
	In this document, the AXC F XT SPLC 3000 is also referred to as a safety-related controller.
PLCnext Control	Controller with PLCnext Technology with which, thanks to the open control platform, automation projects can be realized without the re- strictions of proprietary systems. Programming languages and devel- opment tools are freely selectable here.
	The SPLC 3000 can only be operated with a controller of the product family PLCnext Control AXC F 2152 or AXC F 3152. Therefore, these devices are referred to when the term "PLCnext Control" is used in this manual.
PELV	Protective extra-low voltage
	Circuit in which, under normal conditions or under the conditions of a single error, the voltage of 30 V AC, 42.4 V peak value, or 60 V DC is not exceeded, except by grounding errors in other circuits.
	A PELV circuit is like an SELV circuit, but is connected to protective ground.
	(In accordance with to EN 61131-2)
F_Source_Add	F-Source Address (F-Parameter)
	PROFIsafe source address:
	 Address of the SPLC 3000 in its function as the F-Host.
	 Address of one of the F-Hosts that are higher-level to the SPLC 3000 (F-Device).
F_Dest_Add	F-Destination Address (F-Parameter)
	PROFIsafe destination address:
	 Address of the SPLC 3000 in its function as the F-Device.
	 Address of F-Devices in the application.



For terms and abbreviations used for PROFIsafe, please refer to "Appendix: Terms for PROFIsafe" on page 179.

1.14 Safety hotline

- If you have any technical questions, please contact the Safety Hotline:
- Phone: +49 5281 946 2777
- E-mail: safety-service@phoenixcontact.com

2 Transport, storage, and unpacking

2.1 Transport

The device is delivered in cardboard packaging.

- Only transport the device to its destination in its original packaging.
- Observe the instructions on how to handle the package, as well as the moisture, shock, tilt, and temperature indicators on the packaging.
- Observe the humidity specifications and the temperature range specified for transport (see Section "Technical data" on page 175).
- Protect the surfaces as necessary to prevent damage.
- When transporting the equipment or storing it temporarily, make sure that the surfaces are protected from the elements and any external influences, and that they are kept clean and dry.

2.2 Storage

The storage location must meet the following requirements:

- Dry
- Protected from unauthorized access
- Protected from harmful environmental influences such as UV light
- Temperature range: -40°C ... +85°C
- Air pressure: 58 kPa ... 106 kPa (up to 4500 m above mean sea level)
- Permissible air humidity: 5% to 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2)

2.3 Unpacking

The device is delivered in packaging together with a packing slip that provides installation instructions.

• Read the complete packing slip carefully before unpacking the device.

NOTE: Electrostatic discharge

The device contains components that can be damaged or destroyed by electrostatic discharge. When working with or on the device, observe the necessary safety precautions against electrostatic discharge (ESD) in accordance with EN 61340-5-1 and IEC 61340-5-1



NOTE: Property damage due to noncompliance with ESD notes

If the ESD notes are not observed during unpacking and packing, the device may become damaged.

· Observe the ESD notes during unpacking and packing.

Checking the delivery	 Check the delivery for transport damage. Damaged packaging is an indicator of potential damage to the device that may have occurred during transport. This could result in a malfunction. Submit claims for any transport damage immediately, and inform Phoenix Contact or your supplier as well as the shipping company without delay.
	 Enclose photos that clearly document the damage to the packaging and/or delivery to-gether with your claim. Immediately after delivery, refer to the delivery note to ensure that the delivery is complete.
Scope of supply	 Safety-related AXC F XT SPLC 3000 controller AXC BS E XT bus base module

- AXL CN S/UL supply connector (item no. 2701421)

3 Description of the AXC F XT SPLC 3000

	3.1 General description of the SPLC 3000
	The SPLC 3000 is a safety-related controller. It is a "PLCnext Control Extension" extension module which can be aligned to the left of a PLCnext Control AXC F 2152 or AXC F 3152.
	The SPLC 3000 supports the PROFIsafe protocol. The SPLC 3000 can be used as an F-Host and F-Device at the same time in a PROFIsafe system. As an F-Host, the SPLC 3000 communicates directly with F-Devices within the Axioline F station modules that are aligned to the right of the PLCnext Control device.
	The safety-related I/O level in an Ethernet network is connected via PROFIsafe/PROFINET to the SPLC 3000 via the PLCnext Control device used.
Programming	You can configure and program the SPLC 3000 using the PLCnext Engineer automation software. PLCnext Engineer is connected to the SPLC 3000 via the PLCnext Control device used.
	Password and user name for user authentication
	You must authenticate yourself as a user in PLCnext Engineer using a user name and password in order to transfer the safety-related project online from the software to the SPLC 3000.
	• In this respect, observe the information in Section "Note on security" on page 14. Information on user authentication for the PLCnext Control device used is available in the UM EN AXC F X152 user manual.
Web-based management	The SPLC 3000 itself does not have an integrated Web-based management interface.
WBM	Information on the WBM system of the PLCnext Control used is available in the UM EN AXC F X152 user manual (see Section "Documentation" on page 173)
SD card	Operation of the SPLC 3000 on an AXC F 2152 or AXC F 3152 is only permitted when the SD card is inserted.
	As part of the PLCnext Engineer project, the safety-related programs and configurations are saved on the SD card plugged into the PLCnext Control.
	Please note that, when replacing the PLCnext Control device with an identical device with the suitable firmware, you can reuse the previously used SD card in the replacement device. This means that the application of the previously used safety-related and non-safety-related project is available again after plugging the SD card into the PLCnext Control.
	 NOTE: Failure state possible when removing the SD card Please note that the SD card may not be removed during operation. If the SD card is removed during operation, the SPLC 3000 switches to the safe state (failure state). Always disconnect the power supply to the SPLC 3000 and to the PLCnext Control device before removing the SD card. Further information on the plug-in SD card is available in the user manual for the PLCnext Control device used: UM EN AXC F X152 (see Section "Documentation" on
	page 173).

Diagnostic and status in- dicators (LEDs)	Diagnostic and status information is displayed directly on the SPLC 3000 via LEDs (see Table 3-1 on page 51):						
	– FS:	Failure State: Safe state of the SPLC 3000.					

- RUN: Operating state of the SPLC 3000.
- P: The state of the safety-related communication relationship between the SPLC 3000 (F-Device) and a higher-level safety-related controller (F-Host).
- C: State of the safety-related communication relationship between the SPLC 3000 (F-Host) and configured lower-level F-Devices.

The presence of the supply voltage (communications voltage U_L) is displayed via the respective LED on the supply connector.

3.2 Description of the safety-related functioning of the SPLC 3000

The SPLC 3000 is a powerful two-channel safety-related controller for PROFIsafe. The PROFIsafe security protocol is transmitted via the PLCnext Control device used and via the PROFINET network. The safety function is programmed in the PLCnext Engineer software.

As an F-Host, the SPLC 3000 monitors and controls the safety function in a PROFIsafe system. Its function is to decide whether or not a safe output may be set, for example.

For further information on the behavior of the SPLC 3000 as the F-Host, refer to Section "Behavior of the SPLC 3000 as the F-Host in PROFIsafe" on page 28.

The SPLC 3000 can also be operated as a lower-level F-Device on a safety-related controller (F-Host).



For further information on the behavior of the SPLC 3000 as an F-Device, refer to Section "Behavior of the SPLC 3000 as the F-Device in PROFIsafe" on page 30.

Request for a programmed safety function

Behavior in the event of an error/safe state (failure state) Following the request for a programmed safety function (e.g., safety door open), the SPLC 3000 executes the programmed safety function. The relevant safe output data is set to the programmed value of the safety function.

The integrated diagnostic function detects errors that have occurred. All serious errors detected in the SPLC 3000 that can lead to the loss of or adversely affect the programmed safety function switch the device to the safe state (Failure State). In this state, the safe output data is set to zero (FALSE).

The safe state is displayed via the FS (Failure State) LED lighting up red.

In the event of an error, if you are connected online to the PLCnext Engineer software, information about the error is also displayed in the software.

For descriptions of error states, associated effects, and appropriate measures for error removal, please refer to Section "Errors: Diagnostics, messages, and removal" on page 125.

PROFIsafe: Communication diagnostics The SPLC 3000 supports the user in monitoring and checking the communication relationships of the device-internal F-Host or F-Device.

For this, you can create management/diagnostic variables for the F-Host and the F-Device of the SPLC 3000 in the PLCnext Engineer software.



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For further information on communication diagnostics of the SPLC 3000 refer to Section "Behavior of the SPLC 3000 as the F-Host in PROFIsafe" on page 28 and "Behavior of the SPLC 3000 as the F-Device in PROFIsafe" on page 30.

Exchange area	For exchange variables, the following maximum memory is available for the exchange area:
	 The sum of the standard input data (NSI, inputs exchange area) may not exceed 3072 bytes (data direction "I": SPLC 3000 ⇐ standard controller).
	 The sum of the standard output data (NSQ, outputs exchange area) may not exceed 3072 bytes (data direction "Q": SPLC 3000 ⇒ standard controller).
	The data direction "I" and "Q" is specified from the point of view of the safety-related controller.
	Also observe the information in Section "Characteristics of the safety-related control- ler" on page 178.
	Notes on the SPLC 3000 F-Addresses
	 One F_Source_Address and one F_Destination_Address can be defined for the SPLC 3000 because: The SPLC 3000 itself can be used as an F-Host (F_Source_Address). The SPLC 3000 can be used on a lower level by a compact controller, such as an RFC 4072S, as an F-Device (F_Destination_Address). In addition to the rules listed above, note that both F-Addresses must each be assigned in a separate number range. Assign the F_Source_Address to the SPLC 3000 as the F-Host. Assign the F_Destination_Address as necessary depending on the settings in the higher-level network.
	A maximum of 300 F-Devices can be connected to one SPLC 3000.
	 This results in the following maximum values: The sum of the safe input data (SI) may not exceed 24576 bytes (input user data and PROFIsafe backup data). The sum of the safe output data (SQ) may not exceed 24576 bytes (output user data
	and PROFIsafe backup data). Also observe the information in Section "Characteristics of the safety-related control- ler" on page 178.
	3.2.1 Behavior of the SPLC 3000 as the F-Host in PROFIsafe
	As an F-Host, the SPLC 3000 monitors and controls the safety function in a PROFIsafe system. Its function is to decide whether or not a safe output may be set, for example.
Passivation and reintegration	If the communication relationship between the SPLC 3000 and an F-Device is aborted, for example due to a communication error, the F-Device is passivated. Passivation prevents the F-Device from starting up immediately as soon as the communication relationship is reactivated. Passivation and reintegration are displayed via Boolean variables, which the PLCnext Engineer automatically generates for each F-Device. F-Devices can also be passivated or reintegrated from the application program via these variables.
	If an operator acknowledge request of the passivated F-Device is present, PROFIsafe-spe- cific acknowledgment can be performed with a subsequent operator acknowledge reinte- gration. A non-safety-related signal can be used, for example. This overrides the passiva- tion. As a result, the F-Device is reintegrated.

Description of the AXC F XT SPLC 3000

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For more information about passivation and reintegration, please refer to Section 6, "Commissioning and validation" and Section "Management/diagnostic variables for F-Devices" on page 102, "Management/diagnostic variables for each configured, lowerlevel F-Device" on page 147, and "Global management/diagnostic variables for lowerlevel F-Devices" on page 151.

PROFIsafe: F-Host communication diagnostics

The SPLC 3000 supports the user in monitoring and checking the communication relationships of the device-internal F-Host. The PLCnext Engineer software indicates why the communication relationship was disabled. A distinction is made between the F_WD_Time being exceeded (F_WD_Time OUT) and an F_CRC error (see Figure 3-1).

Figure 3-1 PROFIsafe: management/diagnostic variables for communication diagnostics of the SPLC 3000 F-Host

Safety Cockpit 🛛 🙀 Settings 🛐	Tasks and Even	its 📃 Da	ta List	Statis	tics				`
		Da	ta List					- M -	- 0
J 💥 🖾 🐝 🎇 🏸	VAR HML HML	թեւգ	1 3-3	XX →		P	Ŧ	Y Search	
Variable (Safety PLC)	Туре	Usage	I/Q/M	Comment	Init		Confirm	Variable (PLC)	>
fault									
stem Variables									
FDEV_IN0	SAFEBYTE	Global	I		SAFEBY	TE#16#0		Select Variable (PLC) here	<u>,</u>
F_ADDR_00001_ACK_REI	BOOL	Global	Q		FALSE			Select Variable (PLC) here	;
F_ADDR_00001_ACK_REQ	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE			Select Variable (PLC) here	2
F_ADDR_00001_CE_CRC	BOOL	Global	1		FALSE			Select Variable (PLC) here	2
F_ADDR_00001_DEVICE_FAULT	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE			Select Variable (PLC) here	2
F_ADDR_00001_PASS_ON	BOOL	Global	Q		FALSE			Select Variable (PLC) here	2
F_ADDR_00001_PASS_OUT	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE			Select Variable (PLC) here	è.
F_ADDR_00001_WD_TIMEOUT	BOOL	Global	I.		FALSE			Select Variable (PLC) here	<u>,</u>
F_ADDR_00002_CE_CRC	BOOL	Global	Ι		FALSE			Select Variable (PLC) here	,
F_ADDR_00002_WD_TIMEOUT	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE			Select Variable (PLC) here	2
F_ADDR_00003_CE_CRC	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE			Select Variable (PLC) here	2
F_ADDR_00003_WD_TIMEOUT	BOOL	Global			FALSE			Select Variable (PLC) here	,

To support the user, seven non-safety-related management/diagnostic variables are created by default in PLCnext Engineer for each F-Device in the data list of the safety-related controller.

If required by the application, PLCnext Engineer allows the user to specify whether more or fewer management/diagnostic variables are created.

Alternatively, other management/diagnostic variables can be created. The user can link these variables to non-safety-related exchange variables of the standard controller in PLCnext Engineer. To do this, the user must define non-safety-related exchange variables in the software, where they can be linked to the management/diagnostic variables.



For additional information on management/diagnostic variables, please refer to Section "Management/diagnostic variables for F-Devices" on page 102.

	 Various functions can be implemented using the management/diagnostic variables: Global acknowledgment of individual or multiple communication errors Reintegration of F-Devices System diagnostics using global management/diagnostic variables Diagnostics/control of intelligent F-Devices
Device identification/num- ber of safe devices	In PROFIsafe, safe devices (F-Devices) are identified by means of F-Addresses, which must be assigned uniquely for each safe device. The PROFIsafe destination address F_Dest_Add (F_Destination_Address) is used to uniquely identify safe devices. This ad- dress is defined on the F-Device via DIP switches (see Section 6.9.1) and set in the PLCnext Engineer software and checked immediately after it is entered in PLCnext Engineer. PLCnext Engineer checks the entered addresses for uniqueness in the configured network and for the correct value range.
	The value of the F_Destination_Address can be set from 1_{dec} to 65534_{dec} .
	For safety modules from Phoenix Contact, you can set PROFIsafe destination addresses from 1_{dec} to 999_{dec} . For safety modules from other manufacturers, you can set PROFIsafe destination addresses from 1_{dec} to 65534_{dec} .
	The source address F_Source_Address (F_Source_Add for short) uniquely identifies the F-Host of a communication relationship. The F_Source_Address is assigned to the safety-related controller and is used for all communication relationships that are assigned to this safety-related controller. In this way, the SPLC 3000 obtains a source address (FSource_Add).
	The value of the F_Source_Address can be set from 1_{dec} to 65534_{dec} .
	() NOTE: Use unique F-Addresses
	 Please note that the combination of F_Source_Address and F_Destination_Address must be unique within a network.
	3.2.2 Behavior of the SPLC 3000 as the F-Device in PROFIsafe
	The SPLC 3000 can be operated as an F-Device at a lower level, for example on a safety- related compact controller such as the RFC 4072S. It will then be treated by this higher-level F-Host as an F-Device.
	The SPLC 3000 can be used simultaneously as an F-Host and as an F-Device in two different PROFIsafe networks.
PROFIsafe: F-Device com- munication diagnostics	The SPLC 3000 supports the user in monitoring and checking the communication relation- ships of the device-internal F-Device. For this purpose, analogous to the above described management/diagnostic variables of the F-Host, management/diagnostic variables for the F-Device of the SPLC 3000 can also be created in the PLCnext Engineer. The default set- ting for these variables is "Do not create".
	• For additional information, please refer to Section "Management/diagnostic variables of the SPLC 3000 F-Device" on page 153.

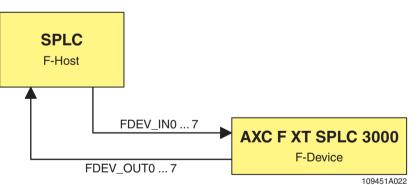
tics of the SPLC 3000 F-Device								
🔊 axc-f-3152-2-1 / Safety PLC 🛛 🗙							~	
🍙 Safety Cockpit 🛛 🗟 Settings 🛛 🗿 Tasks and	Events 📃 Da	ata List	L. Stat	istics			~ □	
	Da	ata List					* - C ×	
★ ↓ 🔆 🔀 🖓 👫 🖓 🖓 👘	™ <mark>x</mark> }⇒ ⋅\$x ⋅{	14 11	×AR ××			T	Search 🦉 🛫	
Variable (Safety PLC)	Туре	Usage	I/Q/M	Comment	Init	Confirm	Variable (PLC)	
> Default								
✓ System Variables								
FDEV_IN0	SAFEBYTE	Global	1		SAFERVITE#16#0		Select Veriable (PLC) he	
FD_ADDR_00001_ACK_REQ_DEV	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Variable (PLC) he	
FD_ADDR_00001_PASS_ON_DEV	BOOL	Global	1		FALSE		Select Variable (PLC) he	
FD_ADDR_00001_PASS_OUT_DEV	BOOL	Global	Q		FALSE		Select Variable (PLC) he	
FD_ADDR_00001_IPAR_EN_DEV	BOOL	Global	1		FALSE		Select Variable (PLC) he	
FD_ADDR_00001_IPAR_OK_DEV	BOOL	Global	Q		FALSE		Select Variable (PLC) he	
FD_ADDR_00001_DEVICE_FAULT_DEV	BOOL	Global	Q		FALSE		Select Variable (PLC) he	
FD_ADDR_00001_CHF_ACK_REI_DEV	BOOL	Global	T		FALSE		Select Variable (PLC) he	
FD_ADDR_00001_CHF_ACK_REQ_DEV	BOOL	Global	Q		FALSE		Select Variable (PLC) he	
FD_ADDR_00001_CE_CRC_DEV	BOOL	Global	T		FALSE		Select Variable (PLC) he	
FD_ADDR_00001_WD_TIMEOUT_DEV	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Variable (PLC) he	

PROFIsafe: Management/diagnostic variables for communication diagnos-Figure 3-2

System variables for the data exchange of the F-Device of the SPLC 3000

These system variables are used for data exchange between the F-Device of the SPLC 3000 and the higher-level safety-related controller (F-Host).

Data exchange between the F-Device of the SPLC 3000 and the higher-



- The eight system variables FDEV_IN0 to FDEV_IN7 contain the input process data (8 * 1 SAFEBYTE) of the F-Device instance of the SPLC 3000.
- The eight system variables FDEV_OUT0 to FDEV_OUT7 contain the output process _ data (8 * 1 SAFEBYTE) of the F-Device instance of the SPLC 3000.

The data direction is described from the view of the engineering:

 $FDEV_INx = I$ _

Figure 3-3

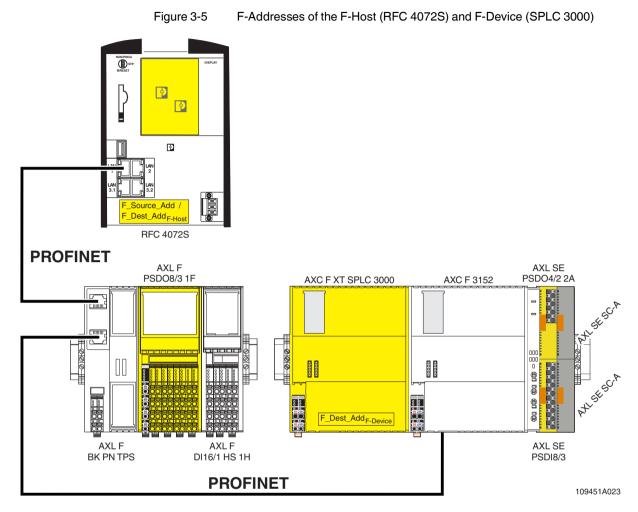
level F-Host

 $FDEV_OUTx = Q$ _

Please also observe the information in Section "FDEV_INx and FDEV_OUTx i $(x = 0 \dots 7)$ system variables" on page 147.

F_Destination_Address (F_Dest_Add)	 For the SPLC 3000, an F_Destination_Address (F_Dest_Add) is to be defined if the SPLC 3000 of a compact controller such as a RFC 4072S is to be used as a lower-level F-Device. Notes on the F_Dest_Add of the SPLC 3000 F-Device Assign the F_Dest_Add in a separate number range. Assign the F_Dest_Add as necessary depending on the settings in the higher-level network. The F-Device of the SPLC 3000 supports "FSCP 3/1 address type 1 (Functional Safety Communication Profile FSCP 3/1 (PROFIsafe™))" corresponding to the document: PROFIsafe – Profile for Safety Technology on PROFIBUS and PROFINET Profile part, related to IEC 61784-3-3 Technical Specification, Version 2.6MU1, August 2018
Setting the F_Dest_Add	 When the SPLC 3000 is used as an F-Device, its F_Dest_Add can be set in the PLCnext Engineer software (see Figure 3-4). Set the F_Dest_Add of the SPLC 3000 in the "Safety Parameters" editor in the editor group of the controller. Set the F_Dest_Add of the SPLC 3000 in a range from 1 to a maximum of 65534_{dec}. Only assign F_Dest_Add values once. Figure 3-4 F-Address of the SPLC 3000 F-Device in PLCnext Engineer: F_Dest_Add (F_Destination_Address)

📕 axc-f-3152-2-1 🗙			
🕞 Cockpit 🛛 🔓 Settings 🛓	Safety Parameters 🗵 Data List	1 Statistics	
	Safety Paramete axc-f-3152-2-1 ()	rs	
	8,0-1-5152-2-1 ()		
All	Profisafe - Addressing		
Profisafe - Addressing	F_Source_Add:	1024	
	F_Dest_Add:	1	



F-Addresses in PLCnext Engineer For the above example application, the following F-Addresses are to be set in the PLCnext Engineer software for the RFC 4072S (F-Host) and the SPLC 3000 (F-Device):

RFC 4072S:

- F_Source_Add
- F_Dest_Add_{F-Host}

SPLC 3000:

F_Dest_Add_{F-Device}

Additional information



- Observe the following notes on the F-Device of the SPLC 3000.
 - For the F-Device of the SPLC 3000, the following applies: DAT = HAT.
 - Refer to the information on DAT (cycle time of the F-Device) and HAT (cycle time of the SPLC 3000) in Section "Determining F_WD_Time IN_{min}/F_WD_Time OUT_{min}" on page 38.
- PROFlenergy is not supported.
- iParameters are not supported.

3.3 Calculating/determining the response time (Safety Function Response Time, SFRT)

The procedure for determining the necessary times, which is explained in more detail below, is recommended.

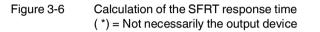
- Determining the maximum permissible safety function response time (SFRT_{max}) depending on the relevant safety function to be implemented and determining the resulting maximum monitoring/watchdog times
 (F_WD_Time IN_{max}/F_WD_Time OUT_{max}) as an upper limit for each individual safety function (see Section 3.3.1 on page 35).
- Determining the minimum monitoring/watchdog times (F_WD_Time IN_{min}/F_WD_Time OUT_{min}) required for optimum system availability as a lower limit (see Section 3.3.2 on page 38).
- 3. Defining the monitoring/watchdog times (F_WD_Time IN/F_WD_Time OUT) to be parameterized within the determined upper and lower limits and checking/validating that each of the safety functions to be implemented may be implemented with the defined monitoring/watchdog times (see Section 3.3.3 on page 48).

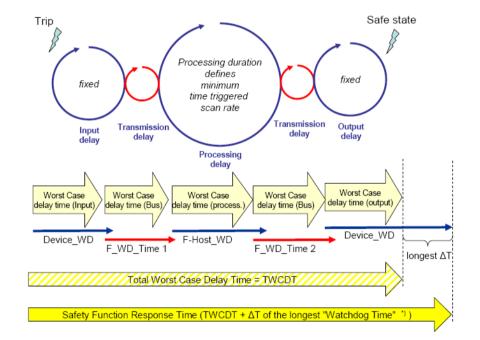
3.3.1 Determining SFRT_{max} and F_WD_Time IN_{max}/F_WD_Time OUT_{max}

In the application, the maximum permissible SFRT must be determined for each safety function implemented in the application. This maximum permissible SFRT also includes the part of the SFRT that applies to the PROFIsafe system if PROFIsafe and the SPLC 3000 are involved in the safety function.

A method of calculation for determining the part of the SFRT that applies to PROFIsafe is specified in the PROFIsafe system description (see Figure 3-6). The method of calculation specified is subject to certain general conditions.

For detailed information regarding the PROFIsafe system description, please refer to Section "Documentation" on page 173.



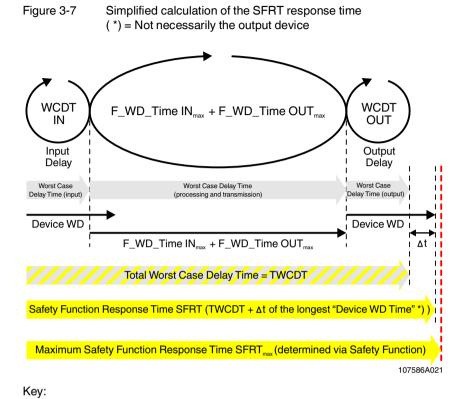


The TWCDT (total worst case delay time) is therefore the sum of all maximum signal runtimes that may occur in the individual elements during normal operation.

The individual elements are:

- (PROFIsafe) F-Devices
- Transmission (PROFIsafe via PROFINET including all network infrastructure components and lower-level subsystems, for example of the Axioline F local bus) and
- SPLC 3000.

Due to a closely synchronized sequence of F-Host/SPLC 3000 processing, this model is simplified when the SPLC 3000 is used. The runtimes, cycle times, and watchdog times of the SPLC 3000 (processing delay and F-Host_WD) are not actually relevant when determining the SFRT.



The following figure illustrates the relationship:

Maximum permissible safety function response time of the PROFIsafe system involved in the safety function that is determined for each safety function to be implemented .
The actually implemented safety function response time of the PROFIsafe system involved in the safety function and the SPLC 3000.
Worst case delay time of the F-Device with input function.
For this time, please refer to the device-specific user documen- tation for the F-Device used.
Value of the monitoring time F_WD_Time (watchdog time) which may be set as the maximum value for each individual F-Device with an input function that is involved in the safety function in order that SFRT _{max} is not exceeded (see equation [2] on page 37).
Value of the monitoring time F_WD_Time (watchdog time) which may be set as the maximum value for each individual F-Device with an output function that is involved in the safety function in order that SFRT _{max} is not exceeded (see equation [2] on page 37).

WCDT OUT	Worst case delay time of the F-Device with output function.
	For this time, please refer to the device-specific user documen- tation for the F-Device used.
Device WD	Internal watchdog time of the F-Device involved in the safety function.

The central component in Figure 3-7 on page 36 is deemed to be the sum of $F_WD_Time IN_{max}$ and $F_WD_Time OUT_{max}$.

The sum of these times specifies the maximum internal processing time that is required for point-to-point communication via PROFIsafe between the PROFIsafe input device and the PROFIsafe output device using the SPLC 3000, even in the event of an error, such as a telegram delay.

The actual SFRT to be implemented for the PROFIsafe system can be determined according to the following equation:

SFRT = WCDT IN + (F_WD_Time IN_{max} + F_WD_Time OUT_{max}) + WCDT OUT [1]



SFRT must therefore be ≤ SFRT_{max}

Always take into consideration all the links that are involved in the safety function and programmed in the safety-related application program.

Maximum permissible watchdog times

To incorporate the maximum permissible watchdog times F_WD_Time IN_{max}/F_WD_Time OUT_{max} in the PROFIsafe system, the following equation should be used:

 $F_WD_Time IN_{max} + F_WD_Time OUT_{max} \le SFRT_{max} - WCDT IN - WCDT OUT$ [2]



Please refer to the F-Device-specific user documentation to check whether further information is available regarding watchdog times within the internal device function.

If F-Devices are used where there is a difference (Δ t) between their worst case delay time (WCDT) and the implemented device watchdog time (Device WD), this difference must be taken into consideration in accordance with the PROFIsafe model for determining the SFRT.



Timer functions that are used within the safety function in the safety-related application program must be taken into consideration.

3.3.2 Determining F_WD_Time IN_{min}/F_WD_Time OUT_{min}

The F_WD_Time, which you as the user must determine in accordance with your application, is set in the PLCnext Engineer software ("Safety Parameters" editor, see Figure 6-27 on page 100). If the safety-related communication relationship has been established between the partners, monitoring is performed independently by both F-Host (SPLC 3000) and F-Device to ensure that the set F_WD_Time is observed during safety-related communication.

NOTE: Please note that if the F_WD_Time is too short for a safety-related communication relationship, systems and applications are not available.

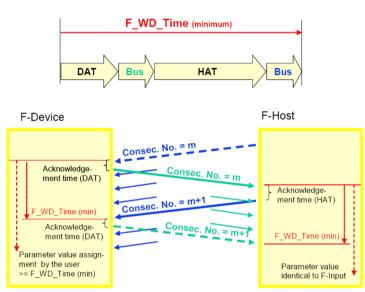
This is because the value for F_WD_Time must be greater than or equal to the total maximum telegram runtime from the F-Host to the F-Device and back to at least be able to establish safety-related communication via PROFIsafe during error-free network operation.

 In addition to the transmission times on the network (PROFINET cycle), also consider internal stack and firmware runtimes in devices, delays caused by subsystem buses (e.g., device bus for modular I/O systems), etc.

The following figure from the PROFIsafe specification illustrates the relationship.

For detailed information on the PROFIsafe specification (PROFIsafe – Profile for Safety Technology on PROFIBUS DP and PROFINET IO, Order No. 3.192), please refer to Section "Documentation" on page 173.





Key:

- DAT Cycle time of the F-Device (F-Device acknowledge time)
- Bus Bus runtime including all relevant runtime components in the devices, backplane buses, bus heads (bus couplers or controllers) etc. of modular systems
- HAT Cycle time of the SPLC 3000 (F-Host Acknowledge Time: T_{ZSPLC})

Determining the necessary times

- DAT For the cycle time of the F-Devices, please refer to the device-specific user documentation for the F-Devices used.
- Bus The "Bus" value is the sum of all the following times in the network/bus system used:
 - 1. External bus runtime in the network:
 - Update time of the I/O data between PROFINET controller and device set via the "Reduction ratio" multiplied by the "Monitor factor" (multiplier of the update time).

The result (monitor time) determines the time at which the communication relationship is disconnected if no cyclic data has been transmitted in the specified time (see Figure 3-9).

In the following example, the setting "Symmetric" has been selected for the "Timing". An adjustment of the values may be necessary if the setting "Asymmetric" is selected.

Figure 3-9 "Settings" editor of the interface editor group of the PROFINET device (settings of the AXL F BK PN TPS PROFINET bus coupler)

∑ interface-1 ×								
Ro Settings 📃 Data List								
	- -	. 🗆	×					
All	Profinet interface sub module							
Identity	Subslot number:	32768						
Profinet interface sub module	Node ID: (j)	6						
Profinet interface sub moutie	RT class:	RT	•					
MRP 1	Timing:	Symmetric	~					
	Reduction ratio (symmetric/inputs): (j)	8	~					
	Update time (symmetric/inputs): (j)	8		ms				
	Monitor factor (symmetric/inputs): (j)	3						
	Monitor time (symmetric/inputs): (i)	24		ms				

- Relevant runtime components in bus heads (bus coupler) and backplane buses of modular systems.
 For these values, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications.
- Any runtimes within infrastructure components.
 For these values, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications.

- Internal bus runtime within the Axioline F station comprised of left-aligned SPLC 3000, PLCnext Control, and right-aligned safety-related Axioline Smart Elements and Axioline F modules (see example in Section "Structure of an Axioline F station" on page 58):
 - Internal SPLC 3000 runtime:

The internal runtime of the SPLC 3000, which is to be taken into consideration in the "Bus" value, is equivalent to one SPLC 3000 cycle (T_{ZSPLC}) .

The cycle time of the SPLC 3000 can be set in PLCnext Engineer between 5 ms and 80 ms.

Default setting (see Figure 3-10): T_{ZSPLC} = 5 ms

Figure 3-10 "Tasks and Events" editor in the editor group" / Safety PLC": Cycle time setting T_{ZSPLC} in ms

🔊 axc-f-3152-2-1 / Safe	ty PLC ×						~
🍃 Safety Cockpit 🛛 🗟 S	ettings	Tasks and	Events 🗉 Da	ta List 🚽 🕹	tatistics		~ □
Tasks and Events * - 🗆 ×							
<u>↑↓</u> ₽ .						Search	ā
Name	Task type	Event name	Program type	Interval (ms)	Priority	Watchdog (ms)	Comment
✓ ⊘ SafetyTask	Cyclic task			5	0	100	
📋 S_Main			S_Main				

Internal update time T_{UPD AXIO PLCnext}:

The update time (T_{UPD AXIO PLCnext}) between the Axioline F local bus cycle and the PLCnext firmware, which is to be taken into consideration in the "Bus" value, depends on the setting for "Update task, System and global variables" (see Figure 3-11). For the selected "SafetyProxyTask" setting, the following applies:

 $T_{UPD AXIO PLCnext} = T_{ZSPLC}$

Figure 3-11 "Settings" editor of the Axioline F editor group of the AXC F 3152; Update task for system and global variables: SafetyProxyTask

🛗 axc-f-3152-2-1 / Axioline F 🗙						
Ro Settings Rain Device List ☐ Data List						
	Settings		* - C ×			
All	Update task					
Axioline F controller	System and global variables: ()		Ý			
Update task		SafetyProxyTask				
		Task1				

HAT The cycle time of the SPLC 3000 (T_{ZSPLC}) can be estimated during the system/machine planning phase.

Procedure for estimating the cycle time T_{ZSPLC}

Proceed as described in the following steps to estimate the cycle time T_{ZSPLC}:

• First, estimate the Program runtime.

If the SPLC 3000 is used, the program runtime depends on an idle component as well as the number of F-Devices used in the application and the number of safety-related function block instances used.

Program runtime_{Idle} First, the program runtime for an "empty" safety-related program (number of safety-related function block instances = 0) is considered.

The relationship for this is:

Program runtime $_{Idle} = 0.7 \text{ ms} + \frac{15}{1000} \text{ ms} * \text{ n}$

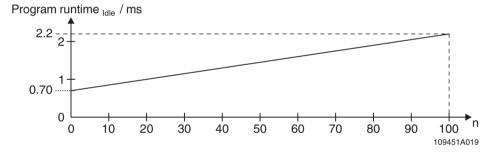
With n = 0 F-Devices, this results in:

Program runtime_{Idle} = 0.7 ms

With each F-Device used, the Program runtime_{ldle} is extended by 15 $\mu s.$

The following Figure 3-12 shows the dependency of the Program runtime_{Idle} on the number n of F-Devices used in the application:

Figure 3-12 Program runtime_{Idle} in relation to the number of F-Devices used



Key:

n: Number of F-Devices used in the application

Program runtime

In addition to the dependency of the program runtime on the number of F-Devices used in the application described above, there is an additional dependency. The program runtime also depends on the number of safety-related function block instances (parameter a) used in the safety-related program.

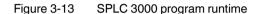
With each safety-related function block instance used in the safety-related program, the program runtime is extended on average by 0.1 $\mu s.$

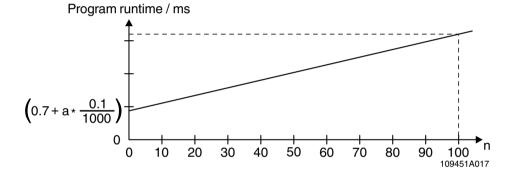
As a result, the following applies:

Program runtime = Program runtime $_{Idle}$ + a * $\frac{0.1}{1000}$ ms

$$= 0.7 \text{ ms} + \frac{15}{1000} \text{ ms} * \text{ n} + \text{a} * \frac{0.1}{1000} \text{ ms}$$
$$= \left(0.7 + \text{a} * \frac{0.1}{1000}\right) \text{ ms} + \frac{15}{1000} \text{ ms} * \text{ n}$$

This results in the following progression of the program runtime:





Key:

- a: Number of safety-related function block instances used in the safety-related program
- n: Number of F-Devices used in the application

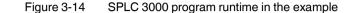
The value of the SPLC 3000 program runtime approximately determined in the planning phase must comply with the following ratio to the cycle time of the SPLC 3000 T_{ZSPLC} because the CPU utilization of the SPLC 3000 must not exceed 70%. Otherwise, the SPLC 3000 issues a warning message.

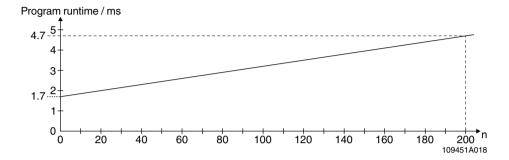
$$\Rightarrow \frac{\text{Program runtime}}{\text{Cycle time}} \le 0.7$$

This results in the SPLC 3000 cycle time T_{ZSPLC} to be set by the user in accordance with the formula determined in the planning phase:

$$\Rightarrow \quad \text{Cycle time } \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{ZSPLC}} \geq \frac{\text{Program runtime}}{0.7}$$

Example calculation This example results in the following progression of the program runtime for a number of 0 to 200 F-Devices and a number of 10000 safety-related function blocks (a = 10000):





Continuing with a = 10000 and 200 F-Devices, the program runtime is:

Program runtime =
$$\left(0.7 + 10,000 * \frac{0.1}{1000}\right)$$
 ms + $\frac{15}{1000}$ ms * 200
= 4.7 ms

With the above equation for the cycle time, the following results:

- \Rightarrow Cycle time T_{ZSPLC} $\geq \frac{4.7 \text{ ms}}{0.7}$
- \Rightarrow Cycle time T_{ZSPLC} \geq 6.7 ms

In this example, the user is to set a cycle time of 7 ms.

Verification necessary!

Verify the times determined above during the commissioning phase as follows online. **NOTE: Online verification during the commissioning phase necessary**

During the commissioning phase, the values determined offline during the planning phase are to be verified online by the user.

• During the commissioning phase, verify the values determined offline in the planning phase for the program runtime and the cycle time online in PLCnext Engineer.

For verification, use two system variables shown in the PLCnext Engineer software.

If the PLCnext Engineer software is connected online with the SPLC 3000 and the PLCnext Control device, you can display the cycle time and the program runtime of the SPLC 3000 in the "watches" window (see Figure 3-15) with the following two system variables (see Section "SPLC system variable" on page 139):

- Cycle time: CYCLE_TIME
- Program runtime: EXEC_TIME

Program runtime (EXEC_TIME) Cycle time (CYCLE_TIME) ≤ 0.7

To learn how you can access the SPLC 3000 online with the PLCnext Engineer software, refer to Section "Transferring projects to PLCnext Control and SPLC 3000" on page 114 and "SPLC system variable" on page 139 as well as to the software online help function.

Cockpit	🌄 Settings	E Safety Parame	ters 📙	Data List	tatistics						~
Data List + - □ ×											
$\mathbb{A}_{2}^{\mathbb{A}} \xrightarrow{VA} \mathbb{A}_{2}^{\mathbb{A}} \xrightarrow{VA} \mathbb{A}_{2}^{\mathbb{A}} \xrightarrow{HV} \mathbb{H}_{2}^{\mathbb{A}} \xrightarrow{HV} \mathbb{A}_{2}^{\mathbb{A}} \xrightarrow{VA} \xrightarrow$											
Variable (P	LC)	< Value		Туре	Usage	Comment	Init	Retain	Constant	OPC	HMI
SPLC			()	SPNSV2_TYPE	Global						
				WATCHES							-) H 7
[default]	+										
à 🖳 🗉											
Name		Value		Set Value	Da	ta type			Instan	ce	
E EXEC_TI	ME	828			UDINT		ax	c-f-3152-	2-1 / IEC 61	131-3.S	PLC.PF
Lo CYCLE_TIME 5001 UDINT axc-f-3152-2-1 / IEC 61131-3.SPLC.INFO											

Figure 3-15 Online values of the SPLC 3000 cycle time and program runtime

The SPLC 3000 cycle time is also displayed in the "Safety Cockpit" editor:

Figure 3-16 PLCnext Engineer: "Safety PLC cycle time"

axc-f-3152-2-1 × 💦 🔊 axc-f-3	3152-2-1 / Safety PLC ×			~
🔓 Safety Cockpit 🛛 🌄 Settings	🔊 Tasks and Events 🔋 Data List	L Statistics	~	
Safety PLC 🗸 🕹	Safety Cockpit ■ ① ≝o > ∛ ■ ∜ ⊕ ॡ	×	- 0	×
Overview	Diagnostics and status indicators			
Safety PLC messages	Status:	Safe Run		
Safety PLC log messages	Safety PLC messages:	No message present		
	Signals forced:	•		_
C Function Libraries	Safety PLC cycle time:	5001	μs	J
	Program execution time:	9	μs	

Based on the actual determined value of the SPLC 3000 cycle time, it may be necessary to adjust the F_WD_Time in order to increase system availability, for example.

 \bigwedge WARNING: Avoid possible danger that may be caused by the safety function being triggered too late

• Make sure that the maximum permissible values for F_WD_TIME IN_{max} and F_WD_TIME OUT_{max} are not exceeded (see Section "Determining SFRT_{max} and F_WD_Time IN_{max}/F_WD_Time OUT_{max}" on page 35).

The minimum F_WD_Time that can be set can be determined for each communication relationship using the following equation:

F_WD_Time_{min} > DAT + 2 x Bus + HAT

configuration.

[3]

[4]

For further calculation, a distinction will be made between the following two cases.

 The F-Host of the SPLC 3000 communicates with an F-Device via PROFINET. The F-Device is connected, for example, via a PROFINET bus coupler with the PLCnext Control device used (here, AXC F 3152) to which the SPLC 3000 is leftaligned.
 Since the SPLC 3000 cycle and the PROFINET cycle run asynchronously with one another, the SPLC 3000 cycle must be included twice in the total when determining the minimum F_WD_Time, once as the "HAT" and again as the "internal bus runtime". The external bus runtime is based on the relevant times of the PROFINET

F_WD_Time_{min} > DAT + 2 x (external bus runtime + internal bus runtime) + HAT

F_WD_Time_{min} > DAT + 2 x (external bus runtime + T_{ZSPLC}) + T_{ZSPLC}

F_WD_Time_{min} > DAT + 2 x external bus runtime + 3 x T_{ZSPLC}

2. The F-Host of the SPLC 3000 communicates with an F-Device via the Axioline F local bus.

In this case, the F-Device is aligned to the right of the PLCnext Control device used (here, AXC F 3152). Via the Axioline F local bus, the F-Device is connected directly to the PLCnext Control device to which the SPLC 3000 is left-aligned.

In this case, the internal bus runtime is the sum of the internal update time $T_{UPD \ AXIO \ PLCnext}$ (see point "Internal update time $T_{UPD \ AXIO \ PLCnext}$." on page 40) and T_{ZSPLC} . As in the first case, HAT equals T_{ZSPLC} .

F_WD_Time_{min} > DAT + 2 x (internal bus runtime) + HAT

F_WD_Time_{min} > DAT + 2 x (T_{UPD AXIO PLCnext} + T_{ZSPLC}) + T_{ZSPLC}

With $T_{UPD AXIO PLCnext} = T_{ZSPLC}$, the following applies (see point "Internal update time $T_{UPD AXIO PLCnext}$:" on page 40):

F_WD_Time_{min} > DAT + 5 x T_{ZSPLC}

[5]

Communication between F-Host and F-Device via PROFINET

Communication between

F-Host and F-Device via

the Axioline F local bus

Calculation for the exam-For the example configuration in Section "The SPLC 3000 as the F-Host with safety-related ple configuration communication via PROFINET/PROFIsafe" on page 78 considered here, the following calculated minimum F WD Time OUT for communication with the AXL F PSDO8/3 1F F-Device results from the equation [4] from case 1 above and taking the following values into account: Cycle time of the safety-related controller (here: TZSPLC $= 5 \,\mathrm{ms}$ SPLC 3000, see Figure 3-15) Monitor time: PROFINET update time x monitor T_{ZPNIO} = 8 ms x 3 factor (see Figure 3-9 on page 39). Update rate of the AXL F BK PN TPS PROFINET T_{D AXL F BK PN TPS} = 1 ms bus coupler. 10 µs Update rate of the Axioline F local bus with one T_{Z AXL LB} device Due to the low value this time is negligibly i small in the following calculation for the given example. For larger local bus configurations, consider corresponding times in the calculation. DAT_{PSDO} = 1.5 ms Processing time of the AXL F PSDO8/3 1F

 $T_{Bus} = T_{ZPNIO} + 1 \times T_{D AXL F BK PN TPS} + 2 \times T_{Z AXL LB}$

 $T_{Bus} = 24 + 1 \times 1 \text{ ms} + 2 \times 0 \text{ ms}$

T_{Bus} = 25 ms

The F_WD_Time OUT for available and robust system behavior with the specified PROFINET settings for the example configuration results as follows from the bus head (AXL F BK PN TPS bus coupler) and the Axioline F output module (AXL F PSDO8/3 1F). The values listed and calculated above must be used in the following equation based on [4].

F_WD_Time OUT_{min} = DAT + 2 x external bus runtime + 3 x T_{ZSPLC}

F_WD_Time OUT_{min} = 1.5 ms + 2 x 25 ms + 3 x 5 ms

F_WD_Time OUT_{min} = 66.5 ms

This example shows clearly that the bus cycle and transfer times, and, in particular here, the PROFINET update time as well as the monitor factor are the values that determine the minimum achievable F_WD_Time. In particular, the monitor factor (multiplier of the update time for aborting the connection if no data is exchanged) acts as the cut-off between availability/robustness and the minimum achievable SFRT in the overall system.

If the PROFINET update time is maintained at 1 ms via "Reduction ratio (= 1)" and the monitor factor is maintained at 3, the minimum achievable F_WD_Time OUT in the example is calculated as follows:

 $T_{Bus} = T_{ZPNIO} + 1 \times T_{D AXL F BK PN TPS} + 2 \times T_{Z AXL LB}$

 $T_{Bus} = 3 ms + 1 x 1 ms + 2 x 0 ms$

T_{Bus} = 4 ms

The minimum F_WD_Time OUT is calculated as follows for the example configuration:

 $F_WD_Time OUT_{min} = 1.5 ms + 2 x 4 ms + 3 x 5 ms$

F_WD_Time OUT_{min} = 24.5 ms

3.3.3 Determining F_WD_Time IN/F_WD_Time OUT to be parameterized and checking/validating that the safety function can be implemented

You have calculated the upper and lower limits of the F_WD_Time IN/F_WD_Time OUT as described in the two previous sections. You now need to determine the F_WD_Time IN/F_WD_Time OUT watchdog times that are to be parameterized within these limits for the safety function that is to be implemented. You then need to check/validate that the demanded safety function can be implemented using the determined values.

The values are essentially determined as follows:

(F_WD_Time IN_{min} + F_WD_Time OUT_{min}) < (F_WD_Time IN + F_WD_Time OUT) < (F_WD_Time IN_{max} + F_WD_Time OUT_{max})

The relationship between the values for F_WD_Time IN and F_WD_Time OUT is based on the relationship for the minimum F_WD_Time and the system availability determined in Section 3.3.2 on page 38.

Example Based on the maximum possible safety function response time, the following requirement must be met:

F_WD_Time IN _{max} + F_WD_Time OUT _{max} = 200 ms	(Upper limit from the safety
	function)

F_	WD_	Time	OUT _{min}	= 24.5	ms

F_WD_Time IN_{min} = 50 ms

(Assumed for the example calculation)

(From the example in Section 3.3.2)

The watchdog times to be parameterized are chosen as follows in the example:

 $F_WD_Time OUT \approx 2 \times 24.5 \text{ ms} \Rightarrow F_WD_Time OUT = 50 \text{ ms}$

F_WD_Time IN = 2 x 50 ms = 100 ms

Factor 2 has been chosen here so that it is still possible to later increase the PROFINET repeat cycles by the monitor factor or the PROFINET update time without endangering system availability by exceeding the F_WD_Time monitoring time.

As a result, the values selected in the example project (see Figure 6-27 on page 100) described in Section 6.4.2.1 are within the permissible range:

Minimum F_WD_Time (IN+OUT) < F_WD_Time (IN+OUT) to be parameterized < Maximum F_WD_Time (IN+OUT)

(50 + 24.5) ms < (100 + 50) ms < 200 ms

 \Rightarrow Sum of the watchdog times is less than 200 ms.

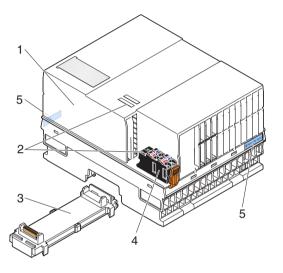
3.4 Possible fields of application of the SPLC 3000

Information on the possible fields of application for the SPLC 3000 is available in Section "Example: The SPLC 3000 as the F-Host for Axioline F and Axioline Smart Elements F-Devices" on page 76 and "Further example configurations" on page 78.

3.5 SPLC 3000 components

3.5.1 Connection and operating elements



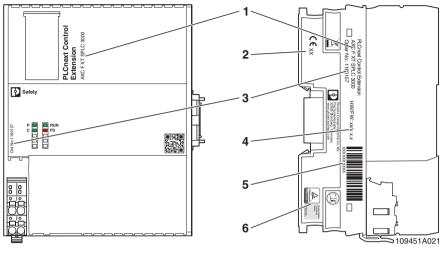


Key:

- 1 Electronics module
- 2 Diagnostic and status indicators
- **3** AXC BS E XT bus base module
- 4 Supply connector
 - (connector for connecting the supply voltage (communications voltage U_L , 24 V DC))
- 5 Security seal

3.5.2 SPLC 3000 printing and test mark

Figure 3-18 SPLC 3000 printing, including test mark



Key:

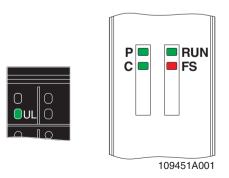
- 1 Item designation
- 2 Year of manufacture
- 3 Item number
- 4 Revision versions (HW/FW)
- 5 Serial number
- 6 Test mark

3.6 Diagnostic and status indicators

The diagnostic and status indicators are used for quick local error diagnostics.

3.7 Arrangement of the LEDs

Figure 3-19 LEDs on the housing



3.8 Diagnostic states of the SPLC 3000

Meaning	FS LED	RUN LED	Description
	(red)	(green)	
OFF	Off	Off	The SPLC 3000 is not ready to operate (power off).
Switch on (OFF ⇒ ON)	Off	Off	The supply voltage for the SPLC 3000 has been switched on. The SPLC 3000 has not yet been initialized.
	Flashing (1 Hz)	Off	 The SPLC 3000 initialization phase is running. The SPLC 3000 passes through the following states one after the other: Power-on self-test POST (Self-test after switching on the supply voltage) The safety-related application program is loaded from the configuration memory of the PLCnext Control device into the RAM of the SPLC 3000. (Loading the safe project.) The safety-related application program is being executed. (Booting the safe application.)
Operating state of the SPLC 3000	Off	On	The SPLC 3000 is in the SAFE RUN state. Error-free operating state of the SPLC 3000 with supply voltage present. A Failure State is not present. The safety-related application program is being executed cyclically. The SPLC 3000 is in the DEBUG STOP or DEBUG HALT state.
	Flashing (1 Hz)	(1 Hz)	The PLCnext Engineer software is transferring a project to the SPLC 3000.
	Flashing (1 Hz)	On	The SPLC 3000 is in the DEBUG RUN state.
Failure State: Safe state of the SPLC 3000	On	Off	A critical error in the SPLC 3000 hardware has occurred and been de- tected. The SPLC 3000 has switched to the safe state (Failure State). Perform a voltage reset: • Switch off the supply voltage of the SPLC 3000 and the PLCnext Control device for at least 30 seconds and then switch it back on again (power-up). Or restart the standard controller (PLCnext Control) in the PLCnext Engineer software: • Click on the "Reboot the controller" button in the PLCnext Control "Cockpit" editor.

Table 3-1 Diagnostic and status indicators

3.9 States of the safety-related communication

Designation	Color	Meaning	State	Description				
	-		Off	The safety-related communication relationship to the higher-level safety-related controller has not been initialized.				
				The safety-related communication relationship be- tween the F-Device of the SPLC 3000 and the higher-level safety-related controller (F-Host) was interrupted due to a previous communication error.				
Ρ				Safety-related communication between the F-Host and F-Device has been restored. However, safety- related process data is not exchanged because the F-Device of the SPLC 3000 was passivated.				
		The state of the safety- related communication rela- tionship between the SPLC 3000 (F-Device) and a higher-level safety-related controller (F-Host).	Flashing	In order to continue the exchange of safety-related process data, an operator acknowledge request generated by the F-Device must be acknowledged.				
	Green higher-level safety-related			The F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_ACK_REQ management/di- agnostic variable set to TRUE displays the operator acknowledge request.				
				The user acknowledges the operator acknowledge request by means of a deliberate operator acknowl- edge reintegration of the SPLC 3000 F-Device in the safety-related application program of the higher- level safety-related controller (F-Host). For this, the user sets the F_ADDR_[nnnn]_ ACK_REI management/diagnostic variable to TRUE.				
		On						On
с	Ι		Off	At least one configured safety-related communica- tion relationship to a lower-level F-Device has not yet been started or has been interrupted.				
		State of the safety-related communication relationship between the SPLC 3000 (F- Host) and configured lower- level F-Devices.	Flashing (1 Hz)	A communication error that must be acknowledged is still present for at least one safety-related commu- nication relationship with a lower-level F-Device.				
	Green		On	All safety-related communication relationships to configured lower-level F-Devices have been initial- ized and established without errors. Safety-related process data are transmitted.				

Table 3-2 Diagnostic and status indicators

3.10 State of the supply voltage

Table 3-3 Diagnostic and status indicators

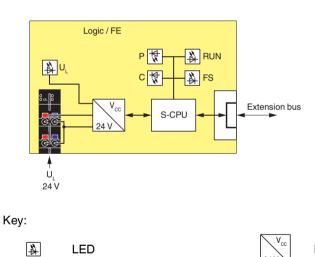
Designation	Color	Meaning	State	Description
UL	-	Supply voltage U _{Logic} (communications voltage	Off	24 V communications voltage feed-in not present or too low.
	Green	U _L)	On	24 V communications voltage feed-in present.

MARNING: Avoid possible danger – outputs can be set

• Take appropriate measures to ensure that your system/machine does not present any danger.

Variables can be overwritten in the DEBUG RUN state. These are then also transmitted to the PROFIsafe output devices and output.

3.11 Internal basic circuit diagram



Safety-related processor

S-CPU

Figure 3-20 Internal basic circuit diagram SPLC 3000

Power supply unit

Extension

bus

Left-aligned "PLCnext Control Extension" extension modules

4 Mounting the hardware

For basic information on the Axioline F system and its installation, particularly mounting/removing Axioline F modules, please refer to the UM EN AXL F SYS INST user manual ("Axioline F: system and installation").

4.1 Safety notes

▲ NOTE: Electrostatic discharge

The device contains components that can be damaged or destroyed by electrostatic discharge. When working with or on the device, observe the necessary safety precautions against electrostatic discharge (ESD) in accordance with EN 61340-5-1 and IEC 61340-5-1



NOTE: Damage to electronics due to inadequate external protection – no safe fuse tripping in the event of a fault

The electronics in the device will be damaged if external fuse protection is inadequate.

- Protect the supply voltage externally in accordance with the connected load (number of Axioline F devices/amount of logic current consumption for each device).
- Ensure that the external fuse trips reliably in the event of a fault.

NOTE: Electronics may be damaged when overloaded

• Provide external protection for the 24 V UL range. If you use a fuse, the power supply unit must be capable of supplying four times the nominal current of the fuse. This ensures that the fuse trips reliably in the event of an error.

Please note:

During any work on the Axioline F station, the SPLC 3000, the PLCnext Control device, or a module, disconnect the power supply from the Axioline F station and make sure the supply voltage cannot be switched on again by unauthorized persons.



The SPLC 3000 is automatically grounded (FE) when it is snapped onto a grounded DIN rail.

On the rear of the SPLC 3000, there are two FE springs that make contact with the DIN rail when the SPLC 3000 is placed on the DIN rail.

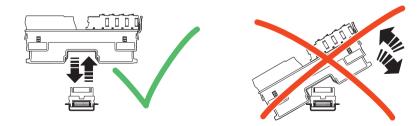


NOTE: Damage to the contacts when tilting

Tilting the modules can damage the contacts.

• Place the modules onto the DIN rail vertically.

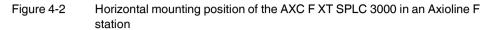
Figure 4-1 Placing the module vertically

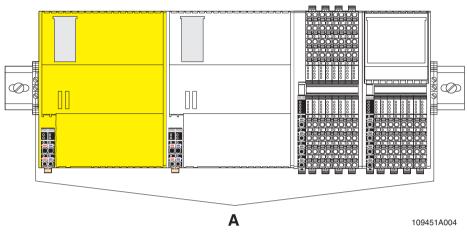


	4.2	Basic inf	formation			
Mounting location	• It is im	nperative that y	he IP20 degree of protection. You mount the SPLC 3000 in a lockable housing east IP54 degree of protection.	g or in a lockable con-		
	 NOTE: Unauthorized physical access There is a danger of the device being tampered with through unauthorized physical access. Protect the SPLC 3000 and the modules connected to it against unauthorized physical access. Use a lockable control cabinet, for example. 					
Mounting/DIN rail	ting/DIN railThe SPLC 3000 is mounted tool-free on a 35 mm standard DIN rail using the bus base ule. It is mounted perpendicular to the DIN rail. The local bus is created automatically when the bus base modules of the PLCnext C device and the Axioline F device are aligned next to one another. The extension bus is created automatically when the bus base modules of the SPLC and PLCnext Control device are aligned next to one another.					
	The minim	num distance t	o other devices is 100 mm above/below.			
			on securing the DIN rail and fastening element distances in the UM EN AXL F SYS INST use			
Supply connector	The SPLC 3000 has a supply connector for connecting the power supply. The connector is fitted with spring-cage terminal blocks. When using suitable conductors, the conductors can be connected by means of direct-connection technology (Push-in Technology).					
FE connection	For additional information, please refer to Section 5.2. There are two FE springs (metal contacts) on the bottom of the SPLC 3000 which establish the connection to functional ground when the device is snapped onto a grounded DIN rail.					
End brackets	Mount end brackets on both sides of the Axioline F station. The end brackets ensure that the Axioline F station is correctly mounted. End brackets secure the station on both sides and keep it from moving from side to side on the DIN rail. Phoenix Contact recommends the following end brackets:					
	Table 4-1	Recomm	nended end brackets			
	Mountin	g position	Ambient conditions	End brackets		
	Horizonta Figure 4-	2 on	Normal	CLIPFIX 35, CLIPFIX 35-5		
	page 57:		High shock and vibration load	E/AL-NS 35		

Mounting position

As standard, mount the SPLC 3000 in a horizontal position (A in Figure 4-2) on the DIN rail provided for that purpose.



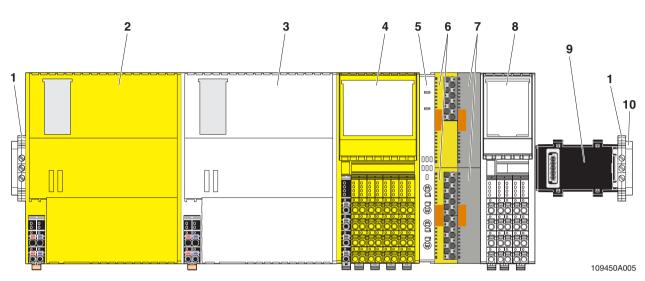


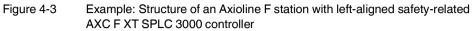
Key:

A End brackets: CLIPFIX 35, CLIPFIX 35-5, E/AL-NS 35

4.3 Structure of an Axioline F station

Figure 4-3 shows an example structure of an Axioline F station with the SPLC 3000.



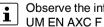


Key:

- 1 End brackets (for securing the station; see Section "Accessories" on page 172)
- Left-alignable safety-related AXC F XT SPLC 3000 controller 2
- PLCnext Control 3
- 4 Safety-related Axioline F I/O module
- 5 Axioline F backplane (AXL F BP SE4) for Axioline Smart Elements
- 6 Safety-related Axioline Smart Elements I/O modules
- 7 Slot covers for unused Axioline Smart Elements slots
- 8 Axioline F I/O module
- 9 Bus base module
- 10 DIN rail

An Axioline F station is set up by mounting the individual components side by side. No tools are required. Mounting the components side by side automatically creates potential and bus signal connections between the individual components of the Axioline F station.

Left alignment of the AXC F XT SPLC 3000 You can align the AXC F XT SPLC 3000 as a "PLCnext Control Extension" extension module to the left of the PLCnext Control AXC F 2152 and AXC F 3152.



Observe the information on the left alignment of extension modules in the UM EN AXC F X152 user manual, in particular also on the useable bus base modules.

4.4 Mounting the SPLC 3000

- Disconnect the Axioline F station from the power supply.
- Before mounting the SPLC 3000, note the following:
 - Remove the PLCnext Control AXC F 2152 or AXC F 3152 used.
 - If necessary, remove the supply connector of the PLCnext Control.
 - Remove any further electronics modules, if necessary, and remount them later.
 - Remove any bus base modules, if necessary, and remount them later.
 - Follow the descriptions listed in this section.

Please note:

- Mount all necessary modules before supplying power to the Axioline F station.
 Modules to which power is only supplied following the PLCnext Control boot process are not detected or may cause a malfunction.
- To ensure that the left-alignable SPLC 3000 is detected correctly, follow the specifications for the voltage supply for the SPLC 3000 (see Section 5.2.2).

WARNING: Unintentional machine startup

If you mount the controller while the power is connected, this could result in unintentional machine startup and possibly cause personal injuries.

- Do not mount or remove the device while the power is connected.
- Before mounting or removing, disconnect the power to the device and the entire Axioline F station and ensure that it cannot be switched on again.
- Make sure the entire system is reassembled before switching the power back on. Observe the diagnostic indicators and any diagnostic messages.
- Make sure that the machine/system is only started when neither the Axioline F station nor the machine/system pose a hazard.

Safety notes for starting applications

- Take the following into consideration when determining and programming the start conditions for your machine or system:
 - The machine or system may only be started if it can be ensured that nobody is present in the danger zone.
 - Meet the requirements of EN ISO 13849-1 with regard to the manual reset function. The machine must not be set in motion and/or a hazardous situation must not be triggered by the following actions, for example:
 - Switching on safe devices
 - Acknowledging device error messages
 - Acknowledging communication errors
 - Acknowledging block error messages in the application
 - Removing startup inhibits for safety functions
- Observe the following when programming/configuring the safety logic:
 - Switching from the safe state (substitute value = 0) to the operating state can generate an edge change (zero/one edge).
 - In the safety logic, take measures to prevent this edge change resulting in unexpected machine/system startup or restart.

Note f

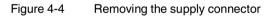
Note for starting applications

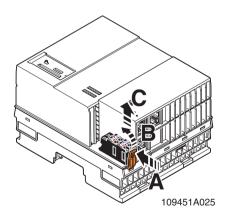
• Also observe these notes to prevent unexpected machine startup after acknowledgment using "Operator Acknowledgement".

4.4.1 Removing the PLCnext Control supply connector

Please note:

- Before mounting the SPLC 3000, first remove the PLCnext Control device.
- Release the locking latch (A), tilt the supply connector slightly upwards (B), and remove it from the PLCnext Control device (C).





4.4.2 Removing other connectors from the PLCnext Control device

• Remove all other connectors from the PLCnext Control device (e.g., Ethernet cable).

4.4.3 Unlatching electronics modules

Before the SPLC 3000 can be aligned to the PLCnext Control device, you must remove the PLCnext Control electronics module.

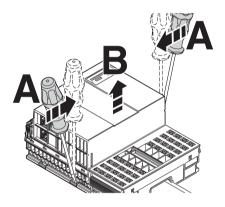
To unlatch the PLCnext Control device, proceed as follows:

- Remove the left end bracket on the Axioline F station, if applicable.
- Insert a suitable tool (e.g., a bladed screwdriver) into the upper and lower snap-in mechanism (base latches) of the PLCnext Control device one after the other and unlatch it (A).

The base latches are locked in place in the open position.

• Remove the electronics module vertically to the DIN rail (B).

Figure 4-5 Removing the electronics module



	4.4.4 Mounting the bus base modules
	Please note:
	 Before snapping on or off a bus base module, make sure that there is no electronics module on the adjacent bus base module on the left or right. For left alignment of a further module (AXC F XT), first remove the cover cap of the adjacent bus base module on the right (A in Figure 4-8 on page 63). For further information on mounting the bus base and electronics modules and in particular on the left alignment to controllers of the PLCnext Control product group, refer to the UM EN AXL F SYS INST user manual.
AXC F 2152	When using the AXC F 2152, replace the existing bus base module with the special bus base module (1 in Figure 4-6) for operating the SPLC 3000 on a PLCnext Control AXC F 2152 (scope of supply of the AXC F 2152: see UM EN AXC F X152 user manual).
	Proceed as follows:
	 Remove the bus base module of the AXC F 2152 from the bus base of the first adjacent module on the right.
	• Remove the AXC F 2152 bus base module from the DIN rail.
	For mounting the bus base modules, proceed as illustrated in Figure 4-6:
	Figure 4-6 Mounting bus base module(s): AXC F 2152

C D A B

- Place the special bus base module of the AXC F 2152 on the DIN rail (A in Figure 4-6).
- Push the special bus base module of the AXC F 2152 into the connection for the bus base module of the adjacent module on the right (B in Figure 4-6).
- Place the bus base module of the SPLC 3000 on the DIN rail (C in Figure 4-6).
- Push the bus base module of the SPLC 3000 into the connection of the special bus base module for the AXC F 2152 (D in Figure 4-6).

AXC F 3152

You do not have to replace the bus base module of the AXC F 3152. For mounting the bus base module of the SPLC 3000, proceed as illustrated in Figure 4-7:

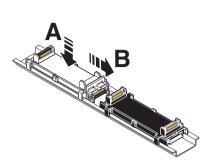
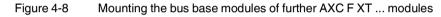
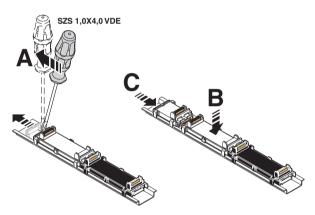


Figure 4-7 Mounting bus base module(s): AXC F 3152

- Remove the cover cap of the bus base module of the AXC F 3152 (A in Figure 4-8).
- Place the bus base module of the SPLC 3000 on the DIN rail (A in Figure 4-7).
- Push the bus base module of the SPLC 3000 into the connection of the bus base module for the AXC F 3152 (B in Figure 4-7).

Aligning additional AXC F XT ... modules on the left (in preparation):

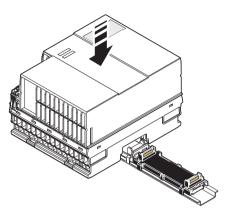




- Remove the cover cap of the preceding bus base module (A in Figure 4-8).
- Place the bus base modules of the additional AXC F XT ... modules to be aligned on the left on the DIN rail (B in Figure 4-8).
- Push each subsequent bus base module into the connection of the previous bus base module (C in Figure 4-8).

4.4.5 Snapping on electronics modules





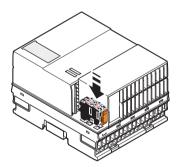
 Working from left to right, place each electronics module vertically on the corresponding bus base module and on the DIN rail until it snaps into place with a click. Make sure that the device plug for the bus base connection is situated above the corresponding socket on the bus base module.

4.4.6 Connecting connectors to the PLCnext Control device

• If you previously removed any connectors, for example an Ethernet cable, from the PLCnext Control device, reconnect these.

4.4.7 Connecting the supply connector

Figure 4-10 Connecting the supply connector



- Place all supply connectors in position and press them down firmly. Make sure that the respective locking latch snaps into place.
- Mount the left end bracket on the Axioline F station.

Connecting and wiring the hardware 5

5.1 Sizing of the power supply

Power the SPLC 3000 with an external 24 V DC voltage supply. The permissible voltage range is 19.2 V DC to 30 V DC (ripple included).



Only use power supplies that are suitable for operation with capacitive loads (increased inrush current).

Select a power supply that is suitable for the currents in your application. The selection depends on the bus configuration and the resulting maximum currents.

WARNING: Loss of electrical safety and the safety function when using unsuit- $\angle !$ able power supplies

The SPLC 3000 is designed exclusively for protective extra-low voltage (PELV) operation in accordance with EN 60204-1.

 Only protective extra-low voltage in accordance with the defined standard may be used for supply purposes.

The following applies to the network (PROFINET and Axioline F) and the I/O devices used in it:

- Only use power supplies that meet the requirements of EN 61204 and feature safe isolation with PELV in accordance with IEC 61010-2-201 (PELV). They prevent short circuits between the primary and secondary side.
- Please also observe the information in Section "Electrical safety" on page 16.



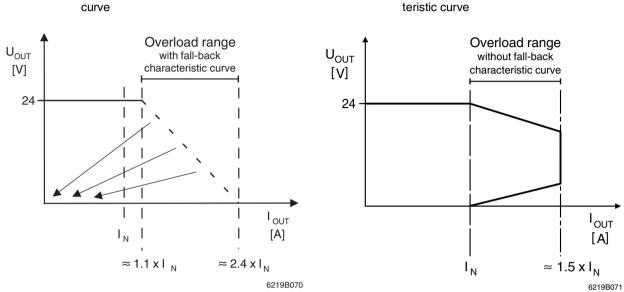
Please note:

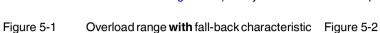
When the SPLC 3000 is switched on, an increased inrush current of 3.5 A, maximum, is temporarily triggered. The SPLC 3000 behaves like a capacitive load when it is switched on.

A power supply without fall-back characteristic curve must be used for correct operation of the SPLC 3000 (see Figure 5-2).

Make sure the power supply and the externally required fuse are compatible. ٠ The power supply must be able to temporarily provide the tripping current. For specifications on the "Power supply", please refer to Section "Technical data" as of page 175.

Some electronically controlled power supplies have a fall-back characteristic curve (see Figure 5-1). They are not suitable for operation with capacitive loads.





Overload range **without** fall-back characteristic curve

5.2 Supply voltage

5.2.1 DC distribution network in accordance with IEC 61326-3-1

A DC distribution network is a DC power supply network which supplies a complete industrial hall with DC voltage and to which any device can be connected. A typical system or machine distribution is not a DC distribution network. For devices that are provided for a typical system or machine distribution, the DC connections are viewed and tested as I/O signals according to IEC 61326-3-1.

When using a AXC F XT SPLC 3000 in a DC distribution network, install appropriate surge protection (e.g., PT 2+1-S-48DC/FM, item no. 2817958) directly upstream of the device.

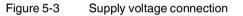
5.2.2 Connecting the supply voltage

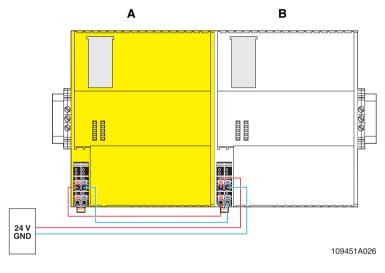


The supply voltage of the left-alignable SPLC 3000 and the PLCnext Control device used must be fed in via **a shared** power supply unit.

For further information on this, also read the information in the controller-specific UM EN AXC F X152 user manual.

• Connect the supply voltage via the Axioline F connector.





Key:

- A: AXC F XT SPLC 3000
- B: AXC F 3152

5.2.3 Supply connector: terminal point assignment

Figure 5-4 Terminal points for the supply voltage (communications voltage U₁)

Table 5-1 Feed-in of the supply voltage

Terminal point	Color	Assignment
a1, a2	Red	24 V DC (U _L)
b1, b2	Blue	GND

Key:

U_L: Supply voltage feed-in (bridged internally)

GND: Supply voltage reference potential (bridged internally)

5.2.4 Supply connector: Assembly and connecting cables

Observe the notes in Section 5.2.3 when assembling the connector for the supply voltage.

• Strip 8 mm off the cable. If necessary, fit a ferrule to the cable.

When using ferrules:

- Use ferrules in accordance with the specifications in the UM EN AXL F SYS INST user manual.
- Make sure that the ferrules are crimped correctly.
- **Rigid conductor/ferrule** Insert the cable into the terminal point. It is clamped into place automatically.

Figure 5-5 Connecting a rigid conductor

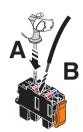


Connecting and wiring the hardware

Flexible conductor

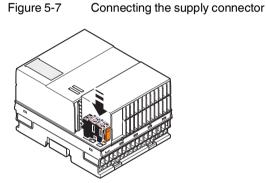
- Open the spring by pressing on the spring lever with a screwdriver (A in Figure 5-6). •
- Insert the conductor into the terminal point (B in Figure 5-6). •
- Remove the screwdriver to secure the conductor (recommended: bladed screwdriver, blade width 2.5 mm (e.g., SZS 0,4X2,5 VDE, item no. 1205037)

Figure 5-6 Connecting a flexible conductor



5.2.5 Connecting the supply connector

Place the supply connector vertically into its position and press down firmly. Make sure • that the locking latch snaps into place.



Supply the SPLC 3000 (together with the PLCnext Control used) with an external 24 V DC voltage supply. The permissible voltage range is 19.2 V DC to 30 V DC (ripple included).



Figure 5-7

Only use power supplies that are suitable for operation with capacitive loads (increased inrush current) (see Section 5.1).

Connect the power supply to the supply connector as shown in Figure 5-5 and in ٠ Figure 5-6. Observe the information in Section 5.2.3.

6 Commissioning and validation

WARNING: Avoid danger during commissioning

• Take appropriate measures to ensure that your system/machine does not present any danger during startup and validation.



WARNING: Safety function only available following validation

The planned system/machine safety function is only available following validation.

MARNING: Organizational or technical measures for checking the CRC checksum after a voltage reset or restart necessary

 Introduce organizational or technical measures for checking the CRC checksum expected for the respective system/machine after a voltage reset or system restart.

The CRC checksum is displayed by the CRC element of the SPLC system variable (see Table 8-1 "SPLC system variable and elements of the SPNSV2_TYPE data structure").

 Implement a technical measure for checking the CRC checksum in such a way that the check is carried out by a third technical entity beyond the SPLC 3000 and PLCnext Control.

The PLCnext Engineer software is required for starting up the SPLC 3000.

The following topics are also available in the PLCnext Info Center:



- Configuring Axioline F modules
- Adding left-alignable "PLCnext Control Extension" extension modules to the bus configuration
- Configuring PROFINET devices
- Programming in accordance with IEC 61131-3
- Instantiating programs
- Assigning process data
- Specifying the refresh interval for Axioline F I/O data
- Transmitting projects to the PLCnext Control
- Creating a PLCnext Engineer HMI application

6.1 Initial startup

The following information for commissioning the SPLC 3000 must be observed.

 Familiarization with the previous sections of this user manual and with the UM EN AXC F X152 user manual is essential in order to carry out the steps listed in the following table correctly. The UM EN AXC F X152 user manual describes, among other actions, how to install, commission and operate the PLCnext Control AXC F 2152 and AXC F 3152.

Therefore, if you have not done so already, read the previous sections and the UM EN AXC F X152 carefully. The section in the appendix of this user manual which corresponds to the previous sections must also be observed.

- The SPLC 3000 is commissioned immediately:
 - After switching on the supply voltage and subsequent successful startup, if an appropriate safety-related application program is available

Or

 Once an appropriate safety-related application program has been downloaded from PLCnext Engineer.

With appropriate safety-related programming, the safety function is active immediately after the startup phase of the SPLC 3000 and the outputs of the F-Devices and the outputs of the non-safety-related PROFINET devices and I/O participants (e.g., Axioline F modules) can be set depending on the programming.

For initial startup, proceed as described in Table 6-1.



The following table describes all the steps from unpacking the SPLC 3000 through mounting/installation to startup.

Table 6-1Steps for initial commissioning of the SPLC 3000

Ste	p	Relevant section and literature			
1	Remove the device from the packaging while observing the ESD regulations.	Section "Safety notes" on page 55			
2	Mount the device in accordance with your application.	Section "Mounting the hardware" on page 55			
3	Insert the SD card to be used into the PLCnext Control device.	 Observe the information on the SD card in Section 3.1, "General description of the SPLC 3000" and in the controller-specific UM EN AXC F X152 user manual. WARNING: Follow the instructions in note "WARNING: Organizational or technical measures for checking the CRC checksum after a voltage reset or restart necessary" on page 71. 			
4	Connect the power supply to the device.	 Notes on using PELV power supplies in Section "Electrical safety" on page 16 Section "Supply voltage" on page 67 			
i	Make sure that the PLCnext Control device as well as the PROFINET and F-Devices used in your application have been mounted and installed correctly before switching on the supply voltage.				

Ste	0	Relevant section and literature
5	Switch on the power supply for the SPLC 3000 and the	WARNING: No safety function
	PLCnext Control device used.	The planned system/machine safety function is only available following validation.
		• Refer to step 16 in this table.
		WARNING: Eliminate hazards
		 Take appropriate measures to ensure that your system/machine does not present any danger during startup and validation.
i	Please note: The SPLC 3000 and the PLCnext Control device used comprehensive self-tests the devices must perform. Th	take approximately one minute to start up. This is due to the ne LEDs on the two devices indicate the status.
i	The following steps must be performed in the PLCnext When carrying out the following steps, please refer to t ports you during programming and configuration in PLC	he online help of the software. The online help function sup-
6	Carry out all the steps in order to be able to integrate the device as a PROFIsafe F-Host into a PLCnext Engineer project.	 Online help for PLCnext Engineer Section "Integration of the SPLC 3000 as the F-Host in PLCnext Engineer" on page 81
7	Specify a new project password.	Section "Defining a project password" on page 86
8	Create the safety-related bus configuration in PLCnext Engineer.	 Section "Adding PROFINET devices" on page 89 Section "Adding I/O modules (F-Devices)" on page 91
9	In PLCnext Engineer, set the F_Source_Address (F Source_Add) and the F_Destination_Addresses (F_Dest_Add) that are set on the safe F-Devices.	Section "Assigning/checking the PROFIsafe address (F-Ad- dress) of PROFIsafe devices" on page 98
10	Check the settings for management/diagnostic vari- ables and adapt the settings, if necessary.	 Section "Description of the safety-related functioning of the SPLC 3000" on page 27
		 Section "Management/diagnostic variables for F-Devic- es" on page 102
		 Section "Management/diagnostic variables for each configured, lower-level F-Device" on page 147
		 Section "Global management/diagnostic variables for lower-level F-Devices" on page 151
11	Create the variables for the safety-related devices for process data exchange.	Section "Creating safety-related variables" on page 108
12	Link the created variables to the process data in accordance with your application.	Section "Assigning safety-related process data" on page 112
Λ	WARNING: Safety-related steps	the PLCnext Engineer software and the safety validation of
	the PROFIsafe system.	THE TEOREXTENSILEE Solward and the Salety validation of
	• For the following steps, please also observe the che	
	In addition, refer to the online help for the PLCnext E	
13	Carry out the necessary device parameterization in the PLCnext Engineer software.	Section "Programming in accordance with IEC 61131-3 – safety-related example program" on page 98
14	Check the bus configuration and variable assignment (exchange variables).	

 Table 6-1
 Steps for initial commissioning of the SPLC 3000

AXC F XT SPLC 3000

Ste	eb	Relevant section and literature					
15	Specify a new controller password.	Section "Specifying the SPLC 3000 controller password" on page 114					
16	Carry out the validation using the checklist ""Initial com- missioning" and "recommissioning/device replace- ment" validation" on page 191.	Section "Appendix: Checklists" on page 181					

Table 6-1 Steps for initial commissioning of the SPLC 3000

U It is possible to access the SD card, meaning that data can be read and tampered with.

• Observe Section "Note on security" on page 14, in particular in terms of access protection for the SD card.

WARNING: Carry out verification in accordance with safety standards

• Carry out verification for all the steps involved in creating the safety program for your application in accordance with the applicable safety standards for your application.

6.2 Recommissioning after replacing the SPLC 3000

- The device does not have to be configured again during recommissioning after replacing the SPLC 3000 (see steps 6 to 15 in Table 6-1 "Steps for initial commissioning of the SPLC 3000"). The safety-related project is located on the SD card that is plugged into the PLCnext Control device.
- For recommissioning after the device has been replaced, proceed as described in steps 1 to 5 and 16 in Table 6-1 on page 72.

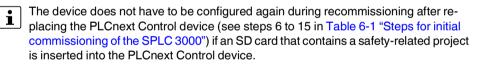
The prerequisite for this is that the device to be replaced has been removed from the application in accordance with the instructions in Section "Removing hardware" on page 159.

6.3 Recommissioning after replacing the PLCnext Control

6.3.1 Recommissioning after replacing the PLCnext Control with the use of a new, empty SD card

Once you have taken the steps necessary for replacing the PLCnext Control device, proceed in accordance with the instructions in Section 6.1, "Initial startup" and in particular in accordance with Table 6-1 "Steps for initial commissioning of the SPLC 3000" listed there.

6.3.2 Recommissioning after replacing the PLCnext Control device with the use of a new SD card that contains a safetyrelated and a non-safety-related project



• For recommissioning after the device has been replaced, proceed as described in steps 1 to 5 and 16 in Table 6-1 on page 72.

The prerequisite for this is that the device to be replaced has been replaced with a new device in the application in accordance with the instructions in UM EN AXC F X152.



WARNING:

Follow the instructions in note "WARNING: Organizational or technical measures for checking the CRC checksum after a voltage reset or restart necessary" on page 71.

6.4 Example SPLC 3000 commissioning

6.4.1 Example: The SPLC 3000 as the F-Host for Axioline F and Axioline Smart Elements F-Devices

To make your introduction to working with the SPLC 3000 as straightforward as possible, the descriptions in later sections are based on the following configuration.

The SPLC 3000 communicates as the F-Host via PROFINET/PROFIsafe with the safety-related Axioline F I/O modules and via the Axioline F local bus with the safety-related Axioline Smart Elements I/O modules.



Lower-level PROFINET devices and PROFIsafe F-Devices

Please note that, in principle, you can use Axioline F bus couplers as well as the corresponding I/O devices and devices from other manufacturers as lower-level PROFINET devices and/or PROFIsafe F-Devices.

In the following example configuration in Figure 6-1, an Axioline F bus coupler is coupled at a lower level to an Axioline F station. The Axioline F station consists of the modular AXC F 3152 controller and an SPLC 3000 left-aligned to this.

Communication between the SPLC 3000 and the safety-related Axioline F I/O modules is done via PROFINET/PROFIsafe through the Axioline F PROFINET bus coupler.

Furthermore, the SPLC 3000 communicates via the PLCnext Control AXC F 3152 directly via the Axioline F local bus with the safety-related Axioline Smart Elements I/O modules.

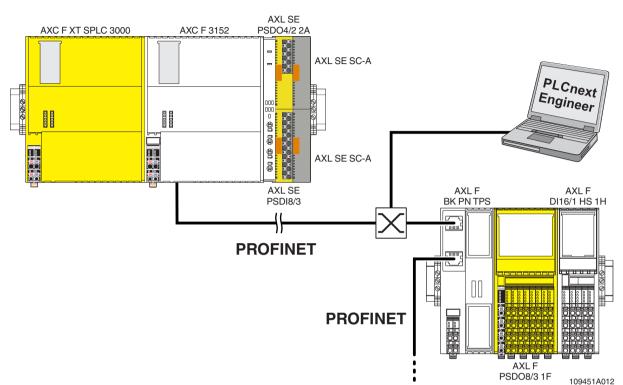
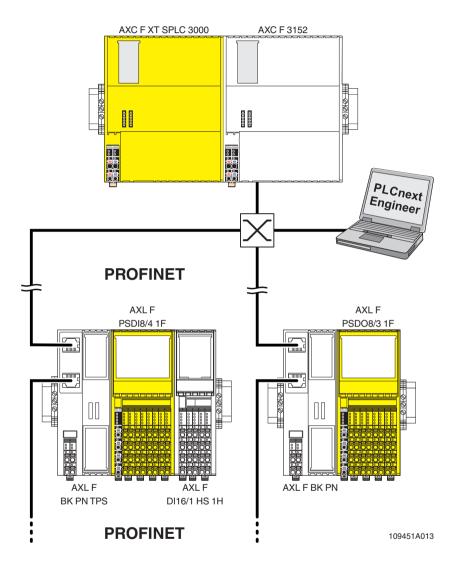


Figure 6-1 Example configuration: The SPLC 3000 as the F-Host with safety-related communication via the Axioline F local bus and via PROFINET/PROFIsafe

6.4.2 Further example configurations

6.4.2.1 The SPLC 3000 as the F-Host with safety-related communication via PROFINET/PROFIsafe

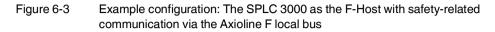
Figure 6-2 Example configuration: The SPLC 3000 as the F-Host with safety-related communication via PROFINET/PROFIsafe

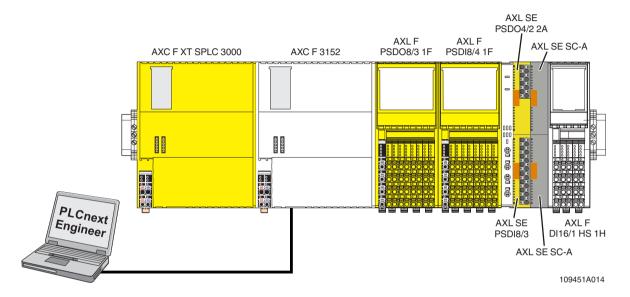


In this example configuration, two Axioline F bus couplers are coupled at a lower level to an Axioline F station. The Axioline F station consists of the modular AXC F 3152 small-scale controller and an SPLC 3000 left-aligned to this.

Communication between the SPLC 3000 as the F-Host and the safety-related Axioline F I/O modules is implemented via PROFINET/PROFIsafe via the Axioline F PROFINET bus coupler.

6.4.2.2 The SPLC 3000 as the F-Host with safety-related communication via the Axioline F local bus





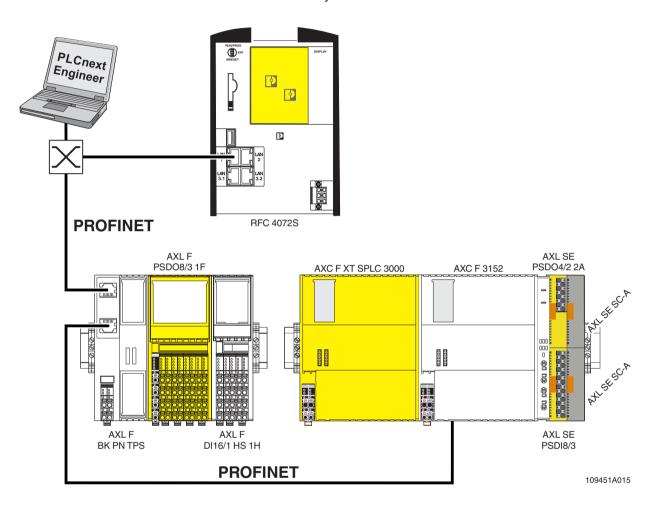
In this example configuration, the SPLC 3000 is aligned to the left of the modular AXC F 3152 small-scale controller in an Axioline F station.

In the Axioline F station, various F-Devices are aligned to the right of the PLCnext Control AXC F 3152. These are safety-related Axioline F and Axioline Smart Elements I/O modules.

The SPLC 3000 as the F-Host communicates via the PLCnext Control AXC F 3152 with the safety-related Axioline Smart Elements and Axioline F I/O modules directly via the Axioline F local bus.

6.4.2.3 The SPLC 3000 as the lower-level F-Device with safety-related communication via PROFINET/PROFIsafe and as the F-Host with safety-related communication via the Axioline F local bus

Figure 6-4 Example configuration: The SPLC 3000 as the lower-level F-Device with safety-related communication via PROFINET/PROFIsafe and as the F-Host with safety-related communication via the Axioline F local bus



In this example configuration, the SPLC 3000 communicates as the lower-level F-Device with the safety-related RFC 4072S compact controller (F-Host) via PROFINET/PROFIsafe.

Furthermore, the SPLC 3000 communicates as the F-Host via the PLCnext Control AXC F 3152 with the safety-related Axioline Smart Elements and Axioline F I/O modules directly via the Axioline F local bus.

6.4.3 Integration of the SPLC 3000 as the F-Host in **PLCnext Engineer**

The following sections describe how to:

- Create a new project in PLCnext Engineer (see Section 6.5.5). _
- Add F-Devices connected to the SPLC 3000 (see Section 6.7.2). _
- Program a safety-related program in PLCnext Engineer, including creating and linking _ variables (see Section 6.9).
- Configure F-Devices in PLCnext Engineer (see Section 6.9.1 and Section 6.9.2).
- Download the non-safety-related project to the PLCnext Control device and initiate the execution (see Section 6.10).
- Download the safety-related project to the SPLC 3000 and initiate the execution (see Section 6.10).
 - Display safety-related online values in PLCnext Engineer (see Section 6.11).



For the chronological sequence of the listed steps, please refer to the example application.

This section assumes the following:

- You have installed the PLCnext Engineer software on your PC in accordance with the _ online help.
- You have installed the connected F-Devices in accordance with the device-specific user documentation.



When carrying out the following steps, please refer to the online help of the **1** When carrying out the following steps, please fold, to the charge of the second state of the second st eterizing the software.



WARNING: Network error/network conflict

If you use more than one F-Host with the same F_Source_Address in different networks connected via routers, use routers with the following property: In the event of a network error/network conflict, the router does not switch to "switch operation". Use a router with "secure network separation".

6.5 Software requirements

6.5.1 **PLCnext Engineer software**

Detailed information on PLCnext Engineer and on PLCnext Technology can be found i in the PLCnext Community at plcnext-community.net and in particular in the PLCnext Info Center.

The PLCnext Engineer software is required for starting up the SPLC 3000.

6.5.2 Installing PLCnext Engineer

The software can be downloaded at phoenixcontact.net/product/1046008.

- Download the software onto your PC. •
- Double-click the *.exe file to start installation.
- Follow the instructions in the installation wizard. .

6.5.3 **PLCnext Engineer license**

Ensure that you install a version of the PLCnext Engineer software (2023.0.3 LTS or ٠ \geq 2023.6) suitable for the SPLC 3000 you will be using.

PLCnext Engineer add-in for functional safety applications

H. Note that the "Add-in Functional Safety Editor" is necessary for creating functional safety applications in PLCnext Engineer.

6.5.4 User interface

	PLCnext Engineer - C:Userslpyka04\AppData\Roaming\PH	OFNIX CONTACTUDI Crevt Engineeri202	23 0INEW/DD/) IECT2 nowey*			- n ×	
1 —	Edit View Project Extras Window	Help					
2 —		🗤 - 🖛 🖣 🖷 🚘 = i	11			CONTACT	
	PLANT	C Project ×			~	COMPONENTS	
	⊠ 米 ≒ _ Search व	🖧 Settings 🕌 IP Subnet	📋 Description 💊 Safety Informat	tion 🙆 Online Controllers	~ □	図米与。 ,	
	 Project axc-f-3152-2-1 : AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) 		Settings		7 - 0 ^	Programming (268) PLCnext Components & Programs (0)	
3 —	PLCnext (2) IEC 61131-3	IP subnet	Identity			 Vetwork (579) 	-
0	Safety PLC (1)	SNMP	Network name: () Domain(s): ()	network01		> 🦓 HMI (36)	<u> </u>
	OPC UA Profinet (0)	Scan sources	IP range			> 🛃 Libraries (0)	
	Axioline F (0)	Scan details	Start IP address: ①	192 . 168 . 2 . 2			
		Network load	End IP address: (j)	192 . 168 . 2 . 254			
4 —	1	<u>+</u>	Subnet mask: () Default gateway: ()	255 . 255 . 255 . 0			
			Default galeway.				
			MESSAG	ES	<u>+ л х</u>		
		Error List Project Log	🛆 Online Log 🛛 Export L	.og 🗟 Safety Log 🛛 🕇	Search 🧃		
		To Code		Description			
6 —	1	<u>.</u>					
_		📃 Q 🗷 🖼 🔳	· · · · ·	-			
/	afety-related Area: Logged Off			0 em	rs, 0 warnings 🛛 🕵 🕺 1	100% – 🗕 + 👷	
	1.	. Menu bar					
	2.	. Toolbar					
	3.	. "PLANT" area	а				
	4	. Editor area					
	5.		NTS" area				
	6.		nal area				
	7.	. Status bar					
ΈΡΙ ΔΝ	IT" area A	Il of the physical	and logical co	moonents of your a	nnlication ar	e mapped in the forn	n of a
		ierarchical trees	•	• •	ppiloation an		1010
	11						
Editor	area D	ouble-clicking o	n a node in the	"PLANT" area or o	n an element	t in the "COMPONEN	NTS"
_001						groups are always of	
				J		5	-

opened and closed via buttons in the editor group.

played in the center of the user interface. The color of the editor group indicates whether it is an instance editor (green; opened from the "PLANT" area) or a type editor (blue; opened from the "COMPONENTS" area). Each editor group contains several editors that can be

Figure 6-5 PLCnext Engineer user interface

109451_en_01

"COMPONENTS" area	The "COMPONENTS" area contains all of the components available for the project.
	 The components can be divided into the following types based on their function: Developing program code ("Data Types", "Programs", and "Functions and Function
	Blocks")
	 Displaying all devices available for the "PLANT" area and adding them via GSDML or FDCML ("Devices")
	 Editing HMI pages ("HMI")
	 Adding libraries such as firmware libraries, IEC user libraries or libraries provided by Phoenix Contact ("References")
Cross-functional area	The cross-functional area contains functions that extend across the entire project. – MESSAGES:
	Displays system messages, including an error list with all errors, warnings, and mes- sages of the current project, as well as logs.
	- GLOBAL FIND AND REPLACE:
	Finds and replaces strings in the project. CROSS REFERENCES:
	Displays all cross-references within the project, for example, the use and declaration of all variable types or HMI tags.
	- NOTIFICATION LOGGER:
	 Messages sent from the firmware of the PLCnext Control device. WATCHES:
	Debug tool; shows the current values of the added variables in online mode.
	- BREAKPOINTS:
	Debug tool for setting and resetting breakpoints when debugging within the application
	– CALL STACKS:
	Debug tool that shows the order for calling up when executing the code and that con- tains commands for debugging with breakpoints
	- LOGIC ANALYZER:
	Records and visualizes variable values during runtime.
	– ONLINE STATE:
	While there is an online connection established to the controller and to the safety-re- lated controller, a higher-level symbol of their operating state is displayed in the ON- LINE STATE window.
	– LOGGING:
	 Shows all errors, warnings, and messages. A distinction is made between "online" (messages regarding the runtime environment, as well as errors and warnings that concern online communication) and "engineering" (messages regarding software events, e.g., GSDML and FDCML files; not project-related). RECYCLE BIN:
	Elements that have recently been deleted from the "PLANT" or "COMPONENTS" areas
	are moved to the recycle bin. Deleted elements can be restored from here, if needed.

6.5.5 Creating a new project

- Open PLCnext Engineer.
- Create a new project.

Two PLCnext Control devices are available in the PLCnext Engineer software for operating the left-alignable SPLC 3000.

 In the COMPONENTS area under "Network, Axiocontrol, ..., Controller with AXC F XT SPLC 3000 (x)", click on the PLCnext Control device "AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.3.0".

Figure 6-6 Selecting the PLCnext Control device AXC F 3152
--

COMPONENTS	
$ \begin{array}{cccc} SZ & SK & \longleftarrow & & \\ SY & SK & \to & & \\ \end{array} $	Search 🦉 🖕
> 🛅 Programming (266)	
PLCnext Components & Programs (0)	
✓	
Local (0)	
✓ Axiocontrol (182)	
Devices (182)	
Phoenix Contact (182)	
Axiocontrol (60)	
Controller (40)	
Controller with AXC F XT SPLC 1	000 (14)
Controller with AXC F XT SPLC 3	000 (6)
AXC F 2152 (AXC F XT SPL	C 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0
AXC F 2152 (AXC F XT SPL	C 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.6.0
AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPL	C 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0
AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPL	C 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.3.0
Vendor: Phoenix Contact Product family: Axiocontrol Device family: Controller with A Item number: 1069208	3.9.0

- Drag the selected PLCnext Control device into the "PLANT" area while pressing the mouse button.
- Paste the PLCnext Control to the project node.
- Open the "File, Save project as..." menu.
- Enter a unique and meaningful name for the project (in the example: "UM_SPLC_3000").
- Click the "Save" button.

Further information on creating a new project is available in the UM EN AXC F X152 user manual and in the PLCnext Engineer software online help function.

6.5.6 Defining a project password

If prompted by PLCnext Engineer, enter a project password in the "PROJECT PASSWORD DEFINITION" dialog.

The project password in PLCnext Engineer allows you to edit safety-related parts of the PLANT, the COMPONENTS area, the code, and the variables. Safety-related parts of the project can only be edited if you are logged into the safety-related area. This area is only accessible to authorized users.



PROJECT PASSWORD DEFINITION		×
Define a password for the Safety-related Area access		
Denne a passion for the Sulety-folded Area access		
•••••	o	
•••••	Ø	
	1	
OK	Cancel	

The project password must contain between 6 and 64 characters.

• Save the project using an appropriate project name (in the example: "UM_SPLC_3000").

6.6 Further actions/steps in the PLCnext Engineer software

6.6.1 Setting the IP address range in the project

Please note:

^J For the following steps/settings in the project, proceed in accordance with the descriptions in the UM EN AXC F X152 user manual.

• Specify an IP address range for the project to be able to operate it in your network.

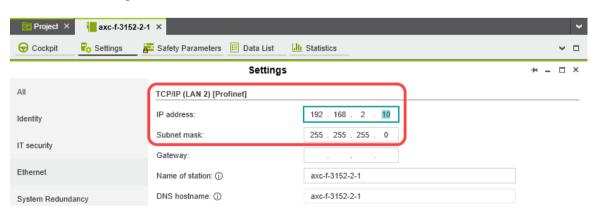
Figure 6-8 IP address range set in the project

🐱 Project 🗡					~
Settings	📋 Description 🔒 Safety Information 🔇	Online Controllers		Ŷ	
	Settings		→ _		×
IP subnet	Identity				
SNMP	Network name: (j)	network01			
Scan sources	Domain(s): (j)				
	IP range				
Scan details	Start IP address: (j)	192 . 168 . 2 . 2			
Network load	End IP address: ()	192 . 168 . 2 . 254			
	Subnet mask: (j)	255 . 255 . 255 . 0			
	Default gateway: ①				

6.6.2 Setting the IP address of the controller in the project

 Specify an IP address for the controller that lies within the previously set IP address range.

Figure 6-9 Controller IP address set



6.6.3 Connecting PLCnext Engineer to the controller

• Connect PLCnext Engineer to the controller to be able to transfer a project to the controller. To do so, select the controller available online in PLCnext Engineer.

⊳ ∘	Project ×										~
₽\$	Settings	P Subnet	Ê	Description	n 🔊 Safety Information 🧕	Online Controllers				¥	
					Online Controller	S			₩ -		×
Ethermet Intel(R) Ethermet Connection (11) 1219-LM 🗸 🛞 🗶 🖡 🕞 🖧 🦣 🛃 🎽 🔇 🗸 🔻 Search								ব্	- -		
							Last	scan on 11/21/	/2023 10:	58:26	5 AM
T	Name of s	tation (Project)	>	Status	Name of station (Online)						
	axc-f-3152	-2-1		~	axc-f-3152-2-1						

Figure 6-10 Configured controller assigned to an online device

6.6.4 User authentication

• Upon the request by PLCnext Engineer, enter a user name and a password if user authentication is enabled (default setting).

Figure 6-11	"SECURE DEVICE LOGIN" dialog
-------------	------------------------------

Device serial number: 1363757905 Enter user name and password to authenticate with Controller 'AXC F 3152'	Ŀ,
admin	~
******	o
Remember credentials dinweis: Dieses Gerät darf nur von autorisierten Benutzern für autorisierte Zwecke verwendet werden. Ihre Anmeldeinformationen und alle Benutzeraktionen auf diesem Gerät können überwacht, aufgezeichnet, kopiert und auditiert werden. Durch die weitere Verwendung dieses Geräts erklären Sie sich mit diesen Bedingungen einverstanden.	
Notice: This device may only be used by authorized users for authorized purposes. Your credentials and all user actions on this device an be monitored, recorded, copied and audited. By continuing to	

The user name, the password, and further information on user authentication preset in the delivery state can be found in the UM EN AXC F X152 user manual.

A successful connection is displayed in the "PLANT" area on the node of the controller.



Further information is available in the <u>PLCnext Info Center</u> and in the PLCnext Engineer online help function.

6.7 Configuring PROFINET devices

A description of the procedure for configuring PROFINET devices is available in the PLCnext Community at <u>plcnext-community.net</u> and in particular in the <u>PLCnext Info</u> <u>Center</u> as well as in the PLCnext Engineer online help function.

6.7.1 Adding PROFINET devices

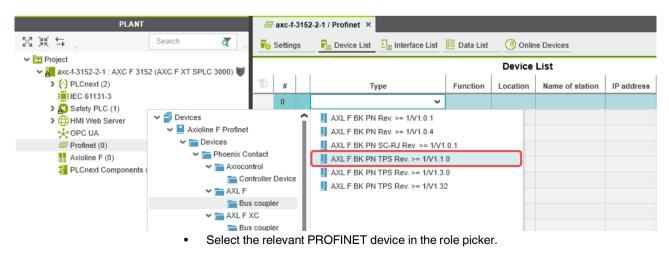
• Double-click the "Profinet (x)" node in the "PLANT" area.

The "/ Profinet" controller editor group opens.

- Select the "Device List" editor.
- Add the PROFINET devices in the "Device List" editor. To do this, proceed as follows:
- Select "Select type here" in the first row of the "Device List" editor.

The role picker opens. Only those elements from the "COMPONENTS" area that you can actually use are displayed in the role picker.

Figure 6-13 Role picker for selecting PROFINET devices



The PROFINET device is automatically added and mapped under the "Profinet (x)" node in the "PLANT" area.

• Proceed as described above to add more PROFINET devices.

Figure 6-14 PROFINET devices in the "PLANT" area and in the Device List

PLANT				axc-f-	3152-2-	1 / Profinet ×				
Search ₹				etting	S	Pevice List 🔚 Interface List 🗎	Data List	🔇 Online 🛛	evices	
✓ Con Project ✓ ↓ axc-f-3152-2-1 : AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000)								Device Li	st	
 PLCnext (2) IEC 61131-3 Safety PLC (1) 			TO .	#		Туре	Function	Location	Name of station	IP address
				0		AXL F BK PN TPS Rev. >= 1/V1.1.0			axl-f-bk-pn-tps-1	192.168.2.20
HMI Web Server		- 1		1		Select type here				
COPC UA				2		Select type here				
✓ ^{mm} / _{mm} Profinet (1)				3		Select type here				
→ axi-f-bk-pn-tps-1 : → → dap-1 : DAP (4				4		Select type here				
Axioline F (0)	-1	- 1		5		Select type here				
PLCnext Components	; (0)			6		Select type here				

6.7.2 Adding I/O modules (F-Devices)

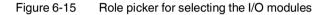
This section describes how to **manually** add I/O modules (here: F-Devices) to PROFINET devices and to the "Axioline F (x)" node.

Adding I/O modules to PROFINET devices In the "PLANT" area, double-click on the PROFINET device whose I/O modules you wish to add.

The editor group of the selected PROFINET device opens; "axf-f-bk-pn-tps-1" in the example.

- Select the "Module List" editor.
- Select "Select type here" in the first row of the "Module List" editor.

The role picker opens.



		axl-f-	bk-pn-tj	ps-1 ×					
23.3K ≒ _	Search 🦉 🖕	Fo	Setting	gs	Regional Module List				
 Project axc-f-3152-2-1 : 	AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) 😈							Module Li	ist
PLCnext (2)	_	TO	#		Туре		Function	Location	
IEC 61131-3			0		DAP				—
Safety PLC ((1)								
> 🕀 HMI Web Se	rver		1			~			
🔆 OPC UA	✓				AXL F PSAI8 I 1F Rev. >= 0	0/1.00			
✓ ^{IIII} / _{IIII} Profinet (1)	🛩 📃 Axioline F Profinet			- 1	AXL F PSDI8/4 1F				
✓ axl-f-bk-j	V To Devices			- 1	AXL F PSDO8/3 1F				
🕽 🍋 dap-	Phoenix Contact			- 1		_			
Axioline F (0	🛩 🚞 AXL F			- 1					
PLCnext Co	✓			- 1					
	✓			- 1					
	V 🔂 AXL F								
	🚞 Ga	ateway							
	<u> </u>) analo	g						
	<u> </u>) digita	1						
	<u> </u>) functi	ion mo	dule					
	I /C	PRO	Flsafe						

• Select the relevant I/O module in the role picker.

Project password: Logging into the safety-related Area In this area, you change the safety-related project by adding F-Devices. If you are not logged into the "Safety-related Area", PLCnext Engineer will prompt you to enter a password.

Through the targeted distribution of the password, you can specify the circle of users who may make changes to the safety-related project.

Enter the password in the following dialog and confirm your entry by clicking on the arrow.

igure 6-16	Entering the project password	
	PROJECT AUTHENTICATION	
to safety-relate	word and click 'OK', to log on to the Safety-related Area and get write acce d project parts. o remain logged off. Safety-related data is displayed in read-only mode.	_
	OK Can	el

A successful login is indicated by text highlighted in yellow:

Figure 6-17 Successful login to the safety-related area



The I/O module is added and shown in the "PLANT" area under the "Profinet (x)" node for the respective PROFINET device (see Figure 6-18).

• Proceed as described above to add more I/O modules.

	Figure 6-18	I/O modules connected to the PROFINET device
--	-------------	--

PLANT		axl-f-l	ok-pn-t	ps-1 ×		
Search ₹	R _o	Setting	IS	Redule List 🗵 Data List		
V 💀 Project						Module List
 W axc-f-3152-2-1 : AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) W PLCnext (2) 	TO	#		Туре	Function	Location
:∰IEC 61131-3 ▶ 💦 Safety PLC (1)		0		DAP		
MINI Web Server		1	<mark>81</mark>	AXL F PSD08/3 1F		
🔆 OPC UA		2		Select type here		
✓ IIII Profinet (1)						
 ✓ II axI-f-bk-pn-tps-1 : AXL F BK PN TPS (2) > ▶ ☐ dap-1 : DAP (4) 		4				
✓ Au sdo-1 : AXL F PSDO8/3 1F (1)						
🚠 sdo-1 : SDO8		6				
Axioline F (0)						

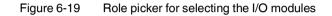
3.4.5.5

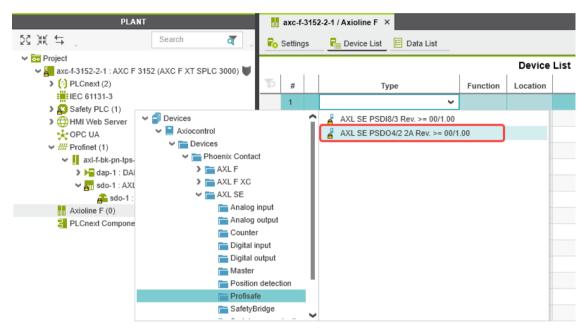
Adding I/O modules to the "Axioline F (x)" node

- In the "PLANT" area, double-click the "Axioline F (x)" node.
- The "/ Axioline F" controller editor group opens.
- Select the "Device List" editor.
- Add the I/O modules in the "Device List" editor. To do this, proceed as follows:
 - Select "Select type here" in the first row of the "Device List" editor.

The role picker opens.

•





• In the role picker, select the respective I/O modules.

If, as in this example, you are using Axioline Smart Elements slot covers of the type AXL SE SC-A, configure these accordingly.

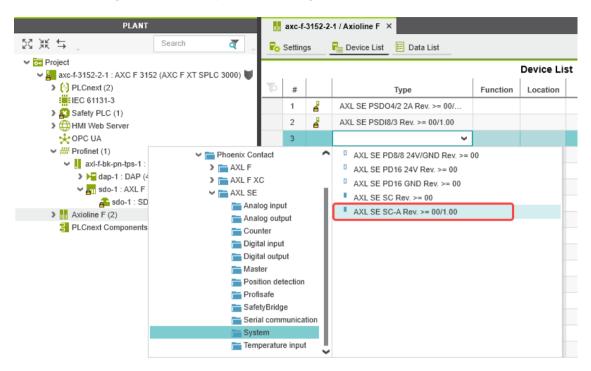


Figure 6-20 Role picker for selecting the I/O modules

The figure below shows all I/O modules contained in the example project.



Figure 6-21 Example project

6.8 Programming in accordance with IEC 61131-3 – non-safety-related example program

Information on programming a non-safety-related example program is not a part of this user manual.



Information on programming in accordance with IEC 61131-3 can be found in the PLCnext Community at <u>plcnext-community.net</u> and in particular in the <u>PLCnext Info</u>. <u>Center</u> as well as in the PLCnext Engineer online help function.

In the above listed sources, read how to:

- Open and create a program organization unit (POU) (see Section 6.8.1).
- Create non-safety-related variables.
- Create non-safety-related programs.
- Assign non-safety-related process data.
- Instantiate programs (see Section 6.8.2).
- Create PLCnext Engineer HMI applications.



Please note:

Due to the creation of a new project for the SPLC 3000 described in Section 6.5.5, you have to carry out the steps in sections 6.8.1 "Creating a POU" and 6.8.2 "Instantiating programs" for the SPLC 3000 yourself.

6.8.1 Creating a POU

If you have created a new project for the SPLC 3000, you must create the program organization unit (POU) with the name "Main" in the "COMPONENTS" area under "Programs" for the non-safety-related part of the project (see Figure 6-23). The POU with the name "S_-Main" has been created automatically.

To create a new POU, proceed as follows:

- Click on "Programming (x)" in the "COMPONENTS" area.
- Click on the arrow next to "Local (x)".
- Right-click "Programs (x)".
- In the context menu, select "Add Program".

Figure 6-22 Program	n PC)U: "Add F	Program	n" context men
	OMP	ONENTS		
$\boxtimes \Re \Leftrightarrow \mathbb{Q}$			Search	ব্ _
✓				
 Local (2) Data Types (1) Functions & Function B 	locks ((0)	_	
✓ ➡ Programs (1) ▲ S_Main	1	Add Program		
Extended (84)		Add Safe Pro	ogram	
IEC 61131-3 (126)	*	Add Folder		
Safety IEC 61131-3 (56)		Paste		Ctrl+V

• Enter the name "Main" for the new POU.





6.8.2 Instantiating programs

	Programs are instantiated in the "Tasks and Events" editor. To instantiate a program, create the required task and assign it to the desired program instance. Individual tasks are coordinated and processed in the Execution and Synchronization Man- ager (ESM). The PLCnext Control device used (AXC F 3152 in the example) operates with a dual-core processor and has one ESM ("ESM1" and "ESM2" in the "Tasks and Events" editor) per processor core.
Opening the "Tasks and Events" editor	 To open the "Tasks and Events" editor, proceed as follows: Double-click on the "PLCnext (x)" node in the "PLANT" area. The "/ PLCnext" editor group opens. Select the "Tasks and Events" editor.
Creating tasks	 To create a new task, proceed as follows: In the "Name" column, enter a name for the new task in the "Enter task name here" input field ("Task1" in the example in Figure 6-24). The name may not contain any spaces. In the "Task type" column, click in the input field. Select the "Task type" from the drop-down list. Make all of the required settings for the task in the remaining columns.
Instantiating a program	 To instantiate a program, proceed as follows: In the "Name" column, enter a name for the program instance under a task in the "Enter program instance name here" input field ("Main1" in the example in Figure 6-24). The name may not contain any spaces. Click on "Select program type here" in the "Program type" column. Select the program to be instantiated from the drop-down list ("Main" in the example in Figure 6-24). The selected program is instantiated and assigned to a task.

Figure 6-24	Tasks and program instances in the "Tasks and Events" editor

6	(:) axc-f-3152-2-1 / PLCnext ×									
ð	📋 Tasks and Events 🖹 GDS Port List 🐉 Data Logger Sessions 🤅 Online Parameters 🗸 🗸									
	Tasks and Events 🔶 🕂 🗕 🗆									- 🗆 ×
Ť	Ψ							S	earch	ব
Ţ0	Name	Component name	Task type	Event name	Program type	Interval (ms)	Priority	Threshold (n	ns) Watchdog (ms)	Comment
	✓ III, ESM1									
	✓ C Task1		Cyclic task			100	0	0	100	
l	🗇 Main1	Arp.Plc.Eclr			Main					
	Enter program instance name here				Select program type here					
	Enter task name here									
	✓ H ESM2									
	✓ SafetyProxyTask		Cyclic task			5	0	0	100	
	sproxy_1	Arp.Services.SpnsProxy			SpnsProxyProgram					
	Enter task name here									

6.9 Programming in accordance with IEC 61131-3 – safety-related example program

Once you have created the non-safety-related part of the example project, you can start creating the safety-related part.

6.9.1 Assigning/checking the PROFIsafe address (F-Address) of PROFIsafe devices

The PROFIsafe address (F-Address) is a unique identifier for each PROFIsafe device in the network. The F-Host is assigned an F_Source_Address (F_Source_Add), while each F-Device is assigned its own F_Destination_Address (F_Dest_Add).



Unique F-Address assignment – avoid address overlapping

- Assign a unique F-Address to each F-Device that is used. Each F-Address assigned within a network must be unique.
- Avoid overlapping F-Addresses. They are not permitted.

In the example, the F-Devices are assigned the following F-Destination addresses:

- AXL F PSDO8/3 1F: 1
- AXL SE PSDO4/2 2A: 2
- AXL SE PSDI8/3: 3

For more detailed information on setting the PROFIsafe F-Addresses, please refer to "Device identification/number of safe devices" on page 30 and the device-specific user documentation.

Double-click on the controller node in the "PLANT" area.

F_Source_Address (F_-Source_Add)

The controller editor group opens.

• Select the "Safety Parameters" editor.

If you are not currently logged into the safety-related area, you will now be prompted to enter the password in the "PROJECT AUTHENTICATION" dialog that opens (see "Project password: Logging into the safety-related Area" on page 91).

Figure 6-25 F-Address of the F-Host: F_Source_Add (F_Source_Address)

axc-f-3152	-2-1 ×			
🕞 Cockpit	Po Settings	🚪 Safety Parameters 📃 Data L	ist <u>III</u> Statistics	_
	///////////////////////////////////////		Parameters	
		axc-t-31:	52-2-1 (j)	
All		Profisafe - Addressing		
Profisafe - Addre	essing	F_Source_Add:	1024	
		F_Dest_Add:	1	

 In the "PROFIsafe Addressing" view, check the setting for the F_Source_Add F-Address. In the example, set F_Source_Add to "1024". If necessary, adapt the value of F_-Source_Add to your application.

An adjustable range of "1 ... 65534_{dec}", maximum, is permitted.

F_Destination_Address (F Dest Add)

Using the SPLC 3000 as the F-Device: Setting F-Dest_Add

i | If you are using the SPLC 3000 in your application as an F-Device, you can also set its F_Dest_Add in the "Safety Parameters" editor (see Figure 6-25).

- Only assign F_Dest_Add values once.
- For the SPLC 3000 set PROFIsafe destination addresses in a range from 1 to a maximum of 65534_{dec}.



Using the SPLC 3000 as F-Host

An adjustable range of "1 ... 65534 dec", maximum, is permitted for the F-Addresses of the safety modules used (F_Dest_Add / F_Destination_Address).

Please note the following points:

- Only assign F_Dest_Add values once.
- · For safety modules, set Phoenix Contact PROFIsafe destination addresses in a range from 1 to a maximum of 999_{dec}.
- · For safety modules from other manufacturers, set PROFIsafe destination addresses in a range from 1 to 65534_{dec}.
- Under the "Profinet (x)" and "Axioline F (x)" nodes in the "PLANT" area, double-click on the lower-level node of the safety module whose F-Address you want to set.

The safety module editor group opens.



DIP switches for setting the F-Address of F-Devices used

- You must set the PROFIsafe address via the DIP switches directly on the F-Device prior to mounting. Check the set F-Address in the project in PLCnext Engineer and adapt the settings there, if necessary.
- Select the "Safety Parameters" editor.

🚠 sdo-1 🗡		
🏹 Settings 🛛 🚰 Safety Paramete	ers 🗵 Data List	
	Safety Param	eters
	axc-f-3152-2-1 / axl-f-bk-pn-tps-1 / s	sdo-1 / sdo-1 ()
All	F_Parameter	
F_Parameter	F_Source_Add:	1024
Output 00 Channel 1 / Channel 2	F_Dest_Add:	1
-	motor" view, obsolution	g for the F Dest Add F-Address.

- Set F_Dest_Add to the value that corresponds to the DIP switch setting of the safety module.
- In the example, set F Dest Add for the safety modules used to the following values:
 - "1" for the AXL F PSDO8/3 1F (see Figure 6-26)
 - "2" for the AXL SE PSDO4/2 2A
 - "3" for the AXL SE PSDI8/3

If necessary, adapt the F_Dest_Add values to your application.

An adjustable range of "1 ... 65534_{dec}", maximum, is permitted.

Proceed as described above for other safety modules in your application.

Figure 6-26 F-Address of the PROFIsafe F-Device: F_Dest_Add (F_Destination_Address)

6.9.2 Checking/setting safety parameters for configured F-Devices

For configured F-Devices, you must check and possibly set various safety parameters, depending on the safety function and safety integrity. Specifically, these are F-Address F_Dest_Add, watchdog time F_WD_Time, and the input/output parameters.

WARNING: Safety and availability of the system/machine

Select a suitable watchdog time F_WD_Time to ensure the safety and availability of your system/machine.

• Select a watchdog time that is long enough to ensure the safety of your system/machine with the maximum possible availability.

For further information on selecting the watchdog time, refer to Section 3.3 on page 34.

- 1. Calling up the safety-related parameters for the AXL F PSDO8/3 1F:
- Under the "Profinet (x)" node in the "PLANT" area, double-click on the lower-level node of the safety module whose safety-related parameters you want to set (in the example in Figure 6-27: AXL F PSDO8/3 1F).

The safety module editor group opens.

• Select the "Safety Parameters" editor.

Figure 6-27 "Safety Parameters" editor: AXL F PSDO8/3 1F

着 sdo-1 🛛 🖌							
💫 Settings 🛛 🚝 Safety Parameters 🔲 Data List							
Safety Parameters							
	axc-f-3152-2-1 / axl-f-bk-pn-tps-1 / s	sdo-1 / sdo-1 (j)					
All	F_Parameter						
F_Parameter	F_Source_Add:	1024					
Outsuid 00 Observal 4 / Observal 2	F_Dest_Add:	1					
Output 00 Channel 1 / Channel 2	F_WD_Time:	50					
Output 01 Channel 1 / Channel 2	Output 00 Channel 1 / Channel 2						
Output 02 Channel 1 / Channel 2	Assignment:	single-channel	~				
Output 03 Channel 1 / Channel 2	Switch-off delay for stop category 1:	deactivated	~				
	Assignment of switch-off delay:	Channel 1 and channel 2 active	•				
	Test Impulses (Output switched off):	activated	¥				

- 2. Calling up the safety-related parameters for the AXL SE PSDO4/2 2A:
- Under the "Profinet (x)" node in the "PLANT" area, double-click on the lower-level node of the safety module whose safety-related parameters you want to set (in the example in Figure 6-28: AXL SE PSDO4/2 2A).

The safety module editor group opens.

• Select the "Safety Parameters" editor.

🛔 sdo-1 ×						
Ro Settings 🖉 Safety Parameters 📴 Data List						
Safety Parameters						
	axc-f-3152-2-1 / sdo-1	Ű				
All	F_Parameter					
F_Parameter	F_Source_Add:	1024				
Output 0 channel 1/channel 2	F_Dest_Add:	2				
F_WD_Time:		150				
Output 1 channel 1/channel 2	Output 0 channel 1/channel 2					
Reserved	Assignment:	Used, 1-channel both	~			
	Off-delay:	Disabled	~			
	Assignment of the off-delay:	Channel 1 and channel 2	~			
	Test pulses if output is disabled:	Enabled	~			
	ZVEI class:	Class 0: up to 3 ms	\checkmark			

Figure 6-28 "Safety Parameters" editor: AXL SE PSDO4/2 2A

- 3. Calling up the safety-related parameters for the AXL SE PSDI8/3:
- Under the "Profinet (x)" node in the "PLANT" area, double-click on the lower-level node of the safety module whose safety-related parameters you want to set (in the example in Figure 6-29: AXL SE PSDI8/3).

The safety module editor group opens.

• Select the "Safety Parameters" editor.

Figure 6-29 "Safety Parameters" editor: AXL SE PSDI8/3

🧧 sdi-1 🗡	🚽 sdi-1 ×							
🔓 Settings 🛛 🚪 Safety Paramet	ers 🗵 Data List							
	Safety Parameters							
All	F_Parameter							
F_Parameter	F_Source_Add:	1024						
Input 00 Channel 1 / Channel 2	F_Dest_Add:	3						
input of channel 17 channel 2	F_WD_Time:	100						
Input 01 Channel 1 / Channel 2	Input 00 Channel 1 / Channel 2							
Input 02 Channel 1 / Channel 2	Assignment:	both single-channel	~					
Input 03 Channel 1 / Channel 2	Max Filter Duration:	3 ms	~					
	Symmetry:	deactivated	~					
	Start inhibit due to symmetry violation:	off	\checkmark					
	Cross-circuit detection:	cross-circuit detection	~					

- 4. Setting the safety-related parameters:
- Set the required safety-related parameters.

In the example in the figures 6-27, 6-28, and 6-29, these values are as follows:

	, ,	•	
Value	AXL F PSDO8/3 1F	AXL SE PSDO4/2 2A	AXL SE PSDI8/3
Figure	Figure 6-27 on page 100	Figure 6-28 on page 101	Figure 6-29 on page 101
F-Address F_Dest_Add	1	2	3
Watchdog time F_WD_Time	50 ms	150 ms	100 ms
Assignment of channels 1 and 2 for the inputs or outputs	Output 00: single-channel	Output 0: assigned, both single-channel	Input 00: both single-channel

Table 6-2 Safety-related parameters in the example

If necessary, adapt the settings to your application.

Repeat the setting of the safety-related parameters as described above for each safety module used in your application.

6.9.3 Management/diagnostic variables for F-Devices

In PLCnext Engineer, you can specify whether management/diagnostic variables are to be created for F-Devices in the project.

Some of these management/diagnostic variables are created by default.

These non-safety-related variables support you in the reintegration of passivated F-Devices, for example.

The management/diagnostic variables are partly available by default in the safety-related POU "S_Main" (see Figure 6-30: Default setting: "Create/Do not create").



For further information on management/diagnostic variables, please refer to Sections *Management/diagnostic variables for each configured, lower-level F-Device" on page 147 and "Global management/diagnostic variables for lower-level F-Devices" on page 151.

- Double-click on the "Safety PLC (x)" node in the "PLANT" area.
- The "/ Safety PLC" editor group opens.
- Select the "Settings" editor.

In the "Profisafe - device diagnostic variables" view, you can specify which management/diagnostic variables are to be generated for each F-Device configured in the project (see Figure 6-30).

Safety Cockpit 🧏 Settings 👔 Tasks and Even	ts 📃 Data List 🚽 Statistics		Ý
	Settings		* - □
All	Profisafe - device diagnostic variables		
Safety controller	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_ACK_REQ: (j)	Create	~
Profisafe - device diagnostic variables	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_ACK_REI: (j)	Create	~
ronsale - device diagnostic variables	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_PASS_OUT: ()	Create	~
Profisafe - summarizing diagnostic variables	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_PASS_ON: (j)	Create	~
Profisafe - device diagnostic variables (local device)	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_DEVICE_FAULT: (j)	Create	~
rofisafe - summarizing diagnostic variables (local device)	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_CE_CRC: (j)	Create	~
ronsare - summarizing diagnostic variables (local device)	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_WD_TIMEOUT: (j)	Create	~
rofile	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_IPAR_OK: (j)	Do not create	~
	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_IPAR_EN: ()	Do not create	~
	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_CHF_ACK_REI: (j)	Do not create	~
	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_CHF_ACK_REQ: ()	Do not create	~
	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_CE_CRC_H: ()	Do not create	~
	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_WD_TIMEOUT_H: ()	Do not create	~
	F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_LOOPBACK: ()	Do not create	~

Figure 6-30 Management/diagnostic variables for each configured F-Device

In the "Profisafe – summarizing diagnostic variables" view, you can specify which management/diagnostic variables are to be globally generated once for all PROFIsafe F-Devices configured in the project (see Figure 6-31).

Figure 6-31 Management/diagnostic variables for all configured F-Devices

Safety Cockpit 🧖 Settings 📓 Tasks and Ever	nts 🗵 Data List 🚽 📙 Statistics		~
	Settings		* - □
All	Profisafe - summarizing diagnostic v	ariables	
Safety controller	PASS_OUT_GLOBAL: ()	Do not create	~
	ACK_REQ_GLOBAL: ()	Do not create	~
Profisafe - device diagnostic variables	ACK_REI_GLOBAL: ()	Do not create	~
Profisafe - summarizing diagnostic variables	DEVICE_FAULT_GLOBAL: (i)	Do not create	~
Profisafe - device diagnostic variables (local device)	CE_CRC_GLOBAL: (j)	Do not create	~
Profisafe - summarizing diagnostic variables (local device)	WD_TIMEOUT_GLOBAL: (j)	Do not create	~
Tonsare - summanzing uragnostic variables (local device)	CHF_ACK_REI_GLOBAL: ()	Do not create	~
rofile	CHF_ACK_REQ_GLOBAL: ()	Do not create	~
	CE_CRC_H_GLOBAL: ()	Do not create	~
	WD_TIMEOUT_H_GLOBAL: ()	Do not create	~
	LOOPBACK_GLOBAL: ()	Do not create	~

Created variables are displayed in the "Data List" editor of the controller node:

Cockpit	C Settings	Safety Parameters 📃 Data Lis	t <u>III</u> :	Statistics	-					~
		Dat	a List						¥	
R VAR VA	A VAR VAR HML HMI	()→ ∰ ∰ H 🙀 💥 💥		•	P	Ŧ		T	Search	ব্
Variable	(PLC)	Variable (Safety PLC)	Туре	Usage	I/Q/M	Comment	Init	Confirm	Process da 🔉	HMI ta
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00001_ACK_REI	BOOL	Global	Q		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00001_ACK_REQ	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00001_CE_CRC	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00001_DEVICE_FAULT	BOOL	Global	I.		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00001_PASS_ON	BOOL	Global	Q		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00001_PASS_OUT	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00001_WD_TIMEOUT	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00002_ACK_REI	BOOL	Global	Q		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00002_ACK_REQ	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00002_CE_CRC	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00002_DEVICE_FAULT	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00002_PASS_ON	BOOL	Global	Q		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00002_PASS_OUT	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00002_WD_TIMEOUT	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00003_ACK_REI	BOOL	Global	Q		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00003_ACK_REQ	BOOL	Global	I.		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00003_CE_CRC	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00003_DEVICE_FAULT	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00003_PASS_ON	BOOL	Global	Q		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00003_PASS_OUT	BOOL	Global	I.		FALSE		Select Proces	
Select V	ariable (PLC) here	F_ADDR_00003_WD_TIMEOUT	BOOL	Global	I		FALSE		Select Proces	

Figure 6-32 Ma	anagement/diagnostic variables of F-Devices (default)
----------------	---

For the three F-Devices used in the example, PLCnext Engineer creates 21 management/diagnostic variables by default.

6.9.4 Creating variables (exchange variables)

To exchange data between a standard controller and safety-related PLC, you can define "exchange variables" in PLCnext Engineer. These exchange variables are of a non-safety-related data type.

The aim is to link the created exchange variables, e.g., with specific management/diagnostic variables described in Section 6.9.3.



Data direction for exchange variables

- A data direction must be specified for exchange variables. The data direction determines whether the variable can be read ("I" data direction) or written ("Q" data direction) by the safety-related application. Depending on the set data direction, the standard application has write or read access to the relevant variable.
- 1. In PLCnext Engineer, first create the "Exchange" variable group as shown in Figure 6-33 once you have opened the "IEC 61131-3" node in the "PLANT" area.
- 2. Next, create four variables for each F-Device used in the "Variable (PLC)" column in this group.
- 3. In the "Variable (Safety PLC)" column, then create the corresponding non-safety-related exchange variables.

These exchange variables are assigned to the safety-related PLC.

4. Finally, set the data direction of the exchange variables.

In the example in Figure 6-33, the four variables/exchange variables are created for the AXL SE PSDI8/3 F-Device.

axc-f-3152-2-1 / IEC 61131-3 ×				~
Ro Settings 📃 Data List				~ □
	Data Lis	t		* - C ×
T J 💥 🔀 VAR VAR	🐝 🕪 🕵 🕁 🛤	💥 🔉 🖏 🖬 🔎 🖕	T Search	ব্ ু
Variable (PLC)	Variable (Safety PLC)	Process data item >	HMI tag	Function
✓ Exchange				
AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REQ	AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REQ	Select Process data item here		
AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REI	AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REI	Select Process data item here		
AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_OUT	AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_OUT	Select Process data item here		
AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_ON	AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_ON	Select Process data item here		
Enter variable name here	Enter variable name here			

Figure 6-33 Exchange variables in the example

- In the "PLANT" area, double-click on the "IEC 61131-3" node.
- The "/ IEC 61131-3" controller editor group opens.
- Select the "Data List" editor.
- Click on the 🗱 button to generate a new variable group.
- Rename the new variable group to "Exchange", for example.
- Enter the names of the variables in the "Variable (PLC)" column in turn as shown in Figure 6-33.
- In the "Variable (Safety PLC)" column, select "Add Variable (Safety PLC)" in the context menu for each variable you created earlier in turn (see Figure 6-34).

axc-f-3152-2-1 / IEC 61131-3 ×			~
Ro Settings 📃 Data List			~ □
		Data List	* - = ×
1 J 🔆 🔀 🖓 🗛 🗸	VAR HML	📲 🕞 👯 🏭 🚝 🚱 🔚 🔎 🝸 Search	ব
Variable (PLC)	Variab	le (Safety PLC) (Type Usage I/Q/M Comment Init Confi	m Process da
 Exchange 			
AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REQ	Select	Variable (Safety PLC) here	Select Proc
AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REI	Sek V	Create new Variable (PLC)	Select Proc
AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_OUT	Sek V	Create new Variable group (PLC)	Select Proc
AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_ON	Sek	Create new Variable (Safety PLC)	Select Proc
Enter variable name here	Enti 🐰	Create new Variable group (Safety PLC)	
> Default	V	Add Variable (PLC)	
System Variables	v	Delete Variable (PLC)	
,		Add Variable (Safety PLC)	
	V		

Figure 6-34 "Add Variable (Safety PLC)" context menu

After you have created the exchange variables, you need to specify the data direction (I/Q).

Data direction

Set the data direction for the exchange variables. When doing so, refer to the note at the beginning of the section on page 105.

• Set the data direction in turn for each variable created earlier as shown in Figure 6-35.

Figure 6-35	Setting the data direction

axc-f-3152-2-1 / IEC 61131-3 ×									¥
Ro Settings 📃 Data List									~ □
	Data Lis	t						÷	– – ×
1 J 💥 🔀 🖓	<mark>™x H™y H™y }> 6</mark> X 6∰ 2+3		₩ .	ρ.		T	Searc	h	ব
Variable (PLC)	Variable (Safety PLC)	Туре	Usage	I/Q/M	Comment	Init		Confirm	Process da
✓ Exchange									
AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REQ	AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REQ	BOOL	Global	Q		FALS	E		Select Proc
AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REI	AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REI	BOOL	Global	1		FALS	E		Select Proc
AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_OUT	AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_OUT	BOOL	Global	Q		FALS	E		Select Proc
AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_ON	AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_ON	BOOL	Global	~		FALS	E		Select Proce
Enter variable name here	Enter variable name here			1					
> Default				Q					

6.9.5 Opening a safety-related POU

For further information on opening and creating POUs, please refer to Section "Creating a POU" on page 95.

For detailed notes on operation of the PLCnext Engineer software, please refer to the online help for the software.

When you create a project, a POU with the name "S_Main" is created automatically for safety-related controllers in the "COMPONENTS" area under "Programs" (see Figure 6-23 on page 96).

- Click on "Programming (x)" in the "COMPONENTS" area.
- Then click on the arrow next to "Local (x)", then on "Programs (x)".
- Double-click on the desired safety-related POU (in the example: "S_Main" program).

The editor group for the selected POU opens.

6.9.6 Creating safety-related variables

Variables in the example
projectThe following table lists the safety-related variables used in the safety-related example pro-
gram.

Table 6-3 Input/output variables in the example

Parameter	Variable name	Data type	Use	Description
IN1	AXLSE_PSDI_IN1	SAFEBOOL	External	AXL SE PSDI8/3: Input 0 channel 1 (IN0_CH1) PD: sdi-1 / IN0 CH1/2
IN2	AXLSE_PSDI_IN2	SAFEBOOL	External	AXL SE PSDI8/3: Input 0 channel 2 (IN0_CH2) PD: sdi-1 / IN0 CH2
OUT1	AXLSE_PSDO_OUT1	SAFEBOOL	External	AXL SE PSDO4/2 2A: Output 0 channel 1 (OUT0_CH1) PD: sdo-1 / OUT00 CH1/2
OUT2	AXLSE_PSDO_OUT2	SAFEBOOL	External	AXL SE PSDO4/2 2A: Output 0 channel 1 (OUT0_CH2) PD: sdo-1 / OUT00 CH2
OUT3	AXLF_PSDO_OUT	SAFEBOOL	External	AXL F PSDO8/3 1F: Output 0 channel 1 (OUT0_CH1) PD: axl-f-bk-pn-tps-1 / sdo-1 / sdo-1 / OUT00 CH1/2

Key: PD = Process Data element in PLCnext Engineer

- Select the "Variables" editor.
- Create the variables that you need for the selected POU (in the example in Figure 6-36: S_Main).
- Set the type and use for all created variables.

Figure 6-36 Creating variables for a POU (in the example: for the "S_Main" POU)

-	S_Main ×					~	COMPONENTS
\$	🔊 Safety Information 📓 Variables 🔐 Code 📓 Description 🕂 🗸 🗸						도 첫 ★ ↔
////	/////////////////////////////////////						
Ť	🔸 💥 🖓 VAR VAR	×× 🔊 🖏	2	T	Search	ব্ ্	 Icocal (3) Data Types (1) Functions & Function Blocks (0)
10	Name	Туре	Usage	Comment	Init	Feedback	
• D	✓ Default						V Programs (2)
	AXLSE_PSDI_IN1	SAFEBOOL	External				☐ Main S_Main Extended (84) EC 61131-3 (126) Safety IEC 61131-3 (56)
	AXLSE_PSDI_IN2	SAFEBOOL	External				
	AXLSE_PSDO_OUT1	SAFEBOOL	External				
	AXLSE_PSDO_OUT2	SAFEBOOL	External				
	AXLF_PSDO_OUT	SAFEBOOL	External				
	Enter variable name here						

Selecting management/diagnostic variables and exchange variables Before the management/diagnostic variables and exchange variables that were created by default can be used in the code worksheet, you must select these variables in the variables worksheet.

- Select the "Variables" editor.
- Open the selection list by clicking on the arrow in the "Name" field (see Figure 6-37).
- Select the "Safety PLC".
- Select the corresponding variable on the right-hand side of the window.
- Repeat this step for all the management/diagnostic variables and exchange variables shown in Figure 6-37.

PLANT	🔄 S_Main 🗡		
Search ₹	🔊 Safety Information 📓 Variables	🔄 🔂 Code	Description +
 Project axc-f-3152-2-1 : AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) C:) PLCnext (2) EC 61131-3 Safety PLC (1) HMI Web Server OPC UA HM Profinet (1) axt-f-bk-pn-tps-1 : AXL F BK PN TPS (3) attr-bk-pn-tps-1 : AXL F PSD08/3 1F (1) sdo-1 : AXL F PSD08/3 1F (1) sdo-1 : AXL F D116/1 HS 1H (1) Axioline F (4) sdo-1 : AXL SE PSD04/2 2A sdi-1 : AXL SE PSD04/2 2A sdi-1 : AXL SE PSD04/2 2A sys-1 : AXL SE SC-A sys-2 : AXL SE SC-A PLCnext Components (0) 	Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: Second state Image: S	Type SAFEBOOL SAFEBOOL SAFEBOOL SAFEBOOL SAFEBOOL SAFEBOOL SAFEBOOL BOOL BOOL	Variables Usage Comm Usage Comm External Image: Comm External Image
Froject Axc-f-3152-2-1 : AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC IIIEC 61131-3 Safety PLC	AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_OUT F_ADDR_00001_ACK_REI F_ADDR_00001_ACK_REQ F_ADDR_00001_CE_CRC	Î	

Figure 6-37 Selecting management/diagnostic variables and exchange variables

Once you have created all of the necessary variables, create the program for the selected POU, see Section 6.9.7.

elen eleaning a calory lonated program
The safety-related example program in Figure 6-38 on page 111 includes the following functions:
 In the first part of the example, two inputs of the safety-related AXL SE PSDI8/3 input module are linked to two outputs of the safety-related AXL SE PSDO4/2 2A output module.
 In the second part of the example, two inputs of the safety-related AXL SE PSDI8/3 in- put module are linked with AND logic via the safety-related AND_S function block. The result is linked to an output of the safety-related AXL F PSD08/3 1F output module.
 In the third part of the example, exchange variables for the safety-related AXL SE PS- DI8/3 input module from the "Exchange" variable group are linked to the manage- ment/diagnostic variables. In the example, passivation of an F-Device is canceled via the variables using an operator acknowledge request and subsequent operator ac- knowledge reintegration (see Section "Operator acknowledge" on page 122).
The input/output variables are connected to process data in due course.
To create a program, proceed as follows:Select the code editor.
 By default, the code editor is labeled with "Code". You can change the designation of the code editor as desired. Create the program as shown in Figure 6-38 on page 111.

6.9.7 Creating a safety-related program

<u>а</u> s_м	ain ×				
Safet	y Information	Variables	s 🔒 Code	Description	+
////	//////	///////		Code	
нюн	»- +⊧ ∰	-O-12E	¥K 58 1.2 ⊷	8 P -	
! Co	de_Netwo	ork1 [des	cription]		
	AALS	E_PSDI_IN1	- AXLSE_PSD	0_0011	
2 Co	de_Netwo	ork2 [des	cription]		
			- AXLSE_PSI		
	AALS	E_PSULINZ	AXLSE_PSL	00_0012	
3 Co	de_Netwo	ork3 [des	cription]		
	AXLS	E_PSDI_IN1	AND_S	AXLF_PSDO_OUT	
		E_PSDI_IN2	_		
4 Co	de Netw	ork4 [des	cription		
	de_netwo		criptionj		_
	AXLS	E_PSDI_PASS	ON F_A	DDR_00003_PASS_ON	
5 Co	de Netwo	ork5 [des	cription		
	de_nem	01110 [000	onp nonj		-
	F_ADD	R_00003_PASS	_OUTAX	LSE_PSDI_PASS_OUT	
6 Co	de Netwo	ork6 [des	cription1		
< C					
	AXLSE_	PSDI_ACK_REI	F_ADDR_C	00003_ACK_REI	
Co	de Netwo	ork7 [des	cription]		
< L					
	F_ADD	R_00003_ACK_	REQ AX	(LSE_PSDI_ACK_REQ	

Figure 6-38 Safety-related example program with errors displayed

The errors and warnings shown in Figure 6-38 (color-coded input and output variables in networks 1 to 3) are due to the fact that no process data has yet been assigned to these variables. This step is executed in the following section.

Figure 6-39 Error list

			MESSAGES				н л	×
Error List	Project Log	🛆 Online Log	Import Export Log	🖹 Safety Log	T	Search	ব	
TO .	Code			Description				^
W .	JJEMOOTO	The variable Porce		nore written.				
8 3	SSEM0016	The variable 'AXLS	SE_PSDI_IN2' is read be	fore written.				Ь.
<u> </u>	SSEM0020	The global variable	e 'AXLSE_PSDI_IN1' is ι	used within a single	e POU. Cons	ider to use a lo	ocal variable.	н.
<u> </u>	SSEM0020	The global variable	e 'AXLSE_PSDI_IN2' is u	used within a single	e POU. Cons	ider to use a lo	ocal variable.	
<u> </u>	SSEM0019	The variable 'AXLS	SE_PSDO_OUT1' is writ	ten but not read.				н.
<u> </u>	SSEM0019	The variable 'AXLS	SE_PSDO_OUT2' is writ	ten but not read.				11
<u> </u>	SSEM0019	The variable 'AXLF	PSDO_OUT' is written	but not read.				-

6.9.8 Assigning safety-related process data

To assign a process data item to a variable, proceed as follows:

• Double-click on the "Safety PLC (x)" node in the "PLANT" area.

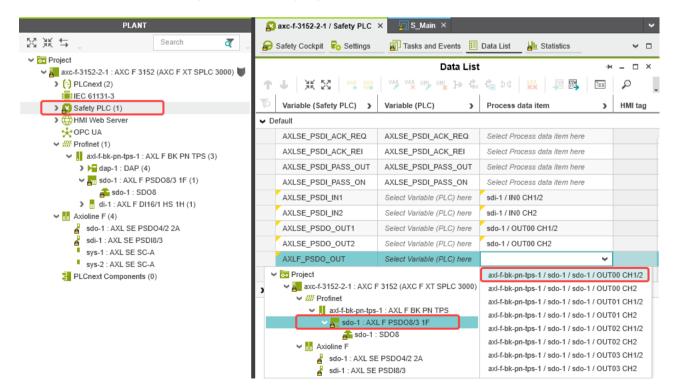
The "Safety PLC (x)" controller editor group opens.

• Select the "Data List" editor.

You can see an overview of all available variables in the "Data List" editor.

 In the "Process data item" column, use the role picker to assign the corresponding process data to all variables (see marking in Section Figure 6-41).

Figure 6-40 Assigning safety-related process data

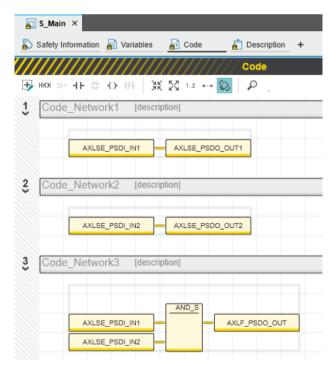


The following figure shows all safety-related variables created and the assigned process data:

	-	·			
😰 axc-f-3152-2-1 / Safety PLC 🔅	× 🔄 S_Main ×				
Safety Cockpit 🔓 Settings	Tasks and Events	Data List Statistics			~ □
	Data Li	st		÷ –	
▶ ↓ X X X VA	VAR VAR HML HML I> Ga	🔹 👯 💥 🖓 🖏 🔲 🔎 💡			
Variable (Safety PLC)	Variable (PLC)	Process data item	I/Q	Type	Offset
Default					
AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REQ	AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REQ	Select Process data item here			
AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REI	AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REI	Select Process data item here			
AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_OUT	AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_0	Select Process data item here			
AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_ON	AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_ON	Select Process data item here			
AXLSE_PSDI_IN1	Select Variable (PLC) here	sdi-1 / IN0 CH1/2	Т	BOOL	0.0
AXLSE_PSDI_IN2	Select Variable (PLC) here	sdi-1 / IN0 CH2		BOOL	0.1
AXLSE_PSDO_OUT1	Select Variable (PLC) here	sdo-1 / OUT00 CH1/2		BOOL	0.0
AXLSE_PSDO_OUT2	Select Variable (PLC) here	sdo-1 / OUT00 CH2	Q	BOOL	0.1
AXLF_PSDO_OUT	Select Variable (PLC) here	axl-f-bk-pn-tps-1 / sdo-1 / sdo-1 / OUT00 CH1/2	Q	BOOL	0.0

Figure 6-41 Safety-related variables: Process data assigned





6.10 Transferring projects to PLCnext Control and **SPLC 3000**

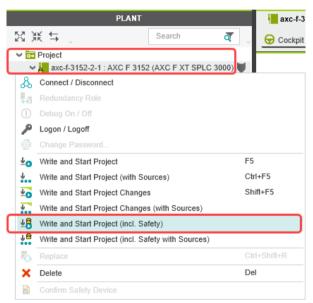
The PLCnext Engineer software enables simultaneous transmission of the non-safety-related project to the PLCnext Control device (in the example: AXC F 3152 controller) and of the safety-related project to the SPLC 3000.

Depending on the option selected in the top part of the context menu of the controller node in the PLANT area, two commands are available for transferring projects.

Proceed as follows:

- Right-click on the controller node in the PLANT area to open the context menu.
- In the context menu, click on "Write and Start Project (incl. Safety)".

Figure 6-43 Controller node in the PLANT area: "Write and Start Project (incl. Safety)" context menu



Signing in to the **PLCnext Control device**

Specifying the SPLC 3000 controller password

PLCnext Control user authentication

i If necessary, refer to the note on user authentication in Section 6.6.4.

If necessary, enter the user name and password of the controller used in the dialog that opens.

The SPLC 3000 is protected by a controller password. Writing data to the SPLC 3000 or changing its operating mode is only possible after entering the controller password in PLCnext Engineer.

If this is the first time you are establishing a connection to the SPLC 3000, PLCnext Engineer prompts you to specify a controller password.

Specify a controller password if you have not already done so, and the following dialog is displayed.

	Figure 6-44 0	Controller password:	entering the S	PLC 3000 passwo	rd
	🔒 sa	FETY PLC PASSWORD DEFINI	TION	×	
	Define a password	for the Safety DLC access			
	Denne a password	for the Safety PLC access.			
	•••••		Ø		
	•••••		Ø	•	
		10	Cance	el	
	• Please no tions prov	te: Read information	n dialog box	es carefully and f	ollow the instruc-
	If information	on dialogs appear, ple or further information.	ease refer to th	ne online help for the	e PLCnext Engineer
	Acknow	ledge the messages i	in accordance	e with your applicat	ion.
	In the exan		luula ara tha CDI		
		ure no hazard is posed wnloading a project.	I when the SPI	LC 3000 IS Started a	and/or stopped, e.g.,
	Ensure	the safety function is i	n order.		
	Figure 6-45	nfo dialog: Avoid any	hazard when	starting and stoppi	ing the SPLC 3000
	PLCnext Engineer			×	I
	While writing	the program and restart of the S	afety PLC no safety	function will be executed.	
	YOU MUST RESTARTIN	ENSURE THAT NO HARM CAN IG THE SAFETY PLC.	BE CAUSED BY ST	OPPING AND	
	Please read	the safety manual for a detailed	description.		
	Do you really	y want to continue the write opera	ation?		
			Ye	es No	
Transferring the non-safe- ty-related program	•	elated project is trans non-safety-related pr			
		related startup has be he permanently gree			

The following information is displayed in the "Cockpit" editor:

AXC F XT SPLC 3000

PLANT Search て	axc-f-3152-2-1 ×	
	🕞 Cockpit 🔤 💀 Se	ngs 🖉 Safety Parameters 🗵 Data List 🛄 Statistics 🗸 🗸 🗠
' 🚾 Project V 🛃 axc-f-3152-2-1 : AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) 👅		Cockpit + ×
PLCnext (2) IEC 61131-3	TCP/IP (LAN 2) 🗸 🗸	Port: 41100 🛃 🖸 🎤 🕰 🊎 🐁 🛪 🕄 🔩 🏦 👫 🖷 🌬 🖏
Safety PLC (1)	Overview	Diagnostics and status indicators
✓ OPC UA ✓ ## Profinet (1)	Device	BF-C: ①
 axl-f-bk-pn-tps-1 : AXL F BK PN TPS (3) 	Network	BF-D: ① O
▶ → dap-1 : DAP (4) > and sdo-1 : AXL F PSDO8/3 1F (1)	Network	SF: ()
 and the instance of the instance	PLC runtime	RUN:
	Notifications	FAIL:
	Ad-hoc IP address	DBG:
		D: ①
		E: ()
		Project
		Project name: UM_SPLC_3000
		Utilization
		Memory (RAM): 17
		Retain memory: 0
		CPU load (total): 11
		CPU load (core 1): 6
		CPU load (core 2): 16

Figure 6-46 Controller in the "RUN" state

sponding error message appears in PLCnext Engineer. The LEDs on the controller indicate this status. Read further information on the controller di-

agnostic and status indicators in the UM EN AXC F X152 user manual.



The SPLC 3000 is in the safe state (failure state) because so far, no safety-related project has been transferred to the SPLC 3000.

Transferring the safety-related program Immediately afterwards, the safety-related project is transferred to the SPLC 3000. Following successful transmission, the SPLC 3000 is restarted.

Figure 6-47 Successful transmission of the safety-related project and restart of the SPLC 3000



Writing the program to the Safety PLC succeeded! Restart initiated! (SONL1000)

Execution of the safety-related project is started.

Once safety-related startup has been completed successfully, the SPLC 3000 changes to the RUN state. The permanently green RUN and C LEDs indicate this state.

The following information is displayed in the "Safety Cockpit" editor:

	PLANT		📲 axc-f-3152-2-1 🛛 🙀 😰 axc	-f-3152-2-1 / Safety PLC ×		
3 ¥K ⇔ _	Search	۹.	房 Safety Cockpit 🛛 🔓 Settings	🛐 Tasks and Events 🔋 Data List	L Statistics	~
PLCnext (2)	AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SP	LC 3000) 🔰	Safety PLC V	Image: Safety Cockpit Image: Optimized state Image: Optimized		
IEC 61131-3			Overview	Diagnostics and status indicators		
> (HMI Web Server) CPC UA	/er		Safety PLC messages	Status:	Safe Run	
V III Profinet (1)	n-tps-1 : AXL F BK PN TPS	(3)	Safety PLC log messages	Safety PLC messages:	No message present	
>) 🖬 dap-1				Signals forced:	•	
	: AXL F PSDO8/3 1F (1) AXL F DI16/1 HS 1H (1)		C Function Libraries	Safety PLC cycle time:	4997	
Axioline F (4)				Program execution time:	10	
	(L SE PSDO4/2 2A L SE PSDI8/3			Utilization		
	L SE SC-A			Program memory:	1	
PLCnext Components (0)		Data memory:	1			
		Safety PLC project information				
				Name:	UM_SPLC_3000	
				Last build date:	11/23/2023 1:59:53 PM	
				Checksum:	0xE2810087	
				User:	pyka04	
				Engineering project information		
				Name:	UM_SPLC_3000	
			Last build date:	11/23/2023 1:59:53 PM		
			Checksum:	0xE2810087		
				User:	pyka04	
				Version information		
				Firmware version:	2.10.6	

Figure 6-48 Safety Cockpit: SPLC 3000 in the "RUN" state: Safe run

If the system cannot be commissioned, for example due to an installation error, a corresponding error message appears in PLCnext Engineer.

The LEDs on the SPLC 3000 indicate this status (see Section "Diagnostic and status indicators" on page 50).

6.11 Displaying safety-related online values

To view variable values online, you must have:

- Successfully compiled both projects (non-safety-related and safety-related)
- Transferred the non-safety-related project to the standard controller
- Transferred the safety-related project to the SPLC 3000
- Started both projects (non-safety-related and safety-related) without errors
- Connected the PLCnext Engineer online to the SPLC 3000 and the standard controller.

Proceed as follows:

- Right-click on the "Safety PLC (x)" node in the "PLANT" area to open the context menu.
- In the context menu, click on "Connect / Disconnect".

PLCnext Engineer connects online to the SPLC 3000 to establish communication with online services.

Figure 6-49 Connecting PLCnext Engineer online to the SPLC 3000



In the context menu, click on "Monitor Mode".

PLCnext Engineer activates the monitoring mode for safety-related editors to display online values.

Figure 6-50 PLCnext Engineer: Activating the monitoring mode



Open the instance editor of the "S_Main" POU by double-clicking on the "S_Main : S_-Main" node in the PLANT area.



If you are not currently logged into the safety-related area, you will now be prompted to enter the password in the "PROJECT AUTHENTICATION" dialog that opens (see "Project password: Logging into the safety-related Area" on page 91). The online values of the variables used in the "S_Main" POU are displayed in the "Variables" and "Code" editors.

PLANT			S_Main ×			
Search	ব ্	2	Safety Information [1] 📓 Varial	bles [2] 🔒 Code	[3]	
 Troject w axc-f-3152-2-1 : AXC F 3152 (AXC F X (:) PLCnext (2) iii IEC 61131-3 	T SPLC 3000) 🔰	ж	N P .	////Variat	ples	
Safety PLC (1)		TO .	Name	Value	Туре	Usage
SafetyTask (1)		V De	efault			
S_Main : S_Main			AXLSE_PSDI_IN1	SAFETRUE	SAFEBOOL	External
HMI Web Server GPC UA			AXLSE_PSDI_IN2	SAFETRUE	SAFEBOOL	External
 ✓ ## Profinet (1) ✓ # axl-f-bk-pn-tps-1 : AXL F BK PN TPS (3) > → dap-1 : DAP (4) > and sdo-1 : AXL F PSD08/3 1F (1) > di-1 : AXL F D116/1 HS 1H (1) ✓ # Axioline F (4) ✓ sdo-1 : AXL SE PSD04/2 2A 			AXLSE_PSDO_OUT1	SAFETRUE	SAFEBOOL	External
			AXLSE_PSDO_OUT2	SAFETRUE	SAFEBOOL	External
			AXLF_PSD0_OUT	SAFETRUE	SAFEBOOL	External
			F_ADDR_00003_ACK_REI	FALSE	BOOL	External
			F_ADDR_00003_ACK_REQ	FALSE	BOOL	External
			F_ADDR_00003_PASS_ON	FALSE	BOOL	External
sdi-1 : AXL SE PSDI8/3			F_ADDR_00003_PASS_OUT	FALSE	BOOL	External
 sys-1 : AXL SE SC-A sys-2 : AXL SE SC-A PLCnext Components (0) 			AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REI	FALSE	BOOL	External
			AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REQ	FALSE	BOOL	External
			AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_ON	FALSE	BOOL	External
			AXLSE_PSDI_PASS_OUT	FALSE	BOOL	External

Figure 6-51 "Variables" editor (S_Main): Online values of the variables used

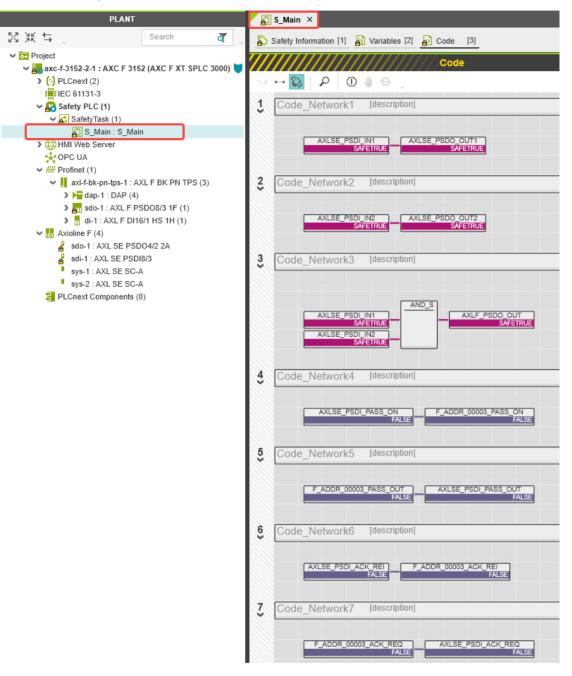


Figure 6-52 "Code" editor (S_Main): Online values of the variables used

6.12 PLCnext Engineer – debug mode

• Double-click on the "Safety PLC (x)" node in the "PLANT" area.

The "Safety PLC" editor group opens.

- Select the "Safety Cockpit" editor.
- Click on the A button ("Connect to the controller to establish communication with online services.").
- To enable debug operation, click on the ① button ("Enables or disables the debug mode at the safety-related PLC.").

WARNING:

Switching to debug mode means that you will exit normal mode.

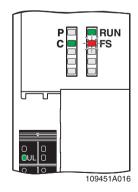
- Make sure that your system/machine cannot pose a hazard to people or equipment.
- Acknowledge the following message to switch to debug mode.

Figure 6-53	Exiting safe mode -	- switching to debug mode
		ennennig te debelg mede

PLCnext	Engineer ×	
	Switching to debug mode means leaving the safe mode of operation. YOU MUST ENSURE THAT NO HARM CAN BE CAUSED BY ANY INTENTIONAL OR FAULTY OPERATION OF THE SAFETY PLC. Keep in mind that Safety PLC will not stop operation automatically when switched to debug mode. Please read the safety manual for a detailed description. Do you really want to switch to debug mode?	
	Yes No	

The device LEDs indicate debug mode in the following way:

Figure 6-54 LEDs in debug mode

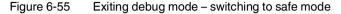


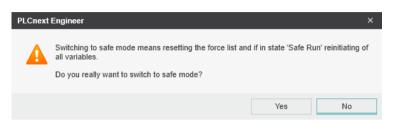
Refer to Section "Diagnostic and status indicators" on page 50 for additional information on the LEDs.

• To disable debug mode and switch to safe mode, click on the ① button.



Make sure that your system/machine cannot pose a hazard to people or equipment.





6.13 Operator acknowledge

F-Devices whose communication relationship with the F-Host of the SPLC 3000 is aborted, for example due to a communication error, are passivated. Passivated F-Devices display this with the F_ADDR_[nnnn]_PASS_OUT management/diagnostic variable. To request reintegration immediately upon re-establishment of the communication relationship between the F-Device and F-Host, the F-Devices generate an operator acknowledge request. This is displayed using the F_ADDR_[nnnn]_ACK_REQ management/diagnostic variable. This operator acknowledge request can be acknowledged via an operator acknowledge reintegration (F_ADDR_[nnnn]_ACK_REI).

WARNING: Outputs can be set

Do not acknowledge an operator acknowledge request automatically from the application program. Acknowledgment must be triggered by an intentional user action.

When you reintegrate passivated PROFIsafe devices, safety-related outputs can be set.

• Take appropriate measures to ensure that your system/machine does not present any danger when passivated PROFIsafe devices are reintegrated.

In the following example, the communication relationship between the AXL SE PSDI8/3 F-Device and the F-Host of the SPLC 3000 is aborted. Subsequent passivation of the F-Device prevents it from starting up again immediately once the communication relationship is re-established. This passivation is indicated by the Boolean F_ADDR_00003_PASS_OUT management/diagnostic variable.

Once the communication relationship has been re-established successfully, the passivated F-Device signals an operator acknowledge request via the Boolean FF_AD-

DR_00003_ACK_REQ management/diagnostic variable. The F-Device thus waits for a reintegration acknowledgement.

Setting the Boolean exchange variable AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_REI in the non-safety-related part of the example program cancels the passivation of the F-Device. As a result, the F-Device can be reintegrated into the network and can re-establish the communication relationship.

From now on, safety-related process data is exchanged again between the F-Device and the F-Host of the SPLC 3000.

The following Figure 6-56 shows the passivated AXL SE PSDI8/3 F-Device.

1	axc-f-3152-2-1 × 🗸 🔗 axc	_		
<u></u>	Safety Information [1]	riables [2]	[3]	
///			Code	
	H 💫 🔎 🕕 🤚	® _		
1	Code_Network1 [d	escription]		
	AXLSE_PSDI_IN1 SAFEFAL		OUT1 EFALSE	
2	Code_Network2 [d	escription]		
	AXLSE_PSDI_IN2 SAFEFAI	.SE AXLSE_PSDO_	OUT2 EFALSE	
3	Code_Network3 [d	escription]		
	AXLSE_PSDI_IN1		AXLF_PSDO_OUT	
	AXLSE_FSD_IN1	SE T	SAFEFALSE	
	SAFEFAI	SE		
4	Code Network4 [d	escription		
÷		comption		
	AXLSE_PSDI_PAS	S_ONF_ADD	R_00003_PASS_ON	
		FALSE	FALSE	
5	Code_Network5 [d	escription]		
Ň				
	F_ADDR_00003_PA		PSDI_PASS_OUT	
6	Code_Network6 [d	escription]		
	AXLSE_PSDI_ACK_R	EI F_ADDR_0000	3_ACK_REI FALSE	
7	Code_Network7 [d	escription]		
	F_ADDR_00003_AC	FALSE	E_PSDI_ACK_REQ FALSE	

Figure 6-56 PLCnext Engineer – passivated PROFIsafe F-Devices

In the example in Figure 6-56, the safe inputs and outputs have entered the SAFEFALSE state. This behavior is due to the passivation of the F-Device.

7 Errors: Diagnostics, messages, and removal

The SPLC 3000 diagnostic and troubleshooting mechanisms are described in the following sections.

Further information on diagnostics of PLCnext Technology, Axioline F and

PROFINET, for example, can be found online at the listed addresses, in the listed user manuals, and in the PLCnext Engineer online help function:

- PLCnext Community at plcnext-community.net and in particular in the <u>PLCnext Info Center</u>
- "Installing, commissioning, and operating the AXC F 1152, AXC F 2152, and AXC F 3152 controllers" (UM EN AXC F X152)
- "Axioline F: Diagnostic registers and error messages" (UM EN AXL F SYS DIAG).

7.1 Diagnostics for F-Devices

PROFIsafe provides comprehensive diagnostic mechanisms that are defined in the PROFIsafe specification. For information on the PROFIsafe specification, please refer to Section "Documentation" on page 173.

Diagnostic messages for F-Devices are available as follows:

- Entries in the Logger archives of the Notification Logger (Notification Manager)
- PROFIsafe-specific system variables (can be accessed in the application program, see Section 8.3 on page 139)



Refer to the device-specific user documentation for the F-Devices being used.

7.2 Diagnostics for the SPLC 3000

The diagnostic and monitoring function integrated in the SPLC 3000 detects errors that have occurred. All serious errors detected in the SPLC 3000 which can lead to the loss of or adversely affect the programmed safety function switch the device to the failure state. In this state, the outputs of the F-Devices are set to zero at the latest after the parameterized F_WD_TIME for the relevant output has elapsed. The PROFIsafe system switches to the safe state.



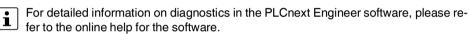
Exiting the failure state of the SPLC 3000

Note that you can only leave the failure state by doing the following:

- Download the safety-related project in the PLCnext Engineer software again, or
- Switch off the supply voltage of the SPLC 3000 and the PLCnext Control device for at least 30 seconds and then switch it back on again (power-up) or
- Restart the SPLC 3000 and the PLCnext Control device in the PLCnext Engineer software in the following editors:
 - "Cockpit" of the PLCnext Control device (in the example: AXC F 3152)
 - "Safety Cockpit" of the SPLC 3000

Diagnostic messages for the SPLC 3000 are available as follows:

- Entries are saved in the diagnostic memory of the SPLC 3000 (can be read with PLCnext Engineer). The "Safety PLC log messages" are displayed in the "Safety Cockpit" editor.
- As a hexadecimal value in the diagnostic parameter registers of the SPLC 3000. The registers are elements of the SPNSV2_TYPE structure, see Table 8-1 on page 139.
 Diagnostic parameter register 1: DIAG.PARAM_REG and
 Diagnostic parameter register 2: DIAG.PARAM_2_REG



- Please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact representative if
 - One of the errors described in Section "SPLC 3000 errors and error codes" on page 128 occurs again.
 - Errors occur that are not listed in Section "Possible errors" on page 126.

7.3 Possible errors

This section describes possible errors, their causes, effects, and remedy. Section "SPLC 3000 errors and error codes" on page 128 lists errors according to their error code.

Important notes:



i

FS LED/FS bit/failure state

^J Please note that for all error codes listed in the following Table 7-1 on page 128, the FS LED of the SPLC 3000 is always on and the FS bit is set in the SPNS_DIAG_STA-TUS_REG register.

The SPLC 3000 enters the failure state.

Observe error codes

If errors occur, always provide the service/support personnel from Phoenix Contact with the complete error code. These details provide important information for error analysis and repair.

The error codes are displayed in the SPNS_DIAG_PARAM_REG and SPNS_DIAG_PARAM_2_REG diagnostic parameter registers. In debug mode, the error codes can be read in the PLCnext Engineer via the system variables.

For the safety hotline number, please refer to Section "Safety hotline" on page 22.



Error codes - channel-dependent representation

Identical errors may occur on both independent processing channels of the SPLC 3000. Depending on the channel they are marked as follows:

0x8xxx	Channel 1
(0x9xxx)	Channel 2
For example	e:
0x8001	Channel 1
(0x9001	Channel 2)

In the following tables, both channel-dependent codes are listed for each error.

• Order of project downloads

If further project downloads are required, e.g., to ensure the consistency of projects, please proceed as follows:

- 1. Download the non-safety-related project to the PLCnext Control device (standard controller) used.
- 2. Download the safety-related project to the SPLC 3000.

Alternatively, PLCnext Engineer provides two commands for downloading the projects in the context menu of the controller node in the PLANT area (see Section "Transferring projects to PLCnext Control and SPLC 3000" on page 114). Selecting one of these commands ensures the order of the project downloads.

Manual, user-initiated compilation of projects is not required. The PLCnext Engineer software compiles the projects prior to each project download.



Phoenix Contact

If the measures/remedies listed in the following tables do not help to remove the error, please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact representative.



NOTE: Startup of the SPLC 3000 and PLCnext Control device not ensured In the following tables 7-1 and 7-2, observe this note with regard to remedies and responses to ensure proper startup of the SPLC 3000 and the PLCnext Control device.

• For correct startup of the SPLC 3000 and the PLCnext Control device, switch on the supply voltage at the earliest 30 seconds after the device LEDs go out.

7.3.1 SPLC 3000 errors and error codes

Error code (hex)	Error cause	Remedy or response
0x8001 (0x9001) to 0x8007 (0x9007)	Internal error	Please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact represen- tative.
0x8008 (0x9008)	The boot project is missing or incom- plete.	 Check whether the non-safety-related project is loaded on the PLCnext Control used. If the non-safety-related project is loaded on the PLCnext Control device, download the safety-related project to the SPLC 3000 again. If the non-safety-related project is not loaded on the PLCnext Control device, follow the instructions in the note on "Order of project downloads" above this table.
0x8009 (0x9009) to 0x8012 (0x9012)	Internal error	Please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact represen- tative.
0x8013 (0x9013)	The CPU load is higher than 90%.	 Reduce the processor load. Analyze the safety-related project. Optimize the program code for better performance. Avoid redundancies in the safety-related project so that the CPU load is not increased unnecessarily. Check if the maximum number of F-Devices to be configured was exceeded. Reduce the number according to the information in Section "Technical data" on page 175, if necessary.

Table 7-1SPLC 3000 error codes

Error code (hex)	Error cause	Remedy or response
0x8014 (0x9014) to 0x8031 (0x9031) 0x8041 (0x9041) to 0x8041 (0x9041) to 0x8061 (0x904A) 0x8061 (0x9061) to 0x806A (0x906A) 0x8085 (0x9085) 0x80A1 (0x90A1) to 0x80A3 (0x90A3) 0x80A4 (0x90A4) to 0x80B0 (0x90B0) 0x80C1 (0x90C1) to 0x80CE (0x90CE) 0x80D1 (0x90D1) to 0x80D5 (0x90D5) 0x80E1 (0x90E3)	Internal error	Please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact represen- tative.
0x80E9 (0x90E9)	The SD card was removed during opera- tion.	 Follow the instructions in note "NOTE: Startup of the SPLC 3000 and PLCnext Control device not ensured" on page 127. Switch off the supply voltage of the SPLC 3000 and of the PLCnext Control device used. Insert a properly working SD card containing the project in the PLCnext Control device or carry out the project downloads described in the note on "Order of project downloads" above this table if you are using an SD card not containing a project. Boot the SPLC 3000 and the PLCnext Control device.

Table 7-1 SPLC 3000 error codes

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Table 7-1SPLC 3000 error codes

Error code (hex)	Error cause	Remedy or response
0x80EA (0x90EA), 0x80EB (0x90EB)		
0x8101 (0x9101)		
to 0x8107 (0x9107)		Please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact represen-
0x8110 (0x9110), 0x8111 (0x9111)	Internal error	tative.
0x8121 (0x9121)		
to 0x8125 (0x9125)		
0x8126 (0x9126)	Unknown version of the "pniodev.bin" file.	Check whether the PLCnext Engineer version is suitable for the device versions used.
0x8127 (0x9127)	Unknown version of the "sdevpara.saf" file.	 In the COMPONENTS area, under "Network, Axiocontrol, Devices,, Controller with AXC F XT SPLC 3000 (x)", check if the
0x8128 (0x9128)	Unknown version of the "swap.list" file.	 " template selected in the project matches the hardware and firmware versions of the SPLC 3000 and AXC F 2152 or AXC F 3152. COMPONENTS Programming (269) PLCnext Components & Programs (0) Plcnext Components & Programs (0) Axiccontrol (182) Poenix Controller (40) Controller with AXC F XT SPLC 1000 (14) Controller with AXC F XT SPLC 3000 Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 AXC F 3152 (AXC F XT SPLC 3000) Rev. >= 00/2023.0.0 Bownload the non-safety-related project to the PLCnext Control device used. Download the safe-ty-related project to the SPLC 3000. Follow the instructions provided in the note on "Order of project downloads" above this table. If the error cannot be removed, please contact your

Errors: Diagnostics, messages, and removal

Table 7-1SPLC 3000 error codes

Error code (hex)	Error cause	Remedy or response
		Follow the instructions in note "NOTE: Startup of the SPLC 3000 and PLCnext Control device not ensured" on page 127.
		 Check the device parameterization in your safety-related program. Boot the SPLC 3000 and the PLCnext Control device used by means of power-off/power-on for both devices.
0x8129 (0x9129)	Inconsistent device parameters.	 Download the non-safety-related project to the PLCnext Control device used. Download the safe- ty-related project to the SPLC 3000. Follow the instructions provided in the note on "Or- der of project downloads" above this table.
		 If none of the steps described above remove the error: Carry out the project downloads described in the note on "Order of project downloads" above this table if you are using an SD card not containing a project. Boot the SPLC 3000 and the PLCnext Control device used by means of power-off/power-on for both devices.
		 Replace the SPLC 3000. If the procedure described above does not rectify the error, please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact representative.
0x812A (0x912A)	Inconsistent process data description.	 Check the process data assignment in your safety-related project. Download the non-safety-related project to the PLCnext Control device used. Download the safe-ty-related project to the SPLC 3000. Follow the instructions provided in the note on "Order of project downloads" above this table. If the error cannot be removed, please contact your
		nearest Phoenix Contact representative.
0x812B (0x912B)	Internal error	Please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact represen- tative.
0x812C (0x912C)	Maximum number of supported F-De- vices exceeded.	Reduce the number of F-Devices connected to the SPLC 3000.
0x812D (0x912D)	Internal error	Please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact represen-
0x812E (0x912E)		tative.
0x812F (0x912F)	The F-Destination address is invalid or outside the permissible range.	 Check the F-Destination addresses used in the project. If necessary, correct the corresponding addresses.
0x8130 (0x9130)	Maximum number of supported process data descriptions exceeded.	Reduce the number of the process data descriptions.

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Table 7-1SPLC 3000 error codes

Error code (hex)	Error cause	Remedy or response
0x8131 (0x9131) to 0x8136 (0x9136)	Inconsistent process data description.	 Check the process data and process data assignment. Download the non-safety-related project to the PLCnext Control device used. Download the safety-related project to the SPLC 3000. Follow the instructions provided in the note on "Order of project downloads" above this table. If the error cannot be removed, please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact representative.
0x8137 (0x9137) to 0x813C (0x913C) 0x8141 (0x9141) to 0x8150 (0x9150) 0x8161 (0x9161) to 0x8165 (0x9165) 0x8181 (0x9181) to 0x8186 (0x9186) 0x8241 (0x9241) to 0x8247 (0x9247)	Internal error	Please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact represen- tative.
0x8248 (0x9248) 0x8249 (0x9249)	The internal supply voltage is below the specified range.The internal supply voltage is above the specified range.	-
0x824A (0x924A) to 0x824C (0x924C)	Internal error	
0x824D (0x924D)	Ambient temperature is not in the speci- fied range.	Check the ambient conditions (e.g., sufficient ventila- tion in the control cabinet) and operate the SPLC 3000 within the range specified.
0x824E (0x924E) to 0x825C (0x925C) 0x8F00 (0x9F00) to 0x8F02 (0x9F02)	- Internal error	Please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact represen- tative.
0x8F03 (0x9F03) to 0x8F07 (0x9F07)	Hardware fault.	
0x8F08 (0x9F08) to 0x8F0B (0x9F0B)	An error occurred during the firmware upgrade.	Observe further instructions from a person instructed in performing the update.

7.3.2 Errors and error codes of the SPLC 3000 as an F-Device

Table 7-2Error codes of the SPLC 3000 as an F-Device

Error code (hex)	Error cause	Remedy or response
0x8141 (0x9141) to 0x8147 (0x9147)	Internal error	Please contact your nearest Phoenix Contact represen-
0x8148 (0x9148)		tative.
0x8149 (0x9149)		

7.4 Evaluation and acknowledgment of module-specific diagnostic messages

Depending on the error type, errors that are diagnosed in the Axioline F and Axioline Smart Elements PROFIsafe modules from Phoenix Contact used are transmitted to the SPLC 3000 as diagnostic messages via PROFINET.

The product documentation for the modules used contains an overview of the diagnosed errors, their causes, effects, and possible measures for error removal. It also includes information regarding module behavior following acknowledgment of diagnostic messages.

- For every error that occurs, the cause of the error must first be removed.
- If necessary, the error is then acknowledged.

Phoenix Contact provides special function blocks for device-specific diagnostics for the Axioline F backplane bus system. These function blocks enable global or local device-specific diagnostics.

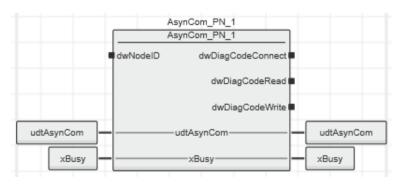
For this purpose, the AsynCom_PN_1 function block from the AsynCom_9 library for PLCnext Engineer must be used. This function block is used for reading information of the connected PROFINET devices. The function block receives this information from the configuration of the SPLC 3000 (device IDs, PROFINET names, etc.).

In addition, function blocks from the PN_Dev_Diag_5 library for PLCnext Engineer must also be used. An example of device-specific PROFIsafe diagnostics is the PNFD_AXL_Di-ag_2 function block. This function block is used to perform diagnostics on a safety-related device of the Axioline F product group via the PROFIsafe address. Displayed diagnostic messages can be confirmed (acknowledged) with the help of the function block.

7.4.1 AsynCom_PN_1 function block

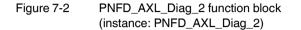
Function block for reading information of the connected PROFINET devices.

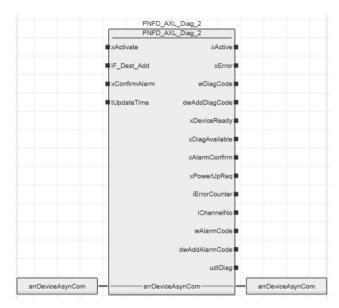
Figure 7-1 AsynCom_PN_1 function block (instance: AsynCom_PN_1)



7.4.2 PNFD_AXL_Diag_2 function block

Function block for diagnostics of a secure device of the Axioline F product group via the PROFIsafe address. Diagnostic messages that need to be confirmed can be confirmed with the help of the block.





Safety notes for starting applications

- Take the following into consideration when determining and programming the start conditions for your machine or system:
 - The machine or system may only be started if it can be ensured that nobody is present in the danger zone.
 - Meet the requirements of EN ISO 13849-1 with regard to the manual reset function. The machine must not be set in motion and/or a hazardous situation must not be triggered by the following actions, for example:
 - Switching on safe devices
 - Acknowledging device error messages
 - Acknowledging communication errors
 - Acknowledging block error messages in the application
 - Removing startup inhibits for safety functions
- Observe the following when programming/configuring the safety logic:
 - Switching from the safe state (substitute value = 0) to the operating state can generate an edge change (zero/one edge).
 - In the safety logic, take measures to prevent this edge change resulting in unexpected machine/system startup or restart.

Note for starting applications

 Also observe these notes to prevent unexpected machine startup after acknowledgment using "Operator Acknowledgement".

System variables and status information 8

8.1 **General information**

This section describes the system variables that are available for the SPLC 3000.

The SPLC 3000 has a register set that is used for diagnostics and simple control of the SPLC 3000.

The diagnostic data is stored in the diagnostic status register and the diagnostic parameter register. These registers are available to the application program as system variables (system flags, global variables).

8.2 **Data structures**

Some system variables of the SPLC 3000 are organized as data structures. The data structure for this type of system variable contains further system variables.

In the Init Value Configuration of PLCnext Engineer, you can see which specific system variables belong to a system variable that is organized as a data structure.

To open the Init Value Configuration for a system variable organized as a data structure, proceed as follows:

Double-click on the "PLC" node in the "PLANT" area.

The "/ PLC" controller editor group opens.

Select the "Data List" editor.



Alternatively, you can open the "Data List" editor via the controller node in the "PLANT" area.

- Open the "System Variables" section.
- In the "Variable (PLC)" column, click on the arrow to display additional information.

The data type of the system variable is displayed in the "Type" column of the additional information.

- Select the row for the system variable organized as a data structure whose associated system variables you would like to view. To do this, click on the first column in the row for the system variable organized as a data structure.
- Click on the system variable organized as a data structure.

The Init Value Configuration for the selected system variable organized as a data structure opens below the "Data List" editor.

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Ro Sett	tings 🗾 Data List							~ 🗆
		Data List					¥	- 🗆 ×
ΥΨ	XK 23 VAR VAR		K 🤹 2-3	XAR	SV SV		٩.	
TO Va	ariable (PLC)	Туре	Usage	Comment	Init	Retain	Constant	it value confi
H	MI_CONTROL	HMI_CONTROL_TYPE	Global				now the in	
SI	PLC	SPNSV2_TYPE	Global					
SI	PLC_PROFISAFE_DIAG	PROFISAFE_DIAG_OUT	Global					
(>
		Init Value Configu	ration					лх
Init value:	:	Init Value Configu	ration					a x
Init value:	:	Init Value Configu	ration					лх
Init value:	: Member			1ember init	value			лх
				Nember init	value			лх
TO	Member				value			л x
TO	Member		N	1	value			л x
TO	Member PRJ NAME		N STRING#	1	value			X K
TO	Member PRJ NAME CRC		N STRING# DWORD#	1	value			X K
TO	Member PRJ NAME CRC EXEC_TIME		STRING# DWORD# UDINT#0	1	value			X K
•	Member PRJ NAME CRC EXEC_TIME EXEC_TIME HAS_PRJ		STRING# DWORD# UDINT#0	1	value			× <

Figure 8-1 Example AXC F 3152: Init Value Configuration for the SPLC system variable organized as a data structure (SPNSV2_TYPE data type)

The "Member name" column in the Init Value Configuration displays all the system variables contained in the system variable which is organized as a data structure.

8.3 System variables of the SPLC 3000

8.3.1 SPLC system variable

The SPLC system variable uses the SPNSV2_TYPE data structure to provide the following information on the SPLC 3000.

Table 8-1 SPLC system variable and elements of the SPNSV2_TYPE data structure

System variable/elements	Туре	Meaning
SPLC	SPNSV2_TYPE	The SPLC system variable provides the information in the SPNSV2_TYPE data structure.
PRJ		
NAME	STRING	PLCnext Engineer project name.
CRC	DWORD	Project CRC (32 bits) of the SPLC 3000 boot project.
EXEC_TIME	UDINT	Runtime of the SPLC 3000 program cycle in μ s.
HAS_PRJ	BOOL	The safety-related application program and the program sources are contained in the memory of the SPLC 3000.
DIAG		
STATUS_REG	WORD	Diagnostic status register of the SPLC 3000
		The diagnostic status register of the SPLC 3000 contains the sta- tus information of the SPLC 3000. It mirrors the state of the SPLC 3000 at all times including any error states that have oc- curred on the SPLC 3000. Additional information and error pa- rameters, in particular in the failure state (FS), are included in the relevant diagnostic parameter registers of the SPLC 3000 (ele- ments SPNS.DIAG.PARAM_REG and SPNS.DIAG.PARAM_2).
		The information in the diagnostic status register is detailed in Table 8-2 on page 141.
PARAM_REG	WORD	Diagnostic parameter register 1 of the SPLC 3000 (error code).
PARAM_2_REG	WORD	Diagnostic parameter register 2 of the SPLC 3000 (additional error messages for service/support).
EXT_PARAM_REG	DWORD	Extended diagnostic parameter register of the SPLC 3000 (addi- tional error messages for service/support).
CH2_PARAM_REG	WORD	Diagnostic parameter register 1 of the SPLC 3000 channel 2 (CH2) (error code).
CH2_PARAM_2_REG	WORD	Diagnostic parameter register 2 of the SPLC 3000 channel 2 (CH2) (additional error messages for service/support).
CH2_EXT_PARAM_REG	DWORD	Extended diagnostic parameter register of the SPLC 3000 channel 2 (CH2) (additional error messages for service/support).
INFO		
CYCLE_TIME	UDINT	SPLC 3000 cycle in µs
TEMP		
TEMP_CURRENT	INT	Currently measured internal device temperature of the SPLC 3000

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System variable/elements	Туре	Meaning
TEMP_MIN	INT	Minimum measured SPLC 3000 temperature since the last power-on of the device.
TEMP_MAX	INT	Maximum measured SPLC 3000 temperature since the last power-on of the device.
STATUS_REG	WORD	 SPLC 3000 temperature status register 0x0000: The internal device temperature of the SPLC 3000 is in the non-critical range. 0x0080: The internal device temperature of the SPLC 3000 is in the range close to the tolerance threshold ≥ 73 °C and ≤ 83 °C. The SPLC 3000 remains in RUN state and, in parallel, issues a warning with error code 0xFA41. 0x8000: The internal device temperature of the SPLC 3000 is beyond the permitted range. The SPLC 3000 switches to the safe state and issues an error message with error code 0x924D.
CPU		
LOAD_CURRENT	INT	Current SPLC 3000 CPU load
LOAD_MIN	INT	Minimum measured SPLC 3000 CPU load since the last power- on of the device.
LOAD_MAX	INT	Maximum measured SPLC 3000 CPU load since the last power- on of the device.
STATUS_REG	WORD	SPLC 3000 CPU status register
FW_Version		
VERSION_MAJOR	BYTE	Major version of the SPLC 3000 firmware
VERSION_MINOR	BYTE	Minor version of the SPLC 3000 firmware
VERSION_BUILD	WORD	Build number of the SPLC 3000 firmware
FPGA_VERSION		
VERSION_MAJOR	BYTE	Major version of the SPLC 3000 hardware FPGA
VERSION_MINOR	BYTE	Minor version of the SPLC 3000 hardware FPGA
VERSION_BUILD	WORD	Build number of the SPLC 3000 hardware FPGA
NUM_OF_ACTIVE_ARS	UINT	Number of active PROFINET application relations (AR)
FW_UPDATE_STATUS	UINT	Status of the safety-related firmware update
SOFT_RESET_REG	WORD	Software reset register of the SPLC 3000

 Table 8-1
 SPLC system variable and elements of the SPNSV2_TYPE data structure

8.3.2 SPLC.DIAG.STATUS_REG.xxx diagnostic status register

The following table describes the information of the individual bits (0 ... 15) in the diagnostic status register (SPLC.DIAG.STATUS_REG.xxx)

Table 8-2 Elements in the diagnostic status register (SPLC.DIAG.STATUS_REG.xxx)

System variable/elements	Туре	Meaning
SPLC	See above	See above
DIAG	See above	See above
STATUS_REG	See above	See above
DBG ³	BOOL	Non-safe debug mode of the SPLC 3000
		The SPLC 3000 is in one of the two DEBUG states (DEBUG RUN or DEBUG STOP/DEBUG HALT).
EST	BOOL	There is an entry in the error memory of the safe operating system (error stack) of the SPLC 3000.
		Diagnostic and error messages from the safe SPLC 3000 operating system are present. These messages can be read and evaluated via PLCnext Engineer.
		This variable is always set to TRUE if there is at least one entry in the error memory of the safe operating system.
		As soon as the error memory has been read and emptied via PLCnext Engineer, the value of the variable changes to FALSE.
FS	BOOL	Failure state of the SPLC 3000
		An error has been detected which sets the SPLC 3000 to the safe state (failure state). The corresponding additional error code is included in this state in the diagnostic parameter registers of the SPLC 3000 (SPLC.DIAG.PARAM_REG and SPLC.DIAG.PARAM_2_REG).
INIT ²	BOOL	Initialization of the SPLC 3000
		Initialization of the SPLC 3000 firmware (safe operating system) has been performed and completed without errors.
IO ²	BOOL	Initialization of the SPLC 3000 F-Host for I/O channel communication
		Initialization of the F-Host for PROFIsafe communication with the PROFIsafe I/O devices has been completed without any errors.
PON ²	BOOL	Power-on process
		The SPLC 3000 is supplied with power. The firmware was downloaded to the main memory of the SPLC 3000 and started. The comprehensive self-test routines of the device have been completed successfully.
POST	BOOL	Power-on self-test of the SPLC 3000 (POWER ON SELFTEST)
		Power-on self-test of the SPLC 3000 is active.
PRO ²	BOOL	Loading and starting of the safety-related application program
		The safety-related application program, which was created using PLCnext Engineer, has been loaded without any errors to the safe SPLC 3000 operating system and started.

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System variable/elements	Туре	Meaning					
RUN ³	BOOL	Execution of the safety-related application program (RUN)					
		The SPLC 3000 executes the safety-related application program and is in one of the two RUN states (SAFE RUN or DEBUG RUN).					
SYN ²	BOOL	Synchronization of SPLC 3000 and PLCnext Control device					
		Synchronization between the SPLC 3000 and the PLCnext Control device was completed successfully.					
WARN	BOOL	Warning of the SPLC 3000					
		A group warning message of the SPLC 3000 is present.					
² The variables indicate the st following five consecutive se		of the SPLC 3000. The startup sequence of the SPLC 3000 is divided into the					
1. Power-on process							
2. Initialization of the SPLC	2. Initialization of the SPLC 3000						
3. Loading and starting of the safety-related application program							
4. Synchronization of the SPLC 3000 and the standard controller (PLCnext Control device)							
5. Initialization of the SPLC 3000 F-Host for I/O channel communication							
³ The variables indicate the RUN and DEBUG operating states of the SPLC 3000.							

Table 8-2 Elements in the diagnostic status register (SPLC.DIAG.STATUS_REG.xxx)

SPLC.DIAG.STATUS_REG diagnostics status register: Meaning of the individual bits

The SPLC.DIAG.STATUS_REG diagnostic status register contains the status information of the SPLC 3000. It mirrors the state of the SPLC 3000 at all times including any error states that have occurred on the SPLC 3000. Additional information and error parameters, in particular in the failure state (FS), are contained in the associated diagnostic parameter registers of the SPLC 3000 (SPLC.DIAG.PARAM_REG and SPLC.DIAG.PARAM_2_REG) and in the extended diagnostic parameter register (SPLC.DIAG.EXT.PARAM_REG).

Table 8-3 Diagnostic status register of the SPLC 3000: SPLC.DIAG.STATUS_REG

Bit 15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FS	POST	Res.	EST	Res.	Res.	Res.	Res.	WARN	DBG	RUN	I/O	SYN	PRO	INIT	PON
				Bits (-	diaata	the star	rtup ototuo	of the C		<u>оо т</u>	bo otor		10000	of the
								rtup status the follow			JUU. 1	ne star	iup seqi	Jence (on une
PON				Powe	r-on pr	ocess	comple	te							
				loade	d to the	e main r	nemor	he SPLC 3 y of the SP een compl	LC 3000) and sta	arted.				
INIT				Initiali	zation	of the S	SPLC 3	000 comp	lete						
								nitialization out errors.	n of the	SPLC 3	000 fi	rmware	(safe o	peratin	g system)
PRO				Safet	y-relate	ed appl	ication	program l	oaded a	nd start	ed				
				PLCn		gineer,		he safety-ı en loaded							
SYN				Synch	nroniza	tion of	the SP	LC 3000 a	nd the s	standard	l cont	roller			
				The b	it is se	t when	the SP	LC 3000 a	nd the s	standard	d cont	roller a	re synch	nronize	d.
I/O				l/O ch	annel	commu	inicatio	n initialize	d						
								nitialization s been co					e comm	unicati	on with the
				Bits 5	5 and 6	6									
				The F	RUN an	d DBG	bits in	dicate the	operatir	ng status	s of th	e SPLC	3000.		
RUN				RUN	mode	of the S	PLC 3	000							
								LC 3000 e es (SAFE			-		pplicatio	on prog	ram and is

DBG	Non-safe debug mode of the SPLC 3000
	This bit is set when the SPLC 3000 is in one of the two DEBUG states (DEBUG RUN or DEBUG STOP/DEBUG HALT). This bit is not set in the SAFE RUN state.
	Bits 7 and 10
WARN	The set WARN (WARNING) bit indicates a group warning message of the SPLC 3000.
	Bit 12
EST	The EST (error stack) bit indicates that diagnostic and error messages for the safe SPLC 3000 operating system are present. These messages can be read and evaluated via PLCnext Engineer.
	This bit is always set if there is at least one entry in the error memory of the safe operating system. As soon as the error memory has been read and emptied via PLCnext Engineer, this bit is automatically reset to zero.
	Bit 14
POST	Bit 14 POWER-ON SELFTEST
POST	
POST	POWER-ON SELFTEST This bit is set for the duration of the comprehensive power-on self-test of the SPLC 3000. It
POST FS	POWER-ON SELFTEST This bit is set for the duration of the comprehensive power-on self-test of the SPLC 3000. It is reset once the power-on self-test is complete.
	POWER-ON SELFTEST This bit is set for the duration of the comprehensive power-on self-test of the SPLC 3000. It is reset once the power-on self-test is complete. Bit 15

8.3.3 SPLC_PROFISAFE_DIAG system variable

The SPLC_PROFISAFE_DIAG system variable uses the PROFISAFE_DIAG_OUT data structure to provide further information on the SPLC 3000.

Table 8-4	SPLC_PROFISAFE_DIAG system variable and elements of the PROFISAFE_DIAG_OUT structure
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System variable/elements Type		Meaning
SPLC_PROFISAFE_DIAG	PROFISAFE_DI- AG_OUT	The data structure provides PROFIsafe diagnostic information of the individual configured F-Devices.
MAX_PS_RECORDS	UINT	Maximum number of F-Devices to be configured
USED_PS_RECORDS	UINT	Configured number of F-Devices
PS_RECORDS		
[1] [300]		PROFIsafe records 1 300
CODE_NAME	DWORD	-
DIAG_BIT_FIELD	DWORD	-
SRT_MIN	UINT	Minimum roundtrip time between F-Host and F-Device
SRT_MAX	UINT	Maximum roundtrip time between F-Host and F-Device
SRT_CUR UINT		Current roundtrip time between F-Host and F-Device
FWD_TIME	UINT	Watchdog time
VALID_REG	UINT	-
NODE_ID	UDINT	Node ID
Reserved	UINT	Reserved
PS_GLOBAL_RECORD	DWORD	-

8.3.4 SPLC_CONTROL_COMMAND and SPLC_CONTROL_CON-FIRM system variables

The SPLC_CONTROL_COMMAND system variable is used to request the resetting of diagnostic values from the non-safety-related project. Via the system variable SPLC_CON-TROL_CONFIRM, the SPLC 3000 confirms that the diagnostic values have been reset in the non-safety-related project.

SPLC_CONTROL_COMMAND

This system variable requests the resetting of diagnostic values from the non-safety-related project.

Table 8-5 SPLC_CONTROL_COMMAND system variable and elements of the SPNS_CONTROL_TYPE data structure

System variable/elements	Туре	Meaning
SPLC_CONTROL_COMMAND	SPLC_CONTROL _TYPE	Data structure with 32 bits for enabling SPLC 3000 functions.
CODE	DWORD	Bit 0: Resets the minimum and maximum safety roundtrip times (SRT_MIN, SRT_MAX). Data direction: Standard controller → SPLC 3000 (F-Host)
PARAM	DWORD	Bits 1 31: Reserved.

SPLC_CONTROL_CONFIRM

In the non-safety-related project, this system variable shows the acknowledgement from the SPLC 3000 that diagnostic values have been reset.

Table 8-6 SPLC_CONTROL_CONFIRM system variable and elements of the SPNS_CONTROL_TYPE data structure

System variable/elements	Туре	Meaning
SPLC_CONTROL_CONFIRM	SPLC_CONTROL _TYPE	Data structure with 32 bits for confirming functions of the SPLC 3000 that have been requested via the SPLC_CON-TROL_COMMAND variable.
CODE	DWORD	Bit 0: Confirms the resetting of the minimum and maximum safety roundtrip times (SRT_MIN, SRT_MAX). Data direction: SPLC 3000 (F-Host) → standard controller
PARAM	DWORD	Bits 1 31: Reserved.

8.3.5 FDEV_INx and FDEV_OUTx (x = 0 ... 7) system variables

These system variables are used for data exchange between the F-Device of the SPLC 3000 and the higher-level safety-related controller (F-Host).

Table 8-7FDEV_INx and FDEV_OUTx (x = 0 ... 7) system variables

System variable	Туре	Meaning
FDEV_IN0 FDEV_IN7	SAFEBYTE	Input process data of the F-Device instance of the SPLC 3000
FDEV_OUT0 FDEV_OUT7	SAFEBYTE	Output process data of the F-Device instance of the SPLC 3000

Please also observe the information in "System variables for the data exchange of the F-Device of the SPLC 3000" on page 31.

8.3.6 Management/diagnostic variables for each configured, lower-level F-Device

The table below lists management/diagnostic variables. These variables can be created in PLCnext Engineer for each configured, lower-level F-Device. The table shows which variables are created by default. This setting can be modified by changing the value (create/do not create) (see Figure 6-30 on page 103).

Management/diagnostic variable	Default setting
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_ACK_REQ	Create
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_ACK_REI	Create
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_PASS_OUT	Create
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_PASS_ON	Create
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_DEVICE_FAULT	Create
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_CE_CRC	Create
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_WD_TIMEOUT	Create
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_IPAR_OK	Do not create
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_IPAR_EN	Do not create
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_CHF_ACK_REI	Do not create
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_CHF_ACK_REQ	Do not create
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_CE_CRC_H	Do not create
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_WD_TIMEOUT_H	Do not create
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_LOOPBACK	Do not create

MARNING: Variables can be toggled

The variables specified in Table 8-8 can be toggled.

• Program an evaluation function in the PLCnext Engineer software (e.g., using edge detection).

System variable	Туре	Meaning
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_PASS_ON *)	BOOL	F-Device nnnnn is passivated when this variable is set to TRUE from the application program.
		 WARNING: Resetting this variable to FALSE means that the safe input and output data is transmitted immediately. Take appropriate measures to ensure that your system/machine does not present any danger when passivation of the F-Device is reset.
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_PASS_OUT *)	BOOL	F-Device nnnnn is passivated.
		Possible reasons for passivation:
		 Programmed passivation via the F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_PASS_ON system variable
		 Communication, device, and parameterization errors (see F_AD- DR_[nnnnn]_ACK_REQ system variable)
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_ACK_REQ *)	BOOL	 F-Device [nnnnn] requires an operator acknowledge request after an error has been eliminated. Possible reasons for activating the operator acknowledge request: Communication error (CRC, F_WD_TIME_OUT) Error in an F-Device. Please refer to the user documentation for the F-Devices used.
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_ACK_REI *)	BOOL	If F-Device [nnnnn] requires an operator acknowledge request, this request can be acknowledged using operator acknowledge reintegration (F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_ACK_REI).
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_DEVICE_FAULT *)	BOOL	Error in an F-Device.
		If this variable was set to TRUE during operation, remove the cause for the error. If the cause has been removed, the F_ADDR_[nn- nnn]_DEVICE_FAULT variable is set to FALSE again.
		 WARNING: The status change of this variable from TRUE to FALSE means that the safe input and output data is transmitted immediately by the F-Device. Take appropriate measures to ensure that your system/machine does not present any danger when the error state of the F-Device is removed.
		For information on which errors cause the F-Device to control this variable, please refer to the device-specific user documentation.

 Table 8-8
 Management/diagnostic variables for each configured, lower-level F-Device

System variable	Туре	Meaning
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_CE_CRC *)	BOOL	Communication error (F_CE_CRC)
		 This parameter is set if at least one of the following reasons applies: There is inconsistent parameterization between F-Host and F-Device. A communication error between the F-Host and F-Device is present; for example, the F-Device has detected a communication error during operation that was caused by an incorrect CRC checksum.
		If this variable was set to TRUE during operation, the cause of the error must be removed first so that acknowledgment can be carried out using the F_ADDR_[nnnn]_ACK_REI or ACK_REI_GLOBAL variable. If the cause has been removed, the F_ADDR_[nn-nnn]_CE_CRC variable is set to FALSE again.
		In terms of system availability, this type of CRC error should only occur once every ten hours at the most (see PROFIsafe specification regarding "SIL Monitor" and "Operator Acknowledge").
		During PROFIsafe system startup, e.g., following a program download in PLCnext Engineer, this variable is briefly set as a result of the PROFIsafe system startup behavior. This is not rel- evant for the 10-hour monitoring period described above follow- ing a CRC error that occurred during operation.
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_WD_TIME_OUT *)	BOOL	Communication error (F_WD_TIME_OUT)
		Set if the F-Device has detected a communication error caused by the parameterized F_WD_Time being exceeded.
		If this variable was set to TRUE during operation, the cause of the error must be removed first so that acknowledgment can be carried out using the F_ADDR_[nnnn]_ACK_REI or ACK_REI_GLOBAL variable. If the cause has been removed, the F_ADDR_[nn-nnn]_WD_TIME_OUT variable is set to FALSE again.
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_IPAR_OK *)	BOOL	F-Device indicates that the iParameters have been applied
		This variable is set when the F-Device indicates that it has applied the iParameters.

 Table 8-8
 Management/diagnostic variables for each configured, lower-level F-Device

System variable	Туре	Meaning
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_IPAR_EN *)	BOOL	Initiate application of the iParameters
		This variable is set in the application in order to initiate the application of the iParameters.
		Intentionally setting the F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_IPAR_EN variable starts the process for applying the iParameters. The process depends on the F-Device used. For more detailed information, please refer to the device-specific user documentation.
		WARNING: Depending on the application, applying the iParameters can re- sult in hazardous states.
		 Take appropriate measures to ensure that your system/ma- chine does not present any danger when the application of the iParameters is initiated and/or iParameters are applied.
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_CHF_ACK_REQ *)	BOOL	A channel error in the F-Device can be acknowledged (CHF_ACK_REQ_S).
		(Only for F-Devices in accordance with PROFIsafe profile version 2.6MU1)
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_CHF_ACK_REI *)	BOOL	Channel error acknowledgement (CHF_ACK_C)
		(Only for F-Devices in accordance with PROFIsafe profile version 2.6MU1)
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_CE_CRC_H *)	BOOL	Communication error (F_CE_CRC_H)
		Local F-Host driver reports communication error.
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_WD_TIMEOUT_H *)	BOOL	Communication error (F_WD_TIMEOUT_H)
		Local F-Host driver reports communication error.
F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_LOOPBACK *)	BOOL	Communication error (loopback check)
		Local F-Host driver reports communication error.
*) [nnnnn] = Number of the F-Device (e	.g., F_AD	DR_00001_PASS_ON, see Figure 6-32 on page 104)

 Table 8-8
 Management/diagnostic variables for each configured, lower-level F-Device

8.3.7 Global management/diagnostic variables for lower-level F-**Devices**

The table below describes management/diagnostic variables which are globally created in PLCnext Engineer for all lower-level F-Devices. These variables indicate that the condition for setting these variables applies to at least one configured, lower-level F-Device. The variables are not created by default. To create them, the relevant parameter must be set to "Create" in PLCnext Engineer (see Figure 6-31 on page 103).

WARNING: Outputs can be set

- Do **not** acknowledge an operator acknowledge request automatically from the application program.
- Trigger acknowledgment only by an intentional user action.
- When reintegrating passivated PROFIsafe devices, safety-related outputs can be set.
- Take appropriate measures to ensure that your system/machine does not present any danger when passivated PROFIsafe devices are reintegrated.

WARNING: Variables can be toggled

The variables specified in Table 8-9 can be toggled.

• Program an evaluation function in the PLCnext Engineer software (e.g., using edge detection).

Table 8-9	Management/diagnostic variables for lower-level F-Devices
-----------	---

System variable	Туре	Meaning
PASS_OUT_GLOBAL	BOOL	At least one F-Device is passivated.
		Possible reasons for passivation:
		 Programmed passivation via the F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_PASS_ON system variable
		 Communication, device, and parameterization errors (see F_ADDR_[nnn- nn]_ACK_REQ system variable)
ACK_REQ_GLOBAL	BOOL	At least one F-Device requires an operator acknowledge request after remov- ing an error. Possible reasons for activating the operator acknowledge request:
		 Communication error (CRC, F_WD_TIME_OUT)
		 Error in an F-Device. Please refer to the user documentation for the F-De- vices used.
ACK_REI_GLOBAL	BOOL	If at least one F-Device requires an operator acknowledge request, this can be acknowledged by means of an operator acknowledge reintegration (ACK_REI_GLOBAL).

Туре	Meaning
BOOL	 Error in at least one F-Device. If this variable was set to TRUE during operation, remove the cause for the error. Then perform acknowledgment via the F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_ACK_REI or ACK_REI_GLOBAL variable.
	If the cause has been removed, the F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_DEVICE_FAULT variable is set to FALSE again.
	 WARNING: The status change of this variable from TRUE to FALSE leads to the immediate transmission of the safe input and output data by the F device. Take appropriate measures to ensure that your system/machine does not present any danger if the error state of the F-Device has been removed.
	For information on which errors cause the F-Device to control this variable, please refer to the device-specific user documentation.
BOOL	Communication error (F_CE_CRC)
	 This parameter is set if at least one of the following reasons applies: There is inconsistent parameterization between F-Host and F-Device. A communication error between F-Host and F-Device(s) is present; for example, at least one F-Device has detected a communication error during operation that was caused by an incorrect CRC checksum.
	If this variable was set to TRUE during operation, the cause of the error must be removed first so that acknowledgment can be carried out using the F_AD-DR_[nnnnn]_ACK_REI or ACK_REI_GLOBAL variable. If the cause has been removed, the F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_CE_CRC variable is set to FALSE again.
	In terms of system availability, this type of CRC error should only occur once every ten hours at the most (see PROFIsafe specification regarding "SIL Monitor" and "Operator Acknowledge").
BOOL	Communication error (F_WD_TIME_OUT)
	Set if at least one F-Device has detected a communication error caused by the parameterized F_WD_Time being exceeded.
	If this variable was set to TRUE during operation, the cause of the error must be removed first so that acknowledgment can be carried out using the F_AD-DR_[nnnnn]_ACK_REI or ACK_REI_GLOBAL variable. If the cause has been removed, the F_ADDR_[nnnnn]_WD_TIME_OUT variable is set to FALSE again.
BOOL	At least one F-Device that reports a channel error in the F-Device can be ac- knowledged (CHF_ACK_C).
	(Only for F-Devices in accordance with PROFIsafe profile version 2.6MU1)
BOOL	At least one F-Device reports a channel error in the F-Devices and can be ac- knowledged (CHF_ACK_REQ_S).
	(Only for F-Devices in accordance with PROFIsafe profile version 2.6MU1)
BOOL	At least one local F-Host driver reports a communication error (F_CE_CRC_H).
	BOOL

 Table 8-9
 Management/diagnostic variables for lower-level F-Devices [...]

System variable	Туре	Meaning
WD_TIMEOUT_H_GLOBAL	BOOL	At least one local F-Host driver reports a communication error (F_WD_TIME-OUT_H).
LOOPBACK_GLOBAL	BOOL	At least one local F-Host driver reports a communication error (loopback check).

Table 8-9 Management/diagnostic variables for lower-level F-Devices [...]

8.3.8 Management/diagnostic variables of the SPLC 3000 F-Device

8.3.8.1 PROFIsafe: Device diagnostic variables (local device)

The table below lists management/diagnostic variables. These variables can be created in PLCnext Engineer for the SPLC 3000 configured as an F-Device. The table shows which variables are created by default. This setting can be modified by changing the value (create/do not create).

The F_Destination_Address of the SPLC 3000 (F_Dest_Add) is specified by the "[nnnn]" in the variable name.

Management/diagnostic variable	Default setting
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_ACK_REQ_DEV	Do not create
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_PASS_ON_DEV	Do not create
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_PASS_OUT_DEV	Do not create
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_IPAR_EN_DEV	Do not create
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_IPAR_OK_DEV	Do not create
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_DEVICE_FAULT_DEV	Do not create
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_CHF_ACK_REI_DEV	Do not create
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_CHF_ACK_REQ_DEV	Do not create
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_CE_CRC_DEV	Do not create
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_WD_TIMEOUT_DEV	Do not create

WARNING: Variables can be toggled

 t The variables specified in Table 8-10 can be toggled.

• Program an evaluation function in the PLCnext Engineer software (e.g., using edge detection).

System variable	Туре	Meaning
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_ACK_REQ_DEV *)	BOOL	The SPLC 3000 F-Device requests an operator acknowledge request from the higher-level safety-related controller (F-Host) when an error has been removed. Possible reasons for activat- ing the operator acknowledge request: - Communication error (CRC, F_WD_TIME_OUT)
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_PASS_ON_DEV *)	BOOL	The SPLC 3000 F-Device is passivated by the higher-level safety-related controller (F-Host) if this variable is set to TRUE from the application program.
		 WARNING: Resetting this variable to FALSE means that the safe input and output data is transmitted immediately. Take appropriate measures to ensure that your sys- tem/machine does not present any danger when pas- sivation of the SPLC 3000 F-Device is reset.
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_PASS_OUT_DEV *)	BOOL	The SPLC 3000 F-Device is passivated.
		 Possible reasons for passivation: Programmed passivation via the FD_ADDR_[nn-nn]_PASS_ON_DEV system variable Communication, device, and parameterization errors (see FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_ACK_REQ_DEV system variable)
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_IPAR_EN_DEV *)	BOOL	Initiate application of the iParameters
		This variable is set in the application in order to initiate the appli- cation of the iParameters.
		Intentionally setting the _ADDR_[nnnn]_IPAR_EN_DEV from the higher-level safety-related controller (F-Host) starts the pro- cess for applying the iParameters to the SPLC 3000 F-Device. The process depends on the higher-level safety-related control- ler used. For more detailed information, please refer to the de- vice-specific user documentation.
		WARNING: Depending on the application, applying the iParameters can result in hazardous states.
		 Take appropriate measures to ensure that your sys- tem/machine does not present any danger when the application of the iParameters is initiated and/or iPa- rameters are applied.
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_IPAR_OK_DEV *)	BOOL	The SPLC 3000 F-Device indicates that "the iParameters have been applied".
		This variable is set when the SPLC 3000 F-Device reports that it has applied the iParameters.

 Table 8-10
 PROFIsafe: Device diagnostic variables (local device)

System variable	Туре	Meaning
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_DEVICE_FAULT_DEV *)	BOOL	Error in the SPLC 3000 F-Device.
		This variable can be set to TRUE or FALSE in the application program during operation.
		WARNING: The status change of this variable from TRUE to F-ALSE leads to the immediate transmission of the safe input and output data by the SPLC 3000 F-Device.
		 Take appropriate measures to ensure that your sys- tem/machine does not present any danger if the error state of the SPLC 3000 F-Device has been removed.
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_CE_CRC_DEV *)	BOOL	Communication error (F_CE_CRC)
		This parameter is set if at least one of the following reasons applies:
		 The SPLC 3000 F-Device has detected a communication error during operation that was caused by an incorrect CRC checksum.
		 Inconsistent parameterization between the higher-level safety-related controller (F-Host) and the SPLC 3000 F-De- vice.
		 There is a communication error between the higher-level safety-related controller (F-Host) and the SPLC 3000 F-De- vice.
		If this variable was set to TRUE during operation, the cause of the error must be removed first to enable the higher-level safety- related controller (F-Host) to carry out acknowledgment and re- integration. If the cause has been removed, the variable
		FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_CE_CRC_DEV is reset to FALSE again.
		In terms of system availability, this type of CRC error should only occur once every ten hours at the most (see PROFIsafe specification regarding "SIL Monitor" and "Op- erator Acknowledge").
		During PROFIsafe system startup this variable is briefly set as a result of the PROFIsafe system startup behavior. This is not relevant for the 10-hour monitoring period de- scribed above following a CRC error that occurred during operation.
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_CHF_ACK_REQ_DEV *)	BOOL	A channel error in the SPLC 3000 F-Device can be acknowl- edged.
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_CHF_ACK_REI_DEV *)	BOOL	Channel error acknowledgement

 Table 8-10
 PROFIsafe: Device diagnostic variables (local device)

System variable	Туре	Meaning
FD_ADDR_[nnnn]_WD_TIME_OUT_DEV *)	BOOL	Communication error (F_WD_TIME_OUT)
		Is set if the SPLC 3000 F-Device has detected a communication error caused by a timeout of the parameterized F_WD_Time.
		If this variable was set to TRUE during operation, the cause of the error must be removed first to enable the higher-level safety- related controller (F-Host) to carry out acknowledgment and re- integration. If the cause has been removed, the FD_AD- DR_[nnnn]_WD_TIME_OUT_DEV variable is set to FALSE again.
*) [nnnn] = F_Destination-Adress (F_Dest_/ range: 1 65534.	Add) of the	SPLC 3000 used in the application as an F-Device is in the

 Table 8-10
 PROFIsafe: Device diagnostic variables (local device)

8.3.8.2 PROFIsafe: Collective diagnostic variables (local device)

The table below describes management/diagnostic variables, which are globally created in PLCnext Engineer for the SPLC 3000 as an F-Device. These variables indicate that the condition for setting these variables applies to at least one SPLC 3000 configured as an F-Device. The variables are not created by default. To create them, the relevant parameter must be set to "Create" in PLCnext Engineer (see Figure 6-31 on page 103).

WARNING: Outputs can be set

- Do **not** acknowledge an operator acknowledge request automatically from the application program.
- Trigger acknowledgment only by an intentional user action.

When reintegrating passivated PROFIsafe devices, safety-related outputs can be set.

• Take appropriate measures to ensure that your system/machine does not present any danger when passivated PROFIsafe devices are reintegrated.

WARNING: Variables can be toggled

The variables specified in Table 8-11 can be toggled.

• Program an evaluation function in the PLCnext Engineer software (e.g., using edge detection).

System variable	Туре	Meaning
ACK_REQ_DEV_GLOBAL	BOOL	At least one SPLC 3000 configured as an F-Device requires an operator-ac- knowledge request after removing an error. Possible reasons for activating the operator acknowledge request:
		 Communication error (CRC, F_WD_TIME_OUT)
CE_CRC_DEV_GLOBAL	BOOL	Communication error (F_CE_CRC)
		The SPLC 3000 currently only supports one F-Device instance: see F_ADDR_[nnnn]_CE_CRC_DEV system variable.
WD_TIMEOUT_DEV_GLOBAL	BOOL	Communication error (F_WD_TIME_OUT)
		The SPLC 3000 currently only supports one F-Device instance: see F_ADDR_[nnnn]_WD_TIMEOUT_DEV system variable.

 Table 8-11
 PROFIsafe: Collective diagnostic variables (local device)

Removing hardware 9

For basic information on the Axioline F system and its installation, particularly mounti ing/removing Axioline F modules, please refer to the UM EN AXL F SYS INST user manual ("Axioline F: system and installation").

9.1 Safety notes

NOTE: Electrostatic discharge

The device contains components that can be damaged or destroyed by electrostatic discharge. When working with or on the device, observe the necessary safety precautions against electrostatic discharge (ESD) in accordance with EN 61340-5-1 and IEC 61340-5-1



NOTE: Damage to electronics due to inadequate external protection – no safe fuse tripping in the event of a fault

The electronics in the device will be damaged if external fuse protection is inadequate.

- Protect the supply voltage externally in accordance with the connected load (num-٠ ber of Axioline F devices/amount of logic current consumption for each device).
- · Ensure that the external fuse trips reliably in the event of a fault.

Please note: i

During any work on the Axioline F station, the SPLC 3000, the PLCnext Control device, or a module, disconnect the power supply from the Axioline F station and make sure the supply voltage cannot be switched on again by unauthorized persons.

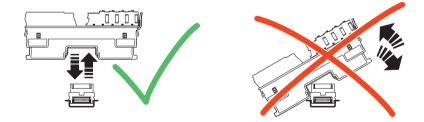
NOTE: Damage to the contacts when tilting

Tilting the modules can damage the contacts.

· Place the modules onto the DIN rail vertically.

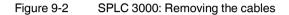


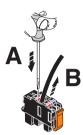
Removing the module vertically



9.2 Removing the cables

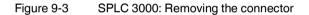
- Disconnect the Axioline F station from the power supply.
- Open the spring by pressing the screwdriver onto the spring lever (A).
- Remove the cable (B).

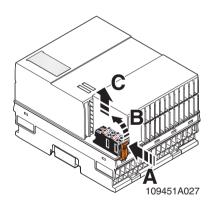




9.3 Removing the connector

• Release the locking latch (A), tip the connector slightly upwards (B), and remove it from the module (C).

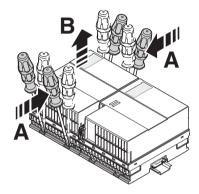




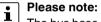
9.4 Unlatching the SPLC 3000

- Insert a suitable tool (e.g., a bladed screwdriver) into the upper and lower snap-in mechanism (base latches) of the module one after the other and unlock them (A). The base latches are locked in place in the open position.
- Remove the electronics module vertically to the DIN rail (B).

Figure 9-4 Unlatching the SPLC 3000



9.5 Removing the bus base module



The bus base module of the SPLC 3000 has snap-in latches that are held in place by the electronics module on the right.

- First remove the electronics module on the right before you pull off and remove the SPLC 3000 bus base module.
- Remove the bus base module in accordance with the description in the UM EN AXL F SYS INST user manual.



Read the information on removing bus base modules of the Axioline F modules in the UM EN AXL F SYS INST user manual (Axioline F: System and installation).

10 Device replacement, device defects, and repairs

10.1 Device replacement

The device can be replaced, if necessary.

Observe the device type and version	 The replacement device must satisfy the following conditions: Same device type (pos. 1 in Figure 3-18 on page 50) Same or later version (pos. 4 in Figure 3-18 on page 50)
Procedure	 If you want to replace the device, proceed in accordance with the following section: "Removing hardware" on page 159 "Mounting the hardware" on page 55 "Connecting and wiring the hardware" on page 65 "Commissioning and validation" on page 71 Disconnect the Axioline F station from the power supply. Replace the SPLC 3000 in your application with an identical device (same item number). Once the controller is replaced, restore all the necessary connections. 10.2 Device defects and repairs
Do not open the housing	Do not open the housing of the SPLC 3000. If the housing is opened, the function of the de- vice can no longer be ensured.
Device defects/repairs	 Please contact Phoenix Contact. Repairs may only be carried out by Phoenix Contact. Send defective devices back to Phoenix Contact for repair or to receive a replacement device. We strongly recommend using the original packaging to return the product. Include a note in the packaging indicating that the contents are returned goods. Where possible, provide a detailed description of the errors that have occurred. If the original packaging is no longer available, observe the following points: Observe the humidity specifications and the temperature range specified for transport (see Section "Technical data" on page 175). If necessary, use dehumidifying agents. Use suitable ESD packaging to protect components that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Secure any loose parts. Make sure that the packaging you select is large enough and sufficiently thick. Only use bubble wrap sheets as the wadding. Attach warning notes to the transport packaging so that they are clearly visible. Please ensure that the delivery note is placed inside the package if the package is to be shipped domestically. However, if the package is being shipped internationally, the delivery note must be placed inside a delivery note pocket and attached to the outside so that it is clearly visible.

11 Maintenance, decommissioning, and disposal

11.1 Maintenance

The device is maintenance-free.

11.2 Decommissioning and disposal

Carry out decommissioning in accordance with the requirements of the machine or system manufacturer.

When decommissioning the system or parts of the system, ensure the following for the devices used.

The device continues to be used as intended:

• Observe the storage and transport requirements (see Section "Transport, storage, and unpacking" on page 23).

The device is not used anymore:



- The symbol with the crossed-out trash can indicates that this item must be collected and disposed of separately from other waste. Phoenix Contact or public collection sites will take the item back for free disposal. For information on the available disposal options, visit phoenixcontact.com. Delete personal data before returning the item.
- Do not dispose of the device with household waste; it should be disposed of in accordance with the currently applicable national regulations.

• Disposing of the packaging • Dispose of packaging materials that are no longer needed (cardboard packaging, paper, bubble wrap sheets, tubular bags, etc.) with household waste in accordance with the currently applicable national regulations.

12 Extended SPLC 3000 settings and further useful information

12.1 Startup parameterization of PROFINET devices

In a PROFINET network used in systems manufacturing, devices must be coupled and decoupled. This function is managed by the program, depending on the application. In the off state, the device should be viewed as a missing device, with the difference being that the PROFINET controller does not search for it cyclically. Switching on and switching off correspond to application-driven connection establishment and release of the PROFINET device.



Please note:

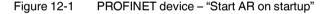
The basic specifications of a PROFINET controller (e.g., the maximum number of PROFINET devices that can be connected) cannot be exceeded by deactivating devices in the configuration.

In the "Settings" editor of the PROFINET device, you must specify whether the controller establishes an application relationship when the PROFINET device is started.

When set to "No", an application relationship is created for each PROFINET device but is not started; it remains inactive. In this case, an application relationship to the PROFINET device can be established using the AR_MGT function block (see Section "Function block for managing PROFINET application relationships (AR)" on page 169).

When set to "Yes", the PROFINET device is started up directly. If an application relationship is not started, the PROFINET device is not started up.

This option is set to "Yes" by default.



📒 axc-f-3152-2-1 🛛 🔗 axc-f-	3152-2-1 / Safety PLC × 👖 axl-f-bk-	pn-tps-1 ×
Contractions Settings Republic Module List	🗉 Data List	~ □
	Settings	* = = ×
All	Profinet device	
Identity	Vendor ID:	00B0
Ethernet	Device ID:	1000
Litonot	Start AR on startup: (j)	Yes 🗸
Profinet device	Log connection state: (i)	No
		Yes 🔶
	Drive br. ()	165
	Substitute value behavior of inputs:	Set to zero 👻

Safety notes for starting applications

- Take the following into consideration when determining and programming the start conditions for your machine or system:
 - The machine or system may only be started if it can be ensured that nobody is present in the danger zone.
 - Meet the requirements of EN ISO 13849-1 with regard to the manual reset function. The machine must not be set in motion and/or a hazardous situation must not be triggered by the following actions, for example:
 - Switching on safe devices
 - Acknowledging device error messages
 - Acknowledging communication errors
 - Acknowledging block error messages in the application
 - Removing startup inhibits for safety functions
- Observe the following when programming/configuring the safety logic:
 - Switching from the safe state (substitute value = 0) to the operating state can generate an edge change (zero/one edge).
 - In the safety logic, take measures to prevent this edge change resulting in unexpected machine/system startup or restart.

Note for starting applications

• Also observe these notes to prevent unexpected machine startup after acknowledgment using "Operator Acknowledgement".

12.2 Function block for managing PROFINET application relationships (AR)

You can use the AR_MGT function block to activate or deactivate PROFINET application relationships (AR) from a project. For example, process data and process data states (IOPS) are transmitted via the application relationships between the PROFINET controller and PROFINET device.

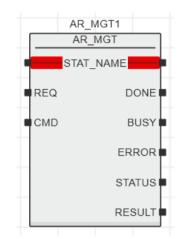


Figure 12-2 AR_MGT function block

The function block supports multiple instantiation. The maximum possible number of function block instances that can be activated simultaneously is limited by the maximum number of application relationships permitted by the PROFINET controller.



The function block for managing communication blocks is documented in the PLCnext Engineer online help.

12.3 Substitute value behavior for PROFINET devices and PROFIsafe F-Devices

The substitute value behavior for the input data of the PROFINET controller must be specified in your PLCnext Engineer project. By default, the input data of the PLCnext Control device is set to zero if the connection to a PROFINET device is interrupted.

Set the substitute value behavior for each PROFINET device individually in PLCnext Engineer (see Figure 12-3).

📙 axc-f-3152-2-1 🗙 🔗 axc-f-3	152-2-1 / Safety PLC × axl-f-bk-pn	-tps-1 × 🗸
Settings Real Module List	Data List	~ □
	Settings	* = 🗆 ×
All	Profinet device	
Identity	Vendor ID:	00B0
Ethernet	Device ID:	1000
Ememer	Start AR on startup: (j)	Yes 🗸
Profinet device	Log connection state: (j)	Yes 🗸
	Drive BF: (j)	Yes 🗸
	Substitute value behavior of inputs:	Set to zero 🗸 🗸
		Set to zero 🔶
		Keep values

Figure 12-3 PROFINET device – "Substitute value behavior of inputs"

If the connection to a PROFINET device is interrupted, the "Set to zero" option means that the corresponding input data of the PLCnext Control device is set to zero. The "Keep values" option means that if the connection to a PROFINET device is interrupted, the input values that were valid immediately before the interruption are present as the input data in the application program.

When the connection to the PROFINET device is restored, the substitute values remain valid as input data until the PROFINET device has been started up completely. Once the connection has been established again, the latest input data is used.



Note on the substitute value behavior for F-Devices

When programming and configuring your safety logic, observe that the change from the safe state (substitute value = 0) to the operating state can cause an edge change (zero-one edge).

• In the safety logic, take measures to prevent this edge change resulting in unexpected machine/system startup or restart.

13 Technical data and ordering data

13.1 Ordering data

13.1.1 Extension module

Description	Туре	Item no.	Pcs./Pkt.
The AXC F XT SPLC 3000 (SPLC 3000) is a left-alignable, safety-related controller for operating PROFIsafe devices. The SPLC 3000 is connected to the modular AXC F 2152 or AXC F 3152 controller from the PLCnext Control series.	AXC F XT SPLC 3000	1160157	1

13.1.2 Controller

Description	Туре	ltem no.	Pcs./Pkt.
PLCnext Control device for the direct control of Axioline F I/Os. With two Ethernet interfaces. Complete with connector and bus base module.	AXC F 2152	2404267	1
PLCnext Control device for the direct control of Axioline F I/Os. With three independent Ethernet interfaces. Complete with connector and bus base module.	AXC F 3152	1069208	1

13.1.3 Modules

Description	Туре	Item no.	Pcs./Pkt.
Axioline F, bus coupler, PROFINET, RJ45 jack, transmission speed on the local bus: 100 Mbps, degree of protection: IP20, including bus base module and Axioline F connector	AXL F BK PN TPS	2403869	1
Axioline Smart Elements, digital input module, functional safety, PROFIsafe, exclusively for connection to Phoenix Contact or Siemens controller, safe digital inputs: 8 (1-channel assignment), 4 (2-channel assignment), 24 V DC, connection technology: 3-conductor, degree of protection: IP20	AXL SE PSDI8/3	1079241	1
Axioline Smart Elements, digital output module, functional safety, PROFIsafe, exclusively for connection to Phoenix Contact or Siemens controller, safe digital inputs: 4 (1-channel assignment), 2 (2-channel assignment), 24 V DC, 2 A, connection technology: 2-conductor, degree of protection: IP20	AXL SE PSDO4/2 2A	1079231	1
Axioline Smart Elements, slot cover, diagnostic function, de- gree of protection: IP20	AXL SE SC-A	1088134	1

Description	Туре	ltem no.	Pcs./Pkt.
Axioline F, backplane, 4 slots for Axioline Smart Elements, transmission speed on the local bus: 100 Mbps, degree of protection: IP20	AXL F BP SE4	1088135	1
Axioline F, digital output module, functional safety, PROFIsafe, exclusively for connection to Phoenix Contact or Siemens controller, digital outputs: 4 (2-channel assign- ment), 8 (1-channel assignment), 2 A, connection technol- ogy: 2-conductor, 3-conductor, degree of protection: IP20	AXL F PSDO8/3 1F	2701560	1
Axioline F, digital input module, digital inputs: 16, 24 V DC, connection technology: 1-conductor, input filter time <5 μ s, transmission speed on the local bus: 100 Mbps, degree of protection: IP20, including bus base module and Axioline F connectors	AXL F DI16/1 HS 1H	2701722	1

13.1.4 Accessories

Description	Туре	ltem no.	Pcs./Pkt.
QUINT POWER and TRIO POWER power supplies from Phoenix Contact	See the latest Phoenix Contact IN	ITERFACE cat	talog
Bus base module for type AXC F XT extension modules to be aligned to the left of type AXC F 2152 controllers (item no. 2404267).	AXC BS L 2	1064312	1
Program and configuration memory for storing the applica- tion programs and other files in the file system of the PLC, plug-in, 8 GB. (Memory)	SD FLASH 8GB PLCNEXT MEMORY	1061701	1
Program and configuration memory for storing the applica- tion programs and other files in the file system of the PLC, plug-in, 2 GB. (Memory)	SD FLASH 2GB PLCNEXT MEMORY	1043501	1
End bracket, width: 9.5 mm, color: gray (mounting)	E/NS 35 N	0800886	50
End bracket, for the end support bearing for the UKH 50 to UKH 240, for pushing onto DIN rail NS 35 and clamping in place using 2 screws, width: 10 mm, color: aluminum (mounting)	E/AL-NS 35	1201662	10
Quick mounting end bracket for NS 35/7,5 DIN rail or NS 35/15 DIN rail, with marking option, width: 9.5 mm, color: gray (mounting)	CLIPFIX 35	3022218	50
Quick mounting end bracket for NS 35/7,5 DIN rail or NS 35/15 DIN rail, with marking option, with parking option for FBD5, FBD6, KSS 5, KSS 6, width: 5.15 mm, color: gray (mounting)	CLIPFIX 35-5	3022276	50
End bracket, material: PA, color: gray, mounting on NS 32 or NS 35 DIN rail (mounting)	E/UK	1201442	50

13.1.5 Software

Description	Туре	ltem no.	Pcs./Pkt.
Engineering software platform for automation controllers from Phoenix Contact. PLCnext Engineer is IEC 61131-3- compliant and is available free of charge under Downloads. Its functionality can be extended using paid add-ins. To do this, open the license configurator via the "Configure" button.	PLCnext Engineer	1046008	1

13.1.6 Documentation

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Make sure you always use the latest documentation.

It is available for download at phoenixcontact.net/products.

Description	Туре	ltem no.	Pcs./Pkt.
PROFINET			
User manual, English, PROFINET basic principles	UM EN PROFINET SYS	-	-
User manual, English, PROFINET controller/device func- tions	UM EN PROFINET CTRL DEV	-	-
PROFINET Assembling Guideline, Version 2.8, September 2019, Order No. 8.072 "PROFINET_Assembling_8072_V28_Sep19.pdf"	For the latest versions of the doc	uments visit <u>w</u>	ww.profi-
Functional Bonding and Shielding of PROFIBUS and PROFINET, Guideline for PROFIBUS and PROFINET, Version 2.6, February 2021, Order No. 8.102 "Earthing-Shielding_8102_V26_Feb21.pdf"	For the latest versions of the documents visit <u>www.profibus.com</u> or contact your nearest Phoenix Contact representative regarding the document.		ict represen-

Description	Туре	ltem no.	Pcs./Pkt.
PROFIsafe			
PROFIsafe System Description, Technology and Applica- tion, Version April 2016, Order No. 4.342 "PROFIsafe_SystemDescription_ENG2016_web.pdf" PROFIsafe Policy, Guideline for PROFIBUS and PROFINET, Version 1.5, July 2011, Order No. 2.282 "PROFIsafe-Policy_2282_V15_Jul11.pdf"			
PROFIsafe Environment related to PROFIsafe V2.6.1 Guideline for PROFINET and PROFIBUS, Version 2.6, December 2015, Order No. 2.232 "PROFIsafe-Environment_2232_V26_Dec15.pdf"	For the latest versions of the one one one of the one o	est Phoenix Cont	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PROFIsafe – Profile for Safety Technology on PROFIBUS and PROFINET, Order No. 3.192 Profile part, related to IEC 61784-3-3 Technical Specification, Version 2.6MU2, September 202 "PROFIsafe_3192_d26MU2_Sep22.pdf"			
PROFIsafe Test Specification, related to PROFIsafe V2.6 Test Specification for PROFIBUS and PROFINET Version 2.3, March 2018, Order No. 2.242 "Psafe-Testspec_2242_V23_Mar18.pdf"			
PLCnext Technology			
Information on troubleshooting and answers to freque PLCnext Community at plcnext-community.net.	ently asked questions (FAQs) car	n be found in the	
Comprehensive documentation on PLCnext Techno	logy is available in the PLCnext Ir	fo Center.	
Axioline F			
User manual, English Axioline F: system and installation	UM EN AXL F SYS INST	-	-
User manual, English, Axioline F: Diagnostic registers and error messages	UM EN AXL F SYS DIAG	-	-
User manual, English, Axioline Smart Elements	UM EN AXL SE SYS INST	-	-
User manual, English, Installing, starting up, and operating the AXC F 1152, AXC F 2152, and AXC F 3152 controllers	UM EN AXC F X152		
Software			
Online help PLCnext Engineer	-	-	-
Security			
Comprehensive desumentation on acquirity for PLCs	aut Ta ala sala su dia au silala la in tha		

Comprehensive documentation on security for PLCnext Technology is available in the PLCnext Security Info Center.

13.2 Technical data

Dimensions (nominal sizes in mm)			
Outer dimensions (width x height x depth)	100 mm x 127 mm x 75 mm (The depth applies when a TH 35-7.5 DIN rail is used (in accor- dance with EN 60715).)		
General data			
Color	Yellow		
Weight	400 g		
Design	Modular		
Mounting type	DIN rail mounting		
Connection data			
Labeling	Axioline F connector		
Connection method	Push-in connection		
Conductor cross-section (rigid/flexible)	0.2 mm ² 1.5 mm ²		
Conductor cross-section [AWG]	24 16		
Stripping length	8 mm		

Power supply				
	ne safety function when using unsuitable power supplies			
	otective extra-low voltage (PELV) operation in accordance with			
Only protective extra-low voltage in accord	• Only protective extra-low voltage in accordance with the defined standard may be used for supply purposes.			
The following applies to the network (PROFIN	ET and Axioline F) and the I/O devices used in it:			
	quirements of EN 61204 and feature safe isolation with PELV in accor- prevent short circuits between the primary and secondary side.			
Please also observe the information in Section	n "Electrical safety" on page 16.			
	er supply in Section "Electrical safety" on page 16.			
 Use only power supplies with safe isolation 	with 24 V DC.			
Use a power supply without fall-back chara	acteristic curve (see Section "Sizing of the power supply" on page 65).			
Supply of the communications voltage UL				
Supply voltage	24 V DC			
Supply voltage range	19.2 V DC 30 V DC (including all tolerances, ripple included)			
	230 mA, typ.			
Current consumption	350 mA, max.			
 NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. 				
NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit				
NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit Protection against polarity reversal	Polarity protection diode			
NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit				
NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit Protection against polarity reversal	Polarity protection diode			
NOTE: Damage to the electronics • Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit Protection against polarity reversal Transient protection	Polarity protection diode			
NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit Protection against polarity reversal Transient protection Ambient conditions Ambient temperature (operation)	Polarity protection diode Suppressor diode -25°C 60°C up to 2000 m above mean sea level -25°C 55°C up to 3000 m above mean sea level			
NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit Protection against polarity reversal Transient protection Ambient conditions Ambient temperature (operation) Ambient temperature (storage/transport)	Polarity protection diode Suppressor diode -25°C 60°C up to 2000 m above mean sea level -25°C 55°C up to 3000 m above mean sea level -25°C 50°C up to 4000 m above mean sea level			
NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit Protection against polarity reversal Transient protection Ambient conditions	Polarity protection diode Suppressor diode -25°C 60°C up to 2000 m above mean sea level -25°C 55°C up to 3000 m above mean sea level -25°C 50°C up to 4000 m above mean sea level -40°C 85°C			
 NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit Protection against polarity reversal Transient protection Ambient conditions Ambient temperature (operation) Ambient temperature (storage/transport) Permissible humidity (operation) 	Polarity protection diode Suppressor diode -25°C 60°C up to 2000 m above mean sea level -25°C 55°C up to 3000 m above mean sea level -25°C 50°C up to 4000 m above mean sea level -40°C 85°C 5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2)			
 NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit Protection against polarity reversal Transient protection Ambient conditions Ambient temperature (operation) Ambient temperature (storage/transport) Permissible humidity (operation) Permissible humidity (storage/transport) Air pressure (operation) 	Polarity protection diode Suppressor diode -25°C 60°C up to 2000 m above mean sea level -25°C 55°C up to 3000 m above mean sea level -25°C 50°C up to 4000 m above mean sea level -40°C 85°C 5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2) 5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2)			
 NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit Protection against polarity reversal Transient protection Ambient conditions Ambient temperature (operation) Permissible humidity (operation) Permissible humidity (storage/transport) Air pressure (operation) Air pressure (storage/transport) 	Polarity protection diode Suppressor diode -25°C 60°C up to 2000 m above mean sea level -25°C 55°C up to 3000 m above mean sea level -25°C 50°C up to 4000 m above mean sea level -40°C 85°C 5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2) 5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2) 70 kPa 106 kPa (up to 3000 m above mean sea level)			
NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit Protection against polarity reversal Transient protection Ambient conditions Ambient temperature (operation) Ambient temperature (storage/transport) Permissible humidity (operation)	Polarity protection diode Suppressor diode -25°C 60°C up to 2000 m above mean sea level -25°C 55°C up to 3000 m above mean sea level -25°C 50°C up to 4000 m above mean sea level -40°C 85°C 5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2) 5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2) 70 kPa 106 kPa (up to 3000 m above mean sea level) 58 kPa 106 kPa (up to 4500 m above mean sea level)			
 NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit Protection against polarity reversal Transient protection Ambient conditions Ambient temperature (operation) Permissible humidity (operation) Permissible humidity (storage/transport) Air pressure (operation) Air pressure (storage/transport) Degree of protection 	Polarity protection diode Suppressor diode -25°C 60°C up to 2000 m above mean sea level -25°C 55°C up to 3000 m above mean sea level -25°C 50°C up to 4000 m above mean sea level -40°C 85°C 5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2) 5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2) 70 kPa 106 kPa (up to 3000 m above mean sea level) 58 kPa 106 kPa (up to 4500 m above mean sea level) IP20			
 NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit Protection against polarity reversal Transient protection Ambient conditions Ambient temperature (operation) Ambient temperature (storage/transport) Permissible humidity (operation) Permissible humidity (storage/transport) Air pressure (operation) Air pressure (storage/transport) Degree of protection Protection class 	Polarity protection diode Suppressor diode -25°C 60°C up to 2000 m above mean sea level -25°C 55°C up to 3000 m above mean sea level -25°C 50°C up to 4000 m above mean sea level -25°C 50°C up to 4000 m above mean sea level -40°C 85°C 5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2) 5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2) 70 kPa 106 kPa (up to 3000 m above mean sea level) 58 kPa 106 kPa (up to 4500 m above mean sea level) III (IEC 61140, EN 61140, VDE 0140-1)			
 NOTE: Damage to the electronics Provide external protection for the module. Protective circuit Protection against polarity reversal Transient protection Ambient conditions Ambient temperature (operation) Ambient temperature (storage/transport) Permissible humidity (operation) Permissible humidity (storage/transport) Air pressure (operation) Air pressure (storage/transport) Degree of protection Protection class Vibration (operation) 	Polarity protection diodeSuppressor diode-25°C 60°C up to 2000 m above mean sea level-25°C 55°C up to 3000 m above mean sea level-25°C 50°C up to 4000 m above mean sea level-40°C 85°C5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2)5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2)5% 95% (in accordance with DIN EN 61131-2)70 kPa 106 kPa (up to 3000 m above mean sea level)58 kPa 106 kPa (up to 4500 m above mean sea level)III (IEC 61140, EN 61140, VDE 0140-1)5g (in accordance with EN 60068-2-6/IEC 60068-2-6)			

Continuous shock (operation)	10g (in accordance with EN 60068-2-27/IEC 60068-2-27)
Continuous shock (storage/transport)	10g (in accordance with EN 60068-2-27/IEC 60068-2-27)
Resistance to gases that may endanger functions accord- ing to DIN 40046-36, DIN 40046-37	Use of the device in these ambient conditions is prohibited.
Diagnostic and status indicators	
FS	LED: Red
RUN	LED: Green
Р	LED: Green
С	LED: Green
Safety characteristics in accordance with EN ISO 138	849-1
Performance level (PL)	e, max.
Category	4, max.
Probability of a dangerous failure per hour (PFH_D)	1 * 10 ⁻⁹
Diagnostic coverage (DC _{avg})	99%
Mean time to dangerous failure $(MTTF_D)$	≥80 years
Safety characteristics in accordance with EN 62061	
Safety integrity level claim limit (SIL CL)	3, max.
Probability of a dangerous failure per hour (PFH_D)	1 * 10 ⁻⁹
Hardware Fault Tolerance (HFT)	1
Safe failure fraction (SFF) in accordance with DIN EN 62061	99%
Mission time	300 months (therefore no restrictions, no maintenance inter- vals)
Safety characteristics in accordance with IEC 61508	– high demand
Safety integrity level (SIL)	3, max.
Probability of dangerous failure per hour (PFH)	1 * 10 ⁻⁹

1

vals)

Hardware Fault Tolerance (HFT)

Mission time

Ambient conditions

300 months (therefore no restrictions, no maintenance inter-

PLCnext Engineer
Programming in accordance with IEC 61131-3
Arm [®] Cortex [®] -A9, 800 MHz (CPU1) Arm [®] Cortex [®] -A8, 600 MHz (CPU2)
5 ms (T _{ZSPLCmin})
1 MB (safe program)
1 MB (addressable area)
24576 bytes
24576 bytes
3072 bytes (inputs exchange area)
3072 bytes (outputs exchange area)
6144 bytes
6144 bytes
8192 bytes
16384, max.
PROFIsafe F-Host, PROFIsafe F-Device
300

Conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU

Immunity test in accordance with EN 61000-6-2/IEC 61000-6-2

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) EN 61000-4-2/IEC 61000-4-2	Criterion A, 8 kV air discharge		
Electromagnetic fields EN 61000-4-3/IEC 61000-4-3	Criterion A, field strength: 10 V/m		
Fast transients (burst) EN 61000-4-4/IEC 61000-4-4	Criterion A, 2 kV		
Transient overvoltage (surge) EN 61000-4-5/IEC 61000-4-5	Criterion A, DC supply lines: ±0.5 kV/±1.0 kV (symmetrical/asymmetrical)		
Conducted disturbances EN 61000-4-6/IEC 61000-4-6	Criterion A, test voltage 10 V		
Noise emission test in accordance with EN 61000-6-3/IEC 61000-6-3	Class B		

V2.6MU1 / V2.4

Approvals

Profile version

For the current approvals, please visit:

phoenixcontact.net/product/1160157

A Appendix: Terms for PROFIsafe

	Terms that are used in connection with PROFIsafe in this user manual are described below.			
	A definition of PROFIsafe t	erms is also pro	vided in the PROFIsafe profile.	
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check			
	A cyclic redundancy check is used to verify the validity of the process data contained in the safety telegram, check whether the assigned address relationships are correct, and verify the safety-related parameters. This value is part of the safety telegram.			
Consecutive number	Consecutive number			
	Method for ensuring that th	ne safe data is tra	ansmitted completely and in the correct order.	
Reintegration	Removal of passivation for "Passivation").	the reintegration	n of previously passivated F-Devices (see also	
F-Parameters	(In accordance with PROF	Isafe System De	escription, version April 2016)	
		king the parame	ting the PROFIsafe layer to specific customer terization by means of a separate method (di-	
	F_Source_Address / F_Destination_Address / F_Source_Add / F_Dest_Add (F-Address	Unique address for F-Devices within a PROFIsafe island. The technology part of the F-Device compares the value with the local address switch or with an assigned F-Address in order to check authenticity of the connection.		
	for short)	As of PROFIsafe profile V2.6.1, a distinction is made between two address types, which must be specified by the manufac- turer in the F-Device-specific user documentation:		
		Address type 1:	The F-Device only checks the F_Destina- tion_Address.	
		Address type 2:	The F-Device checks the F_Destination_Ad- dress and the F_Source_Address.	
	F_WD_Time	Specifies the time for the watchdog timer in milliseconds. The timer monitors the time that elapses until the next valid PROFIsafe message is received.		
	F_SIL	Indicates the SIL that the user can expect from the relevant F- Device. It is compared with the manufacturer's specification that is stored locally.		
	F_iPar_CRC		t is calculated from all iParameters of the tech- c part of the F-Device.	
	F_Par_CRC	-	e that is created across all F-Parameters and free transmission of the F-Parameters.	
F_Source_Address	F-Parameter (F_Source_Add for short); PROFIsafe source address; address of the safety-related PROFINET SPNS controller (F- Host)			
F_Destination_Address	F-Parameter (F_Dest_Add for short); PROFIsafe destination address; address of the PROFIsafe device (F-Device)			

iParameters	Individual safety parameters of a device
Consecutive number	See "Consecutive number"
Passivation	If the safety module detects an error, it switches the affected channel or all channels of the module to the safe state; the channels are then passivated. The detected error is reported to the safety-related controller.
	For a safe input module, when passivation is enabled, substitute values (0) are provided for the safety program instead of the process values present at the safe inputs.
	For a safe output module, when passivation is enabled, substitute values (0) are transferred to the safe outputs instead of the output values provided by the safety program.
PROFIsafe	Safety-related bus profile based on PROFIBUS DP or PROFINET. It defines the communi- cation between a safety program and the safe I/O devices in a safe system.
PROFIsafe address	Each safe module has a PROFIsafe address. This address must be set on the safety mod- ule via DIP switches, for example, and then configured in the configuration tool for the safety-related controller used.
PROFIsafe monitoring time	Monitoring time for safety-related communication between the SPLC 3000 and the safe I/O devices.
	This time is parameterized in the F_WD_Time F-Parameter.

B Appendix: Checklists

NOTE: Observe supporting checklists

The checklists listed in this section provide support during planning, mounting, and electrical installation, commissioning, parameterization, and validation of the SPLC 3000 and the PROFIsafe system.

These checklists may be used as additional planning documentation and/or as additional verification to ensure the steps in the specified phase are carried out carefully.

The checklists do not claim to be complete.

• Observe the applicable standards for your application and, based on these, create individual specific checklists for your system/machine.

Archive the completed checklists to use as reference for recurring tests.

The checklists do not replace validation, initial commissioning, or regular testing performed by qualified personnel.

The following section of a checklist shows an example of a completed checklist.

	Checklist						
Device type/equipment identification			AXC F XT SPLC 3000/BK15NA11				
Vers HW/		≥ 01/01.00.0000	Date		2021-02-18		
Editor		John Smith	Test engineer		Jane Brown		
Rem	nark	System XXX has been checked	for engine hood	producti	on		
No.	Requirement			Yes	Remark		
Х							

Key:

Device type/equipment identi- fication	Enter the device type and/or the equipment identification for the relevant device.
Version: HW/FW	Enter the hardware and firmware version of the device (see revision specification on the label, item 4 in Figure 3-18 on page 50).
Date	Enter the date on which you began to fill in this checklist.
Editor	Enter the name of the editor.
Test engineer	Enter the name of the test engineer.
Remark	Where necessary, enter a comment.
Requirement (mandatory)	These requirements must be met for a safety application, in order to complete the relevant phase using the checklist.
Requirement (optional)	These requirements are optional. For points that are not met (No), please enter an appropriate remark in the relevant field.

B 1 System-specific checklists

This section contains checklists that relate to the phases of life of the PROFIsafe system.

B 1.1 Planning

	Checklist for planning the use of the PROFIsafe system						
Equ	ipment identification						
			Date	Date			
Edit	or		Test engineer				
Ren	nark						
No.	Requirement	•		Yes	Rema	ark	
1	1 Have the applicable standards for the system/machine been selected and are the resulting requirements known for each safety function and phase of life of the system/machine?						
2		the system/machine been carri					
3	Has the corresponding sa rived from risk assessme	afety category/safety integrity l nt?	evel been de-				
4		Have the individual safety functions been fully defined/specified?					
5	5 Does the planned PROFIsafe system meet the required safety integrity for all defined safety functions?						
6	6 Has the power supply been planned in accordance with the specifica- tions on protective extra-low voltage (PELV) in accordance with EN 60204-1 (including safe isolation with PELV in accordance with IEC 61010-2-201)?						
7	safety function within the been determined and do		tem/machine				
8	SFRT is observed with th	machine be implemented when he specified PROFINET infrastr	ructure?				
9	ties (for example by using safety-related application		ecification of the				
10	specified in the PLCnext		ogram been				
11		project password been provided?					
12		levelop" the safety-related application program?			Name	265:	
13	Has a controller passwor						
	agement system of the P				Name		
15	Has the location where th tem PC) been specified?	ne software is to be installed (e	.g., on the sys-				

No.	Requirement	Yes	Remark
16	Have measures been planned which prevent unintentional, automatic restart with hazardous states?		
17	Have measures been planned to ensure unique F-Addresses through- out the network (F-Source addresses of PROFIsafe devices and F-Des- tination addresses of safety-related PROFINET SPLC 3000 control- lers)?		
18	Does the planned use correspond to the intended use of the system?		
19	Has the technical data of the PROFIsafe system been observed?		
20	Have the requirements of the PROFINET Assembling Guideline been observed and met during planning?		
21	Have the accessories to be used been planned (e.g., cables, male con- nectors)?		
22	Are the mission time/proof test intervals and maintenance intervals of the PROFIsafe devices used known and documented?		
23	Has the assignment of responsibility for subsequent phases of life been specified (e.g., for mounting/installation/programming/startup/valida-tion, etc.)?		Name/company:
24	Have measures been planned against unauthorized network access?		
		Date	Signature (editor)
		Date	Signature (test engineer)

B 1.2 Programming

	Checklist for programming the PROFIsafe system						
Equipment identification							
			Date				
Edit	or		Test engineer				
Rem	nark				!		
No.	Requirement			Yes			
1		om the applicable standards fo					
1		ved and met in the programmir	• ·				
2	ated in the PLCnext Engi	e safety-related application pro neer software?	gram been cre-				
3	Has the safety-related ap PLCnext Engineer?	plication program been create	d entirely in				
4							
5	5 Are standard input signals exclusively used to program standard opera- tions (e.g., for the enable principle using the EN_OUT block or for ac- knowledgment)?						
6	6 Are the parameterized F-Addresses (F-Source Addresses of PROFIsafe controllers and F-Destination Addresses of PROFIsafe devices) unique throughout the network?						
7	7 Is the F_WD_Time calculated for each F-Device parameterized in the "Safety Parameters" editor in PLCnext Engineer?						
8	Has a project password b	been defined?					
9	Who is authorized to "dev	velop" the safety-related applic	ation program?		Names:		
10	Has a controller passwor	d been defined?					
	"Properties" editor in the				Type: Location:		
	programming of the stand SPLC 3000 taken into co		ol) and the				
13	safety logic?	bserved when programming/co					
	state can generate a	afe state (substitute value = 0) t n edge change (zero/one edge).				
		ke measures to prevent this ed d machine/system startup or re					
				Date	Signature (editor)		
				Date	Signature (test engineer)		

B 1.3 Commissioning

	Checklist for commissioning the PROFIsafe system				
Equ	ipment identification				
			Date		
Edit	or		Test engineer		
Ren	nark				
No.	Requirement	•		Yes	Remark
1		rom the applicable standards for rved and met in the commission			
2		the commissioning phase by m			
	tional measures and if so	what are these measures (see	also No. 1)?		
	1				
	2				
	3				
	4				
	5				
	Additional requirements i				
3		_WD_Time _{min} required in orde nd system availability, since the			
		riate from the SPLC 3000 cycle			
	during the planning phas	e?			
	NOTE: Do not exc	eed F_WD_Time _{max}			
	The set F_WD_Tim	ne must not exceed the F_WD_	_Time _{max} from		
	the defined SFRT. (See also "Validation	on" chocklist)			
4		plemented against unauthorize	d network ac-		
	cess?				
5	Are specifications for the they been met?	commissioning phase applical	ble and have		
				Date	Signature (editor)
				Date	Signature (test engineer)

B 1.4 Validation

	Checklist for validating the PROFIsafe system					
Equ	ipment identification					
			Date			
Edit	or		Test engineer	Test engineer		
Ren	nark					
No.	Requirement			Yes	Remark	
1		lave the requirements from the applicable standards for the sys- em/machine been observed and met for validation?				
2	2 Have the requirements from the previous planning, programming, and commissioning phases been met?					
3	3 Has validation of the F-Devices used been carried out and are the re- sults available?					
4	4 Have safety distances that must be observed been calculated and checked in accordance with the response and delay times (response times, SFRT, F_WD_Time max) been implemented?					
5						
6	in the "Safety Cockpit" editor in the "Overview" view ("Safety PLC project information" and "Engineering project information") match? If you are connected online to the safety-related controller, the check- sums are displayed in PLCnext Engineer.					
7	Have measures against mented and checked?	unauthorized network access b	een imple-			

8	Are the directives and standards used listed in the declaration of confor- mity?		
9	Have the programs created in PLCnext Engineer been archived as zip files? Enter the archiving location (e.g., drive or cabinet) in the "Comment" section.		
	Has a complete printout of the safety-related application program pro- grammed in PLCnext Engineer been stored in the system?		
11	Have all fully filled in checklists been stored in the system?		
12	Completion of validation Has the latest program version (including the "Project information") been downloaded to the safety-related SPLC 3000 controller on automatic startup? Have organizational or technical measures been introduced for check- ing the CRC checksum expected for the respective system/machine after a voltage reset or system restart? The CRC checksum is displayed by the CRC element of the SPLC system variable (see Table 8-1 "SPLC system variable and elements of the SPNSV2_TYPE data structure"). A technical measure for checking the CRC checksum must be im- plemented in such a way that the check is carried out by a third		
	technical entity beyond the SPLC 3000 and PLCnext Control.	Date Date	Signature (editor) Signature (test engineer)

B 2 Device-specific checklists

This section contains checklists that relate to the phases of life of the SPLC 3000.

B 2.1 Planning

	Checklist for planning the use of the AXC F XT SPLC 3000					
Device type/equipment identification						
Vers HW/	sion: /FW		Date			
Edit	or		Test engineer			
Remark						
No.	Requirement			Yes	Remark	
1	Has the systematic "Plannin	g" checklist been observed?				
2	Are all measures that are ba	sed on applicable standards and th	e PROFINET As-			
	sembling Guideline planned					
3		PLC 3000 user manual been used	as the basis for			
	planning?					
4		e device and direct I/Os been planr	•			
		extra-low voltage (PELV) in accord isolation with PELV in accordance				
	IEC 61010-2-201)?		WILLI			
5	,	event simple tampering? If so, what	t are thev?			
-			,			
	3					
	4					
	5					
6	Does the planned use corres	•				
7	Have the ambient conditions	s been observed according to the t	echnical data?			
8	Has the degree of protection					
9	Have the accessories to be data in this user manual (cal	used been planned in accordance bles, plugs)?	with the ordering			
10		nting and electrical installation bee	n defined (e.g.,			
	EPLAN) and communicated	-				
11	Have specifications for paral relevant personnel?	meterization been defined and corr	municated to the			
12	•	up been defined and communicate	d to the relevant			
L	personnel?					
13	Has the technical data of the	e interfaces been observed?				
				Date	Signature (editor)	
				Dete	Signature (test angineer)	
				Date	Signature (test engineer)	

B 2.2 Mounting and electrical installation

	Checklist	for mounting and electrical i	nstallation of t	he AXC	F XT SPLC 3000
Dev	Device type/equipment identification				
Vers HW/	sion: /FW		Date		
Edit	or		Test engineer		
Ren	nark				
No.	Requirement			Yes	Remark
1	with the specifications of				
2		cal installation been carried out the user manual for the AXC F >			
3	with the specifications of Assembling Guideline?	cal installation been carried out the applicable standards and t	he PROFINET		
4					
5	cabinet can be locked, PL tion), etc.)? If so, what are 12 33 45 66 78 9	en to prevent simple tampering Cnext Engineer access rights e they?	(user authoriza-	□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	Signature (editor)
				Date	Signature (test engineer)

B 2.3 Commissioning and parameterization

Refer to the online help for the PLCnext Engineer software.

	Checklist for commissioning and parameterization of the AXC F XT SPLC 3000						
Dev	ice type/equipment ider	ntification					
Vers HW/	sion: /FW		Date				
Edit	or		Test engineer				
Ren	nark						
No.	Requirement			Yes	Rema	ark	
1	Have the systematic "Programming" and "Startup" checklists been ob- served?						
2	Was commissioning completed in accordance with the specifications (specifications from the planning phase and/or in accordance with the AXC F XT SPLC 3000 user manual, see Table 6-1 "Steps for initial com- missioning of the SPLC 3000")?						
3							
				Date Date		uture (editor) uture (test engineer)	

B 2.4 "Initial commissioning" and "recommissioning/device replacement" validation

Carry out a validation every time you make a safety-related modification to the PROFIsafe system.

In addition, refer to the online help for the PLCnext Engineer software.

	Checklist for validation on initial commissioning or recommissioning/device replacement of the AXC F XT SPLC 3000						
Dev	ice type/equipment ider	ntification					
Vers HW/	sion: /FW		Date				
Edit	or		Test engineer				
Ren	nark						
No.	Requirement			Yes	Remark		
1	Has the systematic "Valio	dation" checklist been observed	1?				
2	Have all the requirement	s of the "Planning" checklist be	en met?				
3	Have all the requirements checklist been met?	s of the "Mounting and electrica	al installation"				
4	Have all the requirements checklist been met?	s of the "Commissioning and pa	rameterization"				
5							
5a	Initial commissioning:						
	which the AXC F XT SPL		-				
5b		eplacing the AXC F XT SPLC 3					
		e PLCnext Engineer project cor					
		cumented for the machine/syst No. 12 in Section B 1.4 "Validati					
6	Does the power supply for	or the device and direct I/Os co	mply with the				
		ve extra-low voltage (PELV) in					
	with EN 60204-1 (includii IEC 61010-2-201)?	ng safe isolation with PELV in a	ccordance with				
7	Do all cables correspond	to the specifications?					
8	Wiring check:	• • • • •					
Ŭ		utputs of all F-Devices physicall	y present in the				
	network and configured i	n PLCnext Engineer been wire	d correctly?				
9	Have measures been tak	en to prevent simple tampering	j?				
				Date	Signature (editor)		
				Date	Signature (test engineer)		

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D Appendix: revision history

Revision	Date	Contents
01	2024-02-20	First publication of the user manual for the AXC F XT SPLC 3000.

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